THE TWELVE PAGES.

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,778—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 5-30 p.m.	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
19th Oct.	PERSIA	8000		
26th ,,	*MALOJA	12500	MACEDONIA	10500
2nd Nov.	CHINA	8000		
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
16th ,,	ARABIA	8000		
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
30th ,,	MEDINA	12500		
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	8000		
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000
28th ,,	PERSIA	8000		

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
11th ,,	MACEDONIA	10500		
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th ,,	ARABIA	8000		
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
8th ,,	CHINA	8000		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd Feb.	EGYPT	8000		
1st March	MOREA	11000		
8th ,,	PERSIA	8000		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
19th ,,	†ARCADIA	7000		
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000		
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000		
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000		
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500		
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000		
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th ,,	PERSIA	8000		

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S.S. MACEDONIA.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI, Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers. Tons Sailing. Date. Time. Route via Laccadives.

... 2184 Mon. 21st Oct. 11 a.m.* P.D. and C.M. Dumra ...1695 Tues. 24th Oct. 9 a. m. † C. M. Linga ... 2185 Friday 25th Oct. ‡ 9 a.m. direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH. (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra" 1695 tons, on Thursday, 24th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Barjora" 3200 tons, on Wednesday, 23rd October, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons on Thursday 31st October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Mazagon," 4997 tons, on or about 21st October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

19th October, 1912.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	1st Nov
Leopolis	3905	P. Badewich	16th Nov
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Dec
Semiramis	3999	G. Gillhubar	16th ,,
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberish	1st Jan
Leopolis	3905	P. Badesich	16th ,,

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS' SEASON 1913 ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Feb
Semiramis	3999	A. Bilaffer	16th ,,
Gabloncz	8000	...	1st Mar
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	1039	N. Chersich	1st April
Semiramis	3999	A. Bilaffer	16th ,,
Gabloncz	8000	...	1st May
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st June

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
Vorwaerts	5090	...	28th Feb
F. Ferdinand	6016	...	28th Mar
Austria	7538	...	28th Apr

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

FIRST CLASS—
To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 500
To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 750
To London via Trieste ..... ,, 579 to 644*
To London via Trieste and back.. ,, 903 ,, 1088*

SECOND CLASS—
To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 350
To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 525
To London via Trieste ..... ,, 429 to 449†
To London via Trieste and back... ,, 643 ,, 723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.
† Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS—
To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 675
To London via Trieste ..... ,, 529 to 594*
To London via Trieste and back ,, 832 ,, 963*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by P. & O. and Orient Steamers and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
Persia	5895	L. Ivancich	6th Nov.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

E. STUPARICH, Acting Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co. 52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES (JOINT SERVICE).

Approximate sailings from Bombay and Karachi for MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL, &c.

SPRING 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay 1913.	Leave Karachi 1913.
*City of Birmingham	7472	10 Feb.	8 Feb.
City of Sparta	5415	.....	19 ,,
*City of Marseilles	8800	3 March	1 March
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	18 ,,
City of Athens	5591	15 March	...
City of Poona (Tw. Screw)	8500	.....	5 April
City of Vienna	4332	9 April	.....
*City of Lahore	6378	16 April	14 ,,
City of Benares	6973	.....	23 ,,
*City of Birmingham	7472	7 May	5 May
*City of Sparta	5416	17 ,,	15 ,,
City of Manchester	5551	.....	21 ,,
City of York	7810	.....	31 ,,
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	12 June
City of London	9000	.....	19 July

* Calling at Bombay for PASSENGERS ONLY.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	439	809
Liverpool	603	57	452	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employes, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE of CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

For passages and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay—Messrs. El. Gates and Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

HOTELS.

LONDON HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
(*Near the Houses of Parliament.*)

FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the PROPRIETOR.

Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

POLACEK'S CARLTON HOTEL.

LATE MATCHIN'S HOTEL, Outram Road, BOMBAY.

THIS is the Residental Family Hotel of Bombay par excellence. For Europeans only. It is constructed and fitted up on the most modern principles. Electric light and fans in every room, and it has besides the best sanitary arrangements with Hot and Cold baths laid on.

The cuisine in charge of an experienced chef is unsurpassed in Bombay. Suites of rooms or single rooms can be engaged by the day or month and the terms will compare favourably with other Hotels in Bombay.

For terms please apply to the MANAGING PROPRIETOR.

Oakes' Madras Cigars

ARE recognised as the standards of excellence. They are hand-made and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands:—

			Per 100 Rs. A.
Anglo-Indians	No. 1, 4½"	Boxed 100	4 0
Oriental Cheroots	5"	,, 100	3 8
Supers,	No. 1, 4¾"	,, 50	4 14
La Flor de Coromandel—			
	Imperials, 5¼"	,, 50	8 8
	Cabinets, 4½"	,, 50	7 6
	Operas, 3"	,, 100	5 12
Fiancees,	4¼"	,, 50	9 6
Empires,	4½"	,, 50	10 8
Gymkhanas,	5¼"	,, 50	13 12
Vishnus (Longs),	5"	,, 100	3 14
Vishnus (Shorts),	3½"	,, 100	2 12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd., Box No. 24, MADRAS.

OLD-FASHIONED JEWELLERY.

NOT possessing any character in common to help class them with the beautiful objects held in high esteem in Medieval times, and not being quite so ancient, also, to take rank with the fashion which existed with primitive man, when ornaments were made up of pierced teeth of animals, vertebrae of fish, pendants of carved bone, shells, beans and such like which delighted children, women and men centuries ago, replicas in gold of race cups, boats, bicycles and the little jewelled bits of bats and balls, croquet mallets, Badminton bats, sticks, whips, horse shoes, lover's knots &c., &c., in personal jewellery, may to-day be classed as belonging to by-gone times or as "past events." Up-to-date manufacturing jewellers have quite appreciated the fact that such pieces of jewellery have long since ceased to hold the field of English cultured taste, but the more backward still cling to them, for being productions of cast work, they are produced at infinitely lower prices than is possible with expensive handwork; and so these coarsely finished moulded bits of gold occasionally come to the surface and are made to clamour for place as "Novelties." They naturally find advertising spaces and are pompously treated in large type to compare in price with the handwork and cult of the jewellers art, as FASHIONABLE JEWELLERY AT POPULAR PRICES.

We are told sometimes that these goods are specially offered at 20 per cent. or more lower than they can be obtained elsewhere (to be correct they will probably not be found elsewhere, except perhaps the bazaar) and the reason for selling at so large a discount, is not because obsolete fashion is being offered but because selling on strictly cash basis the sellers are good enough to reduce profit to a limit. Such balderdash is enough to give St. Eligius, the patron saint of jewellers, a cold shiver. It is like offering music or songs, which were popular half a century ago and were protected by copyright law when originally published at 4 shillings a copy, as "Fashionable and Popular Songs" of to-day at 12 songs a penny.

In Jewellery to-day there is much fine handwork done, evidencing a truer taste in jewels. The growth of technical Schools in England has largely supplied the most valuable effects. Art in jewellery manufactured to-day is infinitely better understood by all advanced manufacturers, the present day ornaments being really beautiful and of exquisite workmanship; such work is not confined to works of importance and value, but artistic treatment and perfect craftsmanship are applied to even the smallest work which is undertaken.

An inspection of MARCKS & Co.'s. unparallelled and up-to-date Stock of Jewellery will reveal to you what the refined modern demand is, and your inspection will more than impress you with an appreciation of the present day jeweller's skill and labour. The striking feature of their stock is, that each items or piece is not a copy of a thousand or a million similar designs, but just one or two Particular Special, Exceptional articles, proving and providing absolute exclusiveness.

MARCKS & CO., LTD., JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO., PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

A Rare and Refreshing Drink

One that you will appreciate for its delicious flavour, its purity, its real healthfulness, its absolute freedom from anything that will have a harmful effect

PETER WALKER LAGER

is the drink you have been waiting for. Always in fine, bright, sparkling condition

Sole Agents for Bombay & North-West India: TREACHER & CO. LTD., Bombay

BRITISH BREWED

BEST *in the* WORLD

Ask for "The Boy Brand" And see that you get it

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED, on MONDAY the 21st instant, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 21st instant that day being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 14th October, 1912.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ., RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP, ALSO SECOND-HAND BOILER AND ENGINE AND LEAD SCRAP, ETC.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive tenders at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p. m., (A.T.), on WEDNESDAY, the 6th November, 1912, for the purchase of above, which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bunder, Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi, and at this Depot.

TENDERS.—These must be made out on the Company's authorized forms, which can be had on application to the undersigned at his office on payment of Re. 2 per copy.

TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 and a minimum of Rs. 200 only), must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit, without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or order."

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.

NOTE.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

APPLICANTS are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date of acceptance of Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 12th October, 1912.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR INDIGENOUS STORES, LOCKS, LEATHER GOODS, WASTE COTTON AND OIL KEROSINE.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent, at his Office, near Church Gate Railway Station, Bombay, up to 3 P.M., on Thursday 24th October, 1912, for the SUPPLY of STORES, required for the Broad and Metre Gauge systems, for the year 1913, commencing from the 1st January next.

2. Forms giving particulars of the approximate quantities required for delivery at Bombay and Ajmer, and conditions on which tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, and from the Assistant Storekeeper's Office, Ajmer.

Form No. 1 consists of Miscellaneous Stores, Parel delivery.
" " 2 " " " Ajmer "
" " 3 & 4 Cotton Waste Bombay & Ajmer delivery.
" " 5 & 6 Oil Kerosine " "

The whole or any of the above forms can be had on payment of Rs. 2 per each copy.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender, without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the Tenderer will be required to supply at the rate quoted and sign an agreement for the due fulfilment of the contract.

4. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Indigenous Stores, &c.," and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand), must accompany all or any of the 6 Tenders, without which no Tender will be considered. In the event of a contractor whose Tender has been accepted failing to execute the contract the above deposit will be liable to forfeiture at the discretion of the Agent.

5. If Government Paper or other securities be submitted, they must be endorsed in favor of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company or order. Only Securities and Government Paper bearing interest of not less than 3 1/2 per cent. per annum will be accepted.

6. A further deposit will have to be made by the successful Tenderer so as to make the total deposit equal to five per cent. of the total amount of his accepted Tenders. No interest will be allowed on cash deposit.

7. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's samples which may be seen at Parel or Ajmer.

8. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

CECIL RICHARDSON,
Chief Storekeeper's Office, Ag. Chief Storekeeper.
Parel, Bombay, 4th Oct., 1912.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.

DELHI AGENTS: KING, KING & CO.

MESSRS. PHIPSON & Co. beg to announce they have APPOINTED as their DELHI AGENTS MESSRS. KING, KING & Co., who will hold a stock of their Wines, etc., from the 10th October, 1912.

Address:
Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,
(Agents for Messrs. Phipson & Co.),
1, Kashmir Gate, Delhi.

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND AND IN FRANCE, GERMANY, BELGIUM, and SWITZERLAND.

MESSRS. J. and J. PATON, having an intimate knowledge of the best SCHOOLS TUTORS, and FAMILIES throughout the British Isles and the Continent, will be pleased to aid parents in their choice of suitable Establishments for their Boy and Girls. Prospectuses and full information will be forwarded, free of charge, on receipt of detailed statement of requirements, age of pupil, district preferred, fees to be paid, &c.—Address J. and J. PATON, Educational Agents, 143, Cannon-street, London, E.C.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

2½ inch by 4½ inch...Rupee 1 per hundred*
2¾ inch by 4½ inch...Annas 14 per " *
*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3⅝ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
*If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that DEVIDAS GOCULDAS, Administrator of the Estate and Effects of GOCULDAS KARAMSEY, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, has contracted TO SELL to our client, the undermentioned property. All persons having any right, title, interest or claim into or upon the said property or any part thereof either by way of sale, mortgage, lease, gift, inheritance, lien easement, incumbrance or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 18, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the same (if any) will be considered as waived and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land containing by admeasurement 200 Square Yards or thereabouts, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Nos. 1065, 1067, and New Survey No. 1587, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, and assessed by the Municipal Assessor and Collector under C Ward Ward No. 1541, Street Nos. 62 at 62, situate, lying and being on the South side of Ganeshwadi Lane outside the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded on the East and West by the property belonging to the New Piece-Goods Bazar Co., Ld., on the South partly by the property formerly belonging to Vishwanath Govindji and Narayen Govindji and now of Jairam Damji, and partly by the property of the said New Piece-Goods Bazar Co., Ld. and on the North by the said Ganeshwady Lane.—Dated this 17th day of October, 1912.

PAYNE, & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A PERSIAN TEACHER, for the Murud High School, for a term of 2 years for the present from 1st December, 1912. A. B. A. or an Undergraduate with Persian as second language preferred. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to

B. M. KHARKAR,
Dewan of Janjira.

Murud-Janjira,
15th October, 1912.

BURMO-SHAN LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

WANTED, a well-established Firm to take up the AGENCY of the above Company for the whole of Bombay Presidency.

Prospectus may be had on application to the Manager of this Paper.

Application for Agency should be addressed direct to The Managing Agents,

MESSRS. JOSEPH HENRY & CO.,
1-Merchant Street, Rangoon.

WANTED.—A SMART NATIVE COMPOUNDER, for a firm in the Deccan working under European Supervision. Applications from really competent men only will be considered. Months trial. Salary Rs. 80 to 100. Apply "Pharmacy," care of "Bombay Gazette."

ST. GEORGE'S SCHOOL.
HARPENDEN, (HERTS).

A PUBLIC SCHOOL for BOYS and GIRLS, from Kindergarten to University Age. Specially advantageous to Anglo-Indian parents who do not wish their children to be separated. Training for the Universities, Services, etc. Special attention to manual work, etc. For prospectus &c., Honours (including Open School. Oxford Univ. gained this year), apply Headmaster or can be obtained from

PROF. J. H. MACKINTOSH,
Presidency College,
Madras.

WANTED.—A BOY AS TELEPHONE OPERATOR must be able to understand and speak English, State Salary required. Apply Box No. 399, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—A FOREMAN BINDER only Practical men need apply. Those who know a little English preferred. Apply with full particulars to box No. 102, care of this Paper.

PRINTER'S TRAVELLER FOR BOMBAY.

FIRST CLASS TRAVELLER with connection preferred, good opening and prospects for the right man. Only those at present on the ground will be entertained. State Salary expected.

Apply by letter stating Terms and particulars MANAGER "Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.

MESS GARDEN of 2nd Q. V. O. Rajput Light Infantry, Marine Lines, FOR SALE, as Regiment ordered to Persia. All PLANTS have been re-potted with fresh mould and manure during last six months. Also lawn mower and garden implements.

Every thing is in very good condition and prices are moderate and open to offers. Inspection invited.

FOR SALE.—At Green's Mansions, ONE SECOND-HAND HYDRAULIC PASSENGER LIFT, complete. Capable of carrying five persons and of travelling to a height of 80 ft. Apply to

MR. K. M. TARACHAND,
Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A No. 2 "RONEO" COPIER, in good and sound condition. Offered at a low Price, offer wanted.

Apply box No. 398, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.

TO LET ON THE COOPERAGE.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bed-room with verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bath Room, shower and W. C. Use of Dining Room, etc. Overlooking Sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box 106, care of "Bombay Gazette".

WELL FURNISHED Bed-room with private bath room and W. C. Use of other appartments, large verandah overlooking sea and gardens, Electric Light and Fan. European married couple only entertained. Apply Box 107, care of "Bombay Gazette."

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM TO BE LET 4 windows, overlooking gardens, and sea, to European married couple, or two friends, at Mrs. PAGE, 10 Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road, Lift and Electric Light.

TO LET.—Best part of Bombay, large well furnished Bed-room with private bath, shower and W. C., Electric Light and Fan, to the European married couple. Good view of sea and gardens. Terms moderate. Address Box 108, care of "Bombay Gazette."

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

LAST NIGHT OF
LOVE UNCONQUERABLE.
MANOEUVRES OF THE FRENCH FLEET,
etc., etc., etc.
Besides a surprise packet;
The management have been able to secure
THE NAPOLITAN TROUBADOURS COMPANY
of high class continental Artistes who will perform at the Theatre from to-night.
SONGS, DANCES, MUSIC.
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In conjunction with the Cinematograph Pictures.

PLEASE NOTE:
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THE FIRST SHOW
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And will finish at 8 p. m. as usual.
(2ND SHOW: 8-30 to 9-30, Cinema Pictures only).
THIRD SHOW
10 to 12 P. M.
CINEMA PICTURES and THE NAPOLITAN VARIETY CO.
The Napolitan Orchestra will play in the Gardens between 9 and 10 P. M.
PRICES AS USUAL.

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ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
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1 Lady's saddle with bridle numdah, etc.

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THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 19th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee Messrs. Hardbat Vajechunker and Shunker Prasad Harib at and on account and risk of the mortgagor Merwanjee Jehangir Vakil under the power of sale contained in an Indenture of mortgage dated 6th day of June 1911 made between the said mortgagor of the one part and the mortgagee of the other part the following property:

All that piece or parcel of land or ground being portion of a large piece or parcel of land registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue, Old Nos. 87, 299, New Nos. 748, 2037, old Survey No. 19 and New Survey No. 7360 situate and being at Girgaum Back Road without the Fort in the Island and Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement, 3,752 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuages, tenements, bungalows, dwelling-houses, and chawls standing thereon bearing Municipal Nos. as follows: D. Ward No. 1671, Street No. 1 D. Ward Nos. 1 1373, Street No. 2, 231—223 and 3. D. Ward No. 1675, Street No. 5 D. Ward No. 1676 (1) 1676 (2) Street Nos. 6, 6A D Ward No. 1677, Street No. 7 D. Ward No. 1678 Street No 8 D Ward No 1679, Street No. 9, D. Ward No. 1680-81, 82 Street Nos. 10 & 11, D. Ward Nos. 1682, 1683 (1) Street Nos. 11 and 13 and bounded on or towards the east by the property of Shapurji Sorabji Maamwala and partly by the property of Pochaji on or towards the west partly by the property of Bai Motibai Nusserwanji Wadia and partly by the first temple of Ardesir premises belonging to the estate of Jehangir Bezonji deceased on or towards the South by Girgaum Back Road aforesaid and on or towards the North by the Land belonging or appertaining to the Davis Sassoon Reformatory.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamanauker, Kanga and Girdharlal, Solicitors, at their Office at Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

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Bombay, 19th October, 1912.

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AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY at Girgaum Back Road, in Khotewadi.

Under instruction from Joshi Ruttonsi Govindji, Executor of the last Will of Joshi Devji Samji, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th day of October, 1912, at 4-30 p.m (S. T.), by virtue of the power of sale reserved to the said Executor in a deed of mortgage dated 27th September, 1909, and a deed of further charge dated 5th October, 1911, and made between Bai Sunderbai, widow of Khaw Pandurang, Sarvotam Keshaw and Jram Keswar, of the one part and the said Executor of the other part the following landed property on the premises.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 267 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuages, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 765, and New No. 3413, Old survey No. 165, and New Survey No 7875, of Pensan and Tax tenure with half part of the well for watering trees, etc., lying therein, assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward "D" No. 1112, and Street No. 59, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east by a public passage on or towards the west formerly by an oart of Rustomji Saapurji Mucseum but now bounding partially to Krishnarao Khanderao on or towards the north by the property for merly belonging to Rammabai, widow of Trimbuk Pandanji but now to the heirs of Wamon Purushotam, deceased, and on or towards the south by the said passage and beyond that by the part of Krishnarao Khanderao.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhimji and Co., attorneys for the abovenamed Executor, at their Office, No. 50, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

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GRANT—Sept. 23, at Burgate Manor, Fordingbridge, Hants, the wife of Major F. G. Grant, R. E (abroad Egyptian Army), of a daughter.

MANLEY—Sept. 23, at 6, Ippollytts, Cheltenham, the wife of Capt. R. H. Manley, late Royal Art., of Ba four, British Columbia, of a daughter.

RICHARDSON—Sept. 25, at Ingleside, Healing, Lincs., the wife of Capt. J. S. Richardson, Lincolnshire Regt., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BARRETT—CAYMS—Sept. 25, at All Saints, Gathering ton, Berks, Reginald Barrett, Army Service Corps, son of Edward Barrett, of Lismore, near Oaseer, Sarup, and Sandcastle, Parkstone, Dorset, to Doris Glynn, daughter of Harry Cayme, the Red House, Gorndean, Hants.

MONSGRAVE JEDBURGH—SHEE—Sept. 26, at St. John's Church, Dinapore, and Major A. D. Musgrave, Royal Field Artillery, son of the late Anthony Musgrave, G. C. M. G., and of Lady Musgrave, of Harnham-Clays, East Grinstead, Sussex, to Gladys, daughter of the late Arthur Duthoit Jodderell-Shee, of Wilderwick and Ashcombe Town, East Grinstead, and of Mrs. Jeddere Fisher.

DEATHS.

AFFLECK-GRAVES—Sept. 27, Captain Dermot Affleck-Graves, R. E., Dalhousie (by wire.)

EGERTON—Sept. 8, at Cockyglyn, Wrexham, Sir Robert Eyles Egerton, K. C. S. I., C. I. E., formerly Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, aged 83.

ELLIS—Sept. 3, at Leasenden, Wayerdge, Inspector-General Sir Herbert Mackay Ellis, K. N., K. C. B., F. C. S., Lieut. J. P., Carmarvonshire, Honorary Physician to King Edward VII and King George, Director-General of Navy, 1904-1905, son of Mayhew Ellis, Pwllheli, N. Wales, aged 91.

KIRBY—Sept. 27, at the Lodge, Ferdinard, Sutherlandshire, Henry George Maudsley Kirby, son of the late Capt. Kirby, R. A., of Lunarst House, Gainsborough, Lincs, aged 69.

OUTRAM—Sept. 25, at 14 Castle Hill Avenue, Folkestone, Sir Francis Edgcumbe Outram, Bart., late Bengal Civil Service, son of the late Lieutenant-Gen. Sir James Outram, Bart., G. C. B., aged 86.

IN MEMORIAM.

ROCHFORD—In loving memory of a dearly beloved son and brother T. H. Rochford, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, who passed away suddenly at Jhansi, Delhi, Oct. 29th, 1911.

Mother, sisters and brother, 61, Methley Terrace, Chapel Allerton Leeds.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Gymkhana annual Sporting Meeting.

Prize Distribution, Nanabhoy Hirjee Orphanage, the Hon. Mr. Chunder Hill presiding.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11.

Maxim: "Moral blindness is often due to pressure on the money nerve."—Anon.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-30	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class).	6-30	7-30
Poon Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-25

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	17-0
Weekly Boat Express every Friday (from 18th October to 27th December 1912)	.....	12-0

BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. T. W. Bonnes, V. D., and Officers, the band of the 123 Baluchis, G. I. P. Rly. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music under direction of Mr. Sergeant, Band Sergt., commencing at 6 p.m., to-day:—

March	Territorial ..... Blankenburg
Overture	Pancreas ..... Rossini
Waltz Op. 264 ...	Sandoen ..... Ombaks
Song	Malice where art thou? ... Ascher
Selection	The Pink Lady ..... Caryll
Valse	Autumn Tints ..... Ducalion
Selection	Harry Lauder's Songs ..... Hume
Galop	John Peel ..... Hunt

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Major C. Richardson, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, R. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme, under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, commencing at 6-30 p.m. this evening:—

March	Edina ..... Hume
Overture	Rhine Boracho ..... Sappe
Valse	Unrequited love ..... Le Roe
Selection	The Toreadian Girl ..... Baito
Polka de Concert	Les Chanteurs Hongrois ... Michaelis
Gavotte	Weyman la Chimes ..... Howdill
Selection	The Chocolate Soldier ... Strauss
Galop	Infernal ..... Keler Bela

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of the 104th Rifles will play the following programme of music, by kind permission of Lt.-Col. W. C. Walton and Officers, under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day:—

March	Winter ..... Hume
Overture	Parsaraph III ..... Soppe
Selection	The Count of Luxembourg ... Lehar
Valse	The Lovers ..... Kaps
Aria	Lucia di Lammermoor ... Donizette
Selection	French Melodies ..... Beppy
Concert Valse.	Silver Birds ..... Tajera
Galop	Die Wilderer ..... Faust

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. H. R. Vaughan and Officers, the band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music, commencing at 5-45 p.m. to-day:—

March	Father Rhine ..... Paul Lincke
Valse	The Pink Lady ..... Ivan Caryll
Selection	Romeo et Juliet ..... Chas Gounod
Tuned dances from	Henry VIII ..... Edward German
Idyll	A Lancashire Ramble. Felix Arthur
Selection ...	The Count of Luxembourg ..... Franz Lehar
Bell Solo	Joyful Peals ..... Alfred Sett
Two Step ...	Everybody's doing it now ..... Irving Berlin

SURAT.—Out-patients treated in the Maskati Charitable Dispensary at Kurwa road of Surat in the month of September, were men 2,136, women 2,077 and children 2,084, total 6,297.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.—The pleasant Sunday evening meeting to-morrow will be conducted by Mr. A. C. Harte. His subject will be: "The Thrilling Invitation." A cordial invitation is extended to all.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Assaye," will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Wednesday the 23rd inst. Parcels mail for China closes at the same hour.

A DIAMOND DISPUTE.—A broker living in Sheik Memon Street, named Chandulal Ratanchand complained to the police on Friday, that he entrusted 123 diamonds valued at Rs. 1,500 with one Chunnilal Bunnaji on approval between 19th September and 10th October, but Karsondas is now reported to have disappeared with the diamonds.

THE BISHOP'S CHAPEL, COLABA.—The annual feast of Our Lady of Pity is to be celebrated in the Bishop of Damaun's chapel at Colaba to-morrow at 8-30 a.m. The Chaplain will officiate, and the Rev. Fortunato Coutinho, curate of Dabul Church, will preach in English on the occasion. The expenses as usual will be borne by the family of the late Dr. A. M. C. Coutinho. The Victoria Band Orchestra will be in attendance.

ORNAMENTS STOLEN.—A servant of a jeweller named Amarchand Magan reported to the police on Friday that on Thursday at 7-30, he left the jewellery shop of his master after looking it up, but on returning at 8-30 he found that the locks had been picked and silver ornaments worth Rs. 648 had been stolen from a glass cupboard. Gold ornaments worth Rs. 460 deposited in another cupboard near by, however, remained intact.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

The third bi-weekly programme will be introduced to-morrow evening, comprising a variety of subjects, in the selection of which a possible diversity of taste has been judiciously considered. In the "Anti-Feminist" will be found two characters—uncle and nephew—who represent the most pronounced type of misogynist, the new word being used apparently as the antonym of Suffragette: but under the influence of the opposite sex and their determination to convert misogynists, the uncle and nephew fall to the wiles and blandishments that are adopted to make them tractable, and in the end they find themselves in rivalry, success being scored by the latter much to the chagrin and discomfiture of the older man. "Booby the Flunky" is a child of about four years, whose finished acting is marvellously clever, and places him in the first rank of child actors apart from the interest created in the plot, the excellence of his deportment under the most trying circumstances must engage the attention, and draw the admiration of the audience of this human prodigy. "A Spiritualistic Convert" turns the tables on her master and mistress to a very amusing extent and "Jim's Revenge" is a laughable illustration of the methods adopted by a would be son-in-law amenable to his suit and he gains his point. The "Animated Gazette" as usual completes an entertaining selection of items. The management wish to announce that they have for next week commencing to-night engaged the Nepolitan Troubadours—a company of eleven musicians, vocalists and dancers—to perform in the garden, as well as in the theatre, and for which no extra charge will be made. The change of programme will henceforth occur until further notice, regularly on Sundays and Wednesdays.

AMERICA-INDIA.

This popular place of amusement is continuing the run of historical dramas by showing this week "Joan of Arc," a highly interesting piece in which the life-story of the famous "Maid of Orleans" is told in stirring pictures. It will no doubt be of special interest to all students and lovers of history, as it brings back to mind in the most forcible manner possible a memorable epoch of French and English history.

"True to his Trust" is an exciting story of adventure on an American ranch, giving an idea of the great dangers the first English colonists had often to encounter in the wild regions of South America. Foul head is at it again this week. All the world loves a lover, and that is why all people love Polishead. He has succeeded in giving a very clever sketch in the role of a disappointed lover, who driven to desperation by his sweetheart's hard-hearted ness blows himself up with a barrel of gunpowder. His mutilated body is picked up by a magician and he is brought back to life. So the world is spared the loss of such a great comedian.

CORONATION CINEMATOGRAPH.

A record programme will be exhibited by the above Cinematograph for the Dussera week, and will include a vivid exhibition of Wireless Telegraphy apparatus in all its interesting details. Another attraction on the banks of the Marmora depicts the scenery of Constantinople and its suburbs, also other important places in the Turkish capital, which are perhaps to play a leading part in the present war. The feats of valour performed by a girl of eighteen as a girl spy are very exciting and the magical performances of the Talisman are almost super-human. The comic scenes in Pantalim's marriage agency are extremely funny, the cravings of the old widows to get remarried sending the audience into hysterics. This interesting programme will only be repeated during the Dussera week and should not be missed. To-night they are repeating Zogmar, by special request of the public.

MR. MONTAGU.

Arrival of the Under Secretary of State for India.

The Under Secretary of State for India, Mr. Montagu, accompanied by his brother, Mr. Lionel Montagu, and his Private Secretary, Mr. Horace Peel, arrived in Bombay by the mail steamer "Malwa" yesterday morning. He has come on an unofficial tour and the arrival was of a private nature. Mr. Gubbay, the Collector of Customs, Bombay, whose guest Mr. Montagu was during his short stay here, was present at the Bandar to receive him. The party then drove to the Yacht Club, where they lunched.

Mr. Montagu then motored through the city with Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, Finance Member, Government of India, who also arrived by the same steamer, and whose guest Mr. Montagu will be in Simla, for which place he left yesterday afternoon with Sir Guy F. Wilson.

Mr. Montagu will join the Viceregl party in Delhi and will be present at the opening of the Imperial Council. He will be the guest of the Maharaja Sindia of Gwalior at Christmas time.

After visiting the principal cities and places of India and Burma, Mr. Montagu will return home in February.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

How a large business can be commenced with the proverbial "half-a-crown" was narrated by the Managing Director and Chairman of the well-known export house and Government Contractors, HENRY W. BUSH & Co. Ltd, at a largely attended Festival Dinner held in London on October 1st, to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of this firm.

Sketching the genesis and developement of this business, Mr. Bush stated that operations were commenced in a small third-floor office—a single room—in Basinghall Street, a quarter of a century ago. One table, one chair, one brain and one pen were enlisted on the foundation of what is now a world-wide concern. So rapid was the development of the business that within a few months fresh premises had to be secured, first in Bury Street in conjunction with part of Leadenhall House, then a large warehouse in the same neighbourhood. A year or two later a move was made to premises three times as large, to Rembrandt Works, Commercial Street, and last year a further extension was made by the acquisition of the next door warehouse, until then occupied by the Remington Typewriter Company.

At the present moment there is not a city of any commercial importance in India, Australia, Africa, West Indies, Straits or China with which this enterprising firm is not in touch. On the one hand consignments are being regularly made to the scorching towns of "Darkest Africa", and on the other, to the frozen islands of the Arctic Circle. It may well be said that the day of romance in business are not yet ended.

VISCOUNT KITCHENER arrived in Venice on September 27 as the guest of Lady Layard. He was met at the station by Vice-Admiral Garelli, naval commander at Venice, who presented him in the name of the Government.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Matriculation and Other Examinations' Prizes.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Matriculation and other examinations of the Bombay University are drawing near, and before they have commenced, permit me, Sir, through the medium of your valuable paper, to announce that I shall give as prizes one set of my work, "Useful Instruction," in matters religious, moral and otherwise three vols. (Price Rs. 7 seven) in each of the following cases:—

(a) To the Hindu boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks at the said examination.

(b) To the Mahomedan boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks at the said examination.

(c) To the Parsi boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks at the said examination.

(d) To the Christian boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks at the said examination.

(e) To the girl of any community who obtains the highest number of marks among the girls at the said examination.

(f) To the student who obtains the highest number of marks from out of the four schools in Surat, teaching up to the Matriculation Standard.

(g) To the boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks in English at the Previous Examination.

(h) To the boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks in English at the Intermediate Examination.

(i) To the boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks in English at the B. A. Examination.

(j) To the boy or girl who obtains the highest number of marks in English at the M. A. Examination.

If it happens that two or more students obtain an equal number of marks the alphabetical order of the first letter of the names will determine the result.

The successful student on application to the will obtain an order from me on the manager of the press in Bombay, who will deliver the set to the student or to his or her authorised agent.

I may state that the said work has been sanctioned as a prize book by the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay, and has won good opinions among others of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, Sir George Clark, Lord Ampthill, the Hon'ble F. S. P. Lely, the Hon'ble Messrs. Fulton, Giles, Sloley, Sir John Jardine, M. P., Justice Tyabji, the late Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhai, the Hon'ble Syed Zain El Edroos, C. I. E., Observatory (Principal, Elphinstone College), Romes Chandra Dutt, Dr. Pollen, and is useful to all communities.

MOTILAL M. MUNSHI, B. A., LL. B., Pleader, High Court.

Dumas, Oct. 17.

Land Settlement for Soldiers.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you allow us to explain through your columns the objects of the Soldiers' Land Settlement Association and appeal for the funds necessary for their attainment?

The Association seeks to deal with an admitted evil of our military system and at the same time with an urgent need of our national economy. The Short Service System which is an essential part of our Army organization must result in a large number of men being passed to the Army Reserve, while still in the prime of life. The fact that they severed their connection with civil life, while still little more than boys makes it difficult for many deserving and capable Army Reservists to re-establish themselves as ordinary citizens when they quit the Colours. The great need for trained agriculturists to work the Land of the United Kingdom and to develop the vast arable areas of the Empire is admitted and is, indeed, the aim of much recent legislation. With a view to mitigating the evil and to some extent meeting the need, it is proposed to take advantage of the growing public opinion in favour of increasing the number of those engaged in agricultural pursuits and of the facilities for settlement so liberally afforded by the Dominions and Colonies.

It is unquestionable that, if cultivated on scientific and business lines, the land can be made to pay. Moreover it offers the soldier a career in which he will not be handicapped by serious competition and for which his Army training, physical and mental, peculiarly fits him.

The actual work of the Association will consist in qualifying soldiers for settlement or employment on the land either at home, or, when their liability to recall as Reservists has terminated, in the Overseas Empire, and afterwards in finding openings for them. It is intended, as a first step, to establish training farms at home where the men, preferably during the period of service in the Reserve, will acquire knowledge of agriculture and crafts which will be useful to them as colonists, farmers or employes. The practical application to agriculture of co-operative methods, which are in the days essential to the success of working farmers, will be taught. The Association will be prepared to work with the Agricultural Organization Societies and with all voluntary agencies concerned either with emigration to British possessions abroad or with rural development at home, under whom the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries may be relied on to advise. The War Office has been fully informed of the scheme.

It is hoped that the processes of training and settlement may be made ultimately self-supporting. But at the outset the work must necessarily be experimental, and it will take time to arrive at the most economical and efficient means of carrying out the Association's programme. The experimental stage will be costly, and we trust that we shall not appeal in vain for the funds required.

Further particulars may be obtained from the Honorary Secretaries, Soldiers' Land Settlement Association, Queen Anne's Chambers, Tothill Street, Westminster, London, S. W.

Donations and subscriptions should be sent to Messrs. Roberts, Lubbock and Co, 15 Lombard Street, London, E. C., for credit to the account of the Soldiers' Land Settlement Association.—We are, etc.,

METHUEN, President.
AVEBURY, Hon. Treasurer
SHAFTESBURY, Vice-President;
GREY, Vice-President;
ROBERTS, Vice-President;
PLUNKET, Vice-President;
GRENFELL, Vice-President;
HORACE PLUNKETT Vice-President;
RICHARD SOLOMON, Vice-President;
NEWTON J. MOORE, Vice-President;
ROBERT YERBURGH, Vice-President, and
J. ST. LOE STRACHEY, Vice-President.

Oct. 2,

ROWING AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 18.

The Royal Connaught Boat Club held its first scratch regatta this evening, when a large gathering assembled at Rushervale, to witness the programme of six events, which provided some interesting sport. The race of the evening was the Station Eights, Kirkee winning a good race by a length. The sculling handicap was won by Dean rather comfortably from Bowen. At the conclusion of the programme Mrs Prior distributed prizes.

The following are the details:

Sculling Handicap, half mile; 1 Dean; 2 Bowen; 3 Wilson.

Won by one length.

Time.—3 mins. 20 secs.

Senior-Junior Pairs, (3 furlongs.) Leahy and Powell.

Time—2 mins. 28 secs.

Dongola Race, (100 yards.) Miss Crawford, Miss Macgregor Miss Fisgibbon; Misses. Ozanne. Spankie and Wartele beat Mrs. Macdonald, Miss Prior. Miss Berg. Misses Nasson, Macfarlane and Davis. Won easily.

Seratch Fours, (quarter mile.) 1st Livesay, (bow) Powell, Dunhill and Spankie, (stroke) Miss Wheeler (cox).

Time.—1 min. 39 secs.

Station Eights, (3-4 mile). Kirkee beat Poona by one length.

Time—2 mins. 46 secs.

BOMBAY MOUNTED SPORTS.

To-day's programme begins at 4 p. m. The distribution of prizes will take place at the Byculla after the completion of the programme.

BOMBAY CHURCHES.

To-morrow's Services.

The Cathedral (S. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: Rev. W. A. Sawtell; Senior Presidency Chaplain and Rev. C. D. T. Mason.—7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral.—Smart in E. Hymns—7, 2.9, 315, 559; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Stanford in B. flat; Hymns—260, 243, 370. Collections for Harbour Mission. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Clergy: Rev. W. J. Kennelly Acting Archdeacon, and Rev. J.B. Glass 7a.m. Holy Communion; 8 a.m. Matins; 8-45 a.m. Holy Communion 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

S. John the Evangelist, Colaba.—Clergy: Rev. G. F. Harvey. 7-15 a.m. and at 8 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: Rev. C. W. Thorne, Rev. W. H. Lea-Wilson, Rev. T. W. Sharpley, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi; and Rev. Luxmon. Hari. 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m. Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura, (S. P. G.) Foras Road:—Clergy Rev. A. J. P. French, Hindustani, Rev. J. Martin 7-30 a.m. Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu) 10 a.m. Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (alternately) (Tamil) 5 p.m. Evensong Urdu) Tamil.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.—There will be no Service at this Church until further notice.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass.—8 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-45 a.m. Matins; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Docks. 7 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. C. W. Thorne, C. M. S.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy; Rev. A. L. Bradbury 8 a.m. Matins and Litany—8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of ease to S. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe, 6-30 a.m. (English); 7-30 a.m. (Marathi); 9 a.m. (Gujrathi) 4 p.m (Canarese); 6-30 p.m (Marathi).

Church of the Good Shepherd, Dharavi by Sion-Chapel of Ease to S. Paul—service by the clergy of St. Paul's 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion or matins alternately 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's, Mazagon.—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe and Tovey.—6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist, 7-15 a.m. Matins; and Litany; 8 a.m. Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church expenses.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie.—Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. De Monte. 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. 6 a.m.; 7 a.m.; 8 a.m.; 6-30 p.m.

Garrison Church.—St. Joseph's.—Colaba.—Chaplain, Rev. D. Ll. Lloyd-Thomas, M. A. Oxon:—Sunday, 8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service of Benediction. Week-days, Mass at 7 a.m.

St. Ann's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers Vicar: Rev. Father Hutmacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m.; 7-30 a.m.; 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon. Vicar: Rev. M. X. Gomes.—6-30 a.m. and 8-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. Sunday services 6-30 a.m. and 7 a.m., week days.

Gloria Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: Rev. L. C. Pera. Hours of Mass, 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m. Benediction, 6 p.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel—Clergy: Rev P. E. Saldanha and J. A. Gomes. 6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass, 6 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Vicar: Rev. Thomas Henriques. 6-45 and 9 a.m., Low Masses. Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Borrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, 9-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m.; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Chapel-Our Lady of Dolours. New Sonapur—Chaplain Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes, 7 a.m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 8 and 8 a.m. with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Church of Scotland (St. Andrew's Church), Apollo Street. Fort.—Chaplain: Rev. J. Cameron 9-30 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m

NEWS BY THE MAIL.

Home, Colonial and Foreign Affairs.

HOME.

Mr. Herbert Arthur Baker, of Guildford, attended a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Barnstaple Liberal Association last night, and was recommended for selection as Liberal candidate for the division. He is the brother of Mr. Harold Baker, M.P., and son of the late Sir John Baker, M. P. for Portsmouth. At the last General Election, Mr. H. A. Baker stood for Wednesbury.

At the Revision Court held at Sturminster Marshall, Dorset, on Sept. 27, the revising barrister gave his decision on a claim by Capt. the Hon. F. E. Guest, M.P., for a vote at Poole, the centre of his constituency. Capt. Guest and two others are lessees of the premises used as Lobe at Club at Poole, rated at £70. The revising barrister was not satisfied that Capt. Guest occupied the premises or that the rooms, not used for games, &c., were of sufficient value. He, therefore, disallowed the claim.

Col. Seely, M.P., Secretary of State for War, addressed a meeting at Dumfries on Oct. 2. He said that the defence of these islands must be an affair both for the Navy and the Army and the people. The Army and the Navy must be worked together. Let them look at the new service that bade fair to revolutionise warfare—the air service. The Navy and Army must work together in the new medium.

Speaking on Sept. 30, at the Co-operative Hall, Leigh, Mr. Hemmerde, M. P., said the had just come from a merry week-end party where they had been discussing the land question. He assured them that the young Liberalism of to-day was absolutely resolved to tackle that question in all its phases, to listen to advice from all quarters, and to discuss the relative merits of land values, taxation, land nationalisation, and every other scheme that honest and sincere reformers were prepared to press forward. They were not however prepared to see the countryside depopulated for the sake of the sport and pleasure of recently ennobled aristocrats, but were determined rather to see the land used to the best advantage.

Lord Rosebery on Sept. 28, formally opened an institution and club at Postwick, near Norwich, which he has handed over to his son, the Hon. Neil Primrose, M.P., to hold for the use of the villagers. In the course of his address, Lord Rosebery reminded them that some years ago he handed the Postwick property, over to his son, which was good for the property because his son was resident landlord, and good for his son because it gave him some practical acquaintance with land problems, and enabled him to lead the happiest of all lives—that of an English country gentleman. There had been a most disastrous harvest in many parts of England and Scotland, but he had seen only two authoritative remedies proposed. One was to investigate what further taxes could be put upon the land, and the other was to clap all taxes on the land. This remedy would be singularly futile in its operation. They would remember the parable of the Good Samaritan. A certain man went from Jerusalem to Jericho and fell among thieves. A good Samaritan came by and revived him and refreshed him, but he did not do it by clapping a blister on him. That seemed to be this modern philosophy as to reviving a decaying industry in the country.

Speaking at Laugharne on Oct. 2, Mr. Ellis Griffith, M.P., said he did not agree with those people who wanted a single tax on land, because it was unfairly hostile to one class and unfairly generous to other classes of capitalists. The principle was that, whatever sacredness there might be in private ownership, public interests were more important than private interests. Land was being valued at present, and when public purposes required certain land the owner should be compelled to sell it at the same price as that at which it was being valued for taxation.

The doctors in the London district were on Sept. 28, almost unanimous in sending in their resignations of contracts with clubs and similar institutions. In every one of the sub-districts into which the whole area has been divided, it was officially reported that an overwhelming majority of the members had complied with the directions of the British Medical Association. Some of the committees had not completed their arrangements for sending in the resignations, but they expected to do so in every case during mail week. Even in those cases where members have not seen fit to send in their resignations, they have almost invariably given a pledge not to accept any contract practice that has been resigned by their fellows.

The meeting of Welsh Churchmen which has been arranged to take place at Cardiff on Oct. 8, is being looked forward to with much interest. The Archbishop of Canterbury will address the meeting. His visit to South Wales will emphasize his assurance to Churchmen throughout the Principality that their fellow-Churchmen in England will strenuously support them in their opposition to the Government's present proposals. The Archbishop's approaching visit is warmly appreciated by Welsh Churchmen, and they are preparing to give him a hearty welcome.

A meeting of Middlesex Liberals was held on October 2, in the National Liberal Club to form a body to be called the Middlesex County Liberal Conference. Mr. B. H. Morris, Chiswick, was elected chairman and Mr. Cuthbert Plaistowe, Ealing, hon. secretary. The objects of the conference are to promote the return of Liberal members of Parliament throughout the county.

On Sept. 28 the Liverymen of the various Guild of the City of London, met at the Guildhall to elect the Lord Mayor for the coming year. The usual ceremonies were observed, and the choice fell on Sir David Burnett. Sir David Burnett, the Lord Mayor-elect, was born at Dalston in 1851, and was educated at the City of London College. He is an auctioneer and surveyor, is a leading member of the firm of Messrs. Edwin Fox, Bousfield, Burnetts, and Baddeley, of Gresham Street. He is a Fellow of the Surveyors' Institution, one of the surveyors to the Board of Trade, and surveyor to many public bodies and undertakings. In 1888, he was elected a common Councilman for the Ward of Candlewick. He filled the chair of many of the Corporation committees, and in 1897, occupied the position of Chief Commoner. In 1902, on the retirement of Sir John Moore, he was elected Alderman of his ward, and in 1907-8, with Sir Charles Wakefield, he served the office of Sheriff of the City. During that period first, the German Emperor and afterwards President Fallieres visited the city as the guests of the Corporation, and the Lord Mayor received a baronetcy and the Sheriffs knighthoods. They were also invested with a high grade of the Prussian Order of the Crown and with the Legion of Honour. Sir David Burnett, on a civic visit to Brussels two years ago, was appointed an officer of the Belgian Order of the Crown. He is a prominent Freemason, and one of his Majesty's Lieutenants for the City. He is in politics, a Conservative, and is a member of the Church of England. He belongs to the Guilds of Loriners and Founders. In 1875, he married Emily Rebecca, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Sleap, and has a family of one son and five daughters, of whom three are married.

The Lord Mayor-elect (Sir David Burnett) will be presented to the Lord Chancellor at the House of Lords on Saturday, Oct. 12, to receive an intimation of the King's approval of his election. This will be the first occasion that Lord Haldane has discharged this duty.

It is expected that the Corporation of London will assign to the vacant office of Chamberlain, a salary beginning at £2,000 or £2,500, and rising to a maximum of £3,000. Mr. Adrian Pollock, the City Remembrancer, who will be a candidate, is a son of the late General Sir Richard Pollock and a son-in-law of the late Viscount Selby. He is a past Master of the Plumbers' Company.

At the first meeting of the joint German and English committees of the King Edward VII. British-German Foundation held recently in London, it was decided that part of the income available should be employed in assisting a limited number of young English people who desire to pursue their studies (scientific, professional, or commercial) in Germany. No applications will be considered unless accompanied by testimonials and references.

Oct. 1 was the twenty-seventh anniversary of the death of the seventh Earl of Shaftesbury, and in accordance with their custom a number of Ragged School workers attended at Westminster Abbey in the morning and placed a memorial wreath on his statue. The service was conducted by Canon Pearce, while the wreath was placed on the statue at the end of the western aisle by Sir John Kirk.

Lord Charles Beresford, M. P., on Oct 9, unveiled the bronze statue of Capt. James Cook, the first circumnavigator, which has been presented by the Hon. Gervase Beckett, M. P., to the town of Whitby, where the great discoverer was apprenticed to the profession of the sea, and where the ships in which he sailed were built. The statue, which has been erected on the West Cliff, commanding a view of the North Sea and the old town, and is the work of Mr. John Tweed, is intended to typify the stability of character of the famous seaman. Lord Londonderry presided at the ceremony.

As a result of the recent Sheffield police scandal, Commander Scott, the chief constable, has resigned his office, and the resignation has been accepted. It takes effect next July. The Watch Committee, in an official statement, say that the chief constable has acutely felt the trouble arising out of the recent investigation of the administration of his department, and the committee view the circumstances leading to his retirement with regret. The chief inspector of the force who was involved in the charges of drinking at the Police Club on Sundays, has been reduced to the lowest rank of constable.

An imported case of human plague has occurred on board a vessel in the River Tyne Port Sanitary district. The patient was an apprentice on board the s.s. "Bellaria, which arrived in the river Tyne from Hamburg on the morning of Sept. 10. The boy died on the 16th.

The cotton operatives at the Ram Spinning Company's mill, Oldham, went out on strike on October 1 owing to the refusal of the firm to pay compensation in the case of a girl who was injured, while cleaning machinery in motion. The employers association had sent a communication to the operatives union in Manchester stating that if work were stopped writs would be issued immediately against the union and an injunction applied for to restrain its leaders from further interference. The masters deny that they are liable on the ground that the cleaning of machinery in motion is forbidden. On Oct. 2, the employers served writs on the leaders of the workers' unions claiming damages for injury to their trade.

The "Times" correspondent at Liverpool telegraphs that a financial house there reports the successful conclusion of negotiations for the amalgamation of five large Lancashire cotton mills. The names of the firms concerned are not yet available, but it is authoritatively stated that French financiers have agreed to find the capital necessary to carry the scheme through, and that a contract to this end has been signed in Paris. The capital is stated to be £1,500,000 sterling, and the object of amalgamation is to strengthen the position of the mills concerned, both in the matter of purchase of raw material and distribution of the finished article.

The twenty-second season of fancy dress balls at Covent Garden Theatre began on Sept. 27, and to judge by the attendance, the popularity of these dances would seem to be on the increase. They will be held on alternate Fridays until the middle of March. Everything was very much the same as in previous seasons.

A further extensive slipping seaward of cliffs on the south coast of the Isle of Wight has occurred, on this occasion at Atherfield, to the westward of St. Catherine's lighthouse, near which there was a serious slip in the spring, causing a large portion of the famous Undercliff Drive to sink several feet. The latest slip is the more serious as it has carried with it a portion of the slipway down the steep cliff side which is used for launching the Atherfield lifeboat, and it will be impossible to launch the lifeboat again until extensive work is done. Such work will be urgent, owing to the dangerous nature of the coast at this point for shipping. The coastguard signalling flag was also carried away by the subsidence, and the coastguard watch house has had to be removed further back to save it from falling over the cliff. The subsidence is attributed to the fact that clay beds along this part of the coast dip into the sea, and that the heavy rains have soaked through the chalk down to the clay, which holds the water up, with the result that the clay bed becomes a lubricated decline.

The Lord Provost's Committee of Edinburgh Town Council agreed on Oct. 2 to ask the Corporation to confer the Freedom of the City on Lord Haldane and Lord Dunedin, president of the Court of Session.

A conference to promote the "land and taxation reform memorial," arranged by the Scottish League for the Taxation of Land Values, was held in Glasgow on Sept. 28. The conference was representative of Liberals, Labour men, trade unionists, nationalists, and the Young Scots Societies, and over 200 delegates were present. Councillor A. R. Turner presided, Bailie Alston, seconded by Councillor John Muir, put the following resolution:—"That this conference cordially endorses the memorial on land and taxation reform presented to the Prime Minister and the Chancellor of the Exchequer on May 18, 1911, and signed by 183 members of Parliament, urging the Government to levy a Budget tax on all land values to be applied, first, towards the cost of education, main roads, police, and poor relief, thus lessening the burden of such services now borne by the local ratepayers, and, secondly, in substitution for the remaining taxes resting on the food of the people; and, further, this conference is of the opinion that the values of land are the proper basis for rating and taxation, and that the existing system, which imposes the burden on industry and earnings, constitutes a hindrance to social progress." An amendment, proposed and seconded by members of a local branch of the Independent Labour Party, which suggested the inclusion of the words "and all other sources of unearned increment," along with the values of land as the basis for rating and taxation, was carried by sixty-seven votes to forty-five. Mr. Dundas White, M. P., proposed a resolution pledging the conference to support the Land Values (Scotland) Bill, and urging the Government to give facilities for passing the Bill into law without delay. The motion was unanimously adopted.

The Board of Agriculture is about to issue an order, the "Times" of Oct. 1 states to come into force on Monday next, which will place Dublin, Dundalk and Drogheda on the same footing as other Irish ports as regards the export of animals to foreign wharves at Birkenhead, Bristol, Deptford, and Glasgow. An order will be made by the Irish Department removing all restrictions on the movements of cattle out of the counties of Dublin, Meath, and Louth, except from small areas around infected places. Our Dublin correspondent says that it is believed that the Government was unable to face the danger of Mr. T. W. Russell's resignation.

Two cases arising out of the Suffragist disturbances in Dublin were heard before the Recorder of Dublin on Oct. 1. The Dublin Theatre Company claimed compensation under the Malicious Injuries Act for damage estimated at £18 7s., caused by the attempt of Miss Gladys Evans and Mrs. Mary Leigh to set fire to the Theatre Royal on the night of Mr. Asquith's visit. The Recorder awarded £15, and £2 10s. costs. The Commissioners of Public Works applied for compensation for the malicious breaking of panes of glass in Government offices on the occasion of the Suffragists' window-smashing campaign. It was stated that Mrs. Sheehy-Skeffington, who had been summoned to give evidence, was at present unable to appear, and the Recorder adjourned the case till the next sessions.

In the lecture theatre of the Royal Dublin Society on Sept. 30 woman suffragist interrupted the Lord Lieutenant, who was present with Lady Aberdeen. The interrupters were removed without violence, and order was soon restored.

At Bessborough Park, Piltown, county Kilkenny on Sept. 29 the Earl and Countess of Bessborough entertained at dinner, in celebration of the marriage of Viscount Duncannon and Mlle. de Neufize, a large number of those who were formerly tenants on the Bessborough estate, but who have purchased their holdings under the Land Acts. About 1,000 people were present.

COLONIAL.

AUSTRALIA.

Mr. Fisher, the Prime Minister, last week reiterated to the House of Representatives his conviction that "a live Minister alone can express the Australian Government's views, since the Government's whole powers cannot be delegated to representatives without active Ministerial control." He prefers an Imperial Conference every second year for the present, or at least Minister visits at similar intervals to consult the defence authorities.

The Federal House of Representatives passed without a division the second reading of the Bill, providing a maternity allowance in respect of any child born in Australia. Mothers will receive a maximum benefit of £5, which must be claimed within three months from the birth of a child. The measure excludes aborigines and Asiatics.

CANADA.

During the four months of the fiscal year 209,643 immigrants arrived in Canada. Of these 143,743 entered by ocean ports and 65,900 from the United States. These figures show an increase of 18 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period of 1911, when 127,925 entered by ocean ports and 54,814 came from the neighbouring country.

The rumours concerning the mineral wealth of Ungava and Labrador, which have been in circulation for some time, have found expression at Ottawa. Mr. Alfred Lee, a member of the Ottawa expedition, which has just returned from Ungava, says that the stories of the existence of diamonds in that country are true, and that he has made important discoveries. It is understood that members of the expedition will go north again in ten days, and that other expeditions are on their way to Ungava.

NEW ZEALAND.

The attention of the Government of New Zealand has recently been directed to the fact that the rights of its Departments to import duty free all goods purchased by them has in a number of instances resulted in the preference accorded to goods of British origin being nullified. It has now been decided to lay down as a general rule governing the acceptance of all Government tenders, that in all such cases there shall be added to the prices quoted for goods not of British origin the excess of duty payable under the tariff on such goods over the amount payable on similar goods of British origin, and unless the price to be paid for the British goods then considerably exceeds the calculated price for foreign goods, the British tender is to be accepted.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Speaking at Magaliesberg, General Botha replied to a speech delivered by Sir Thomas Smartt at Durban, when the Opposition leader declared that the first thing the Unionists would do when they come into power would be to increase the South African contribution to the naval defence of the Empire. The Prime Minister declared that he recognized that something would have to be done to protect the overseas trade, which he wished to see increase, but public opinion was at present not sufficiently mature on this subject. He strongly deprecated Sir Thomas Smartt's making naval defence a party question, and he appealed to the leader of the Opposition to desist from this course, because it was not in the interests of the Empire.

FOREIGN.

CHINA.

The Chinese Minister in London, has received a Chinese decoration—namely, the Second Class of the Order Chia Ho—which has just been established by the President of the Chinese Republic. The Order consist of nine classes, the first being reserved for heads of States and persons of similar high rank. We learn that the Order of the Double Dragon has been discontinued.

FRANCE.

A cyclone passed over St. Nazaire, at the mouth of the Loire, on Sunday. Fortunately, no work was going on at the dockyards, or there must have been loss of life. The storm demolished everything over a space of more than 40 yards.

GERMANY.

The trial of the two Socialist Deputies who were concerned in the scenes in the Prussian Diet last May, was finished last Saturday. Herr Borchardt was convicted of breach of the peace and of resistance to authority, and was fined £5, with the alternative of ten days' imprisonment. Herr Leinert was convicted of resistance to authority, and fined £2 10s., with the alternative of five days' imprisonment.

A crisis is threatened in the Cabinet over the proposal to establish two permanent military divisions in Korea. The War Minister, backed by Count Terauchi, by Mr. Yamagata, the Civil Governor-General, and by the bureaucrats, refuses to yield an inch to the argument that the proposal is incompatible with the Ministerial programme of retrenchment. It is reported that he has tendered his resignation, but that the final decision will be left to a Council of Ministers and the Genro held in the presence of the Emperor. The Minister emphatically asserts that the measure is necessitated by the present conditions, especially the constant military expansion of Russia.

PORTUGAL.

The "Gaulois" publishes a manifesto issued by King Manoel formally denying once and for all that his Majesty has renounced all hope of a Monarchical restoration in Portugal, and adding that in spite of the reverses suffered by Captain Paiva Couceiro in his recent raid his honour and his political principles remain intact.

SPAIN.

By 65,409 votes against 1,418, the railwaymen have decided upon a general strike beginning on October 8. The railwaymen seem determined to maintain their demands for increased wages and a reduction of working hours. The companies reply that it is impossible to accede to these demands under existing financial conditions, as the additional annual expenditure would exceed two millions sterling in the cases of the four principal companies alone.

UNITED STATES.

Serious rioting has marked a 24 hours' demonstration by the strikers in the textile trades at Lawrence and other Massachusetts cities. The worst disturbances were at Lawrence, where frequent hand-to-hand conflicts occurred between the police and the strikers, who were protesting against the imprisonment of their leaders, Ettor and Giovannitti. The police clubbed the crowds and dozens of operatives were more or less badly injured and taken to hospital. Many were arrested, including some possessing dangerous weapons, which were seised.

Counsel for the Waters Pierce Oil Company, which is engaged in litigation with the Standard Oil Company, has sent to the Department of Justice at Washington, a statement alleging that both in the spirit and in the letter, the decree dissolving the Oil Trust had been violated. The charges claim to show that every subsidiary company is absolutely nominated by a majority in control of the trust.

The trial of the ironworkers and other defendants who were indicted last February, in the labour dynamite conspiracy cases, began on Oct. 1, in the Federal Court at Indianapolis. The cases against three men who had been identified with the Ironworkers' Union were dismissed owing to lack of evidence, while Ortie McManigal, informer or prosecuting witness, pleaded guilty. All the other defendants, numbering upwards of 40, have pleaded not guilty and must stand their trial. The trial is expected to last a number of months.

An explosion occurred on Oct. 1, on board the United States torpedo-destroyer Walke, which was one of the latest type. Lieutenant Donald Morrison was killed and several members of the crew were seriously injured.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—Oct. 4.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Lieut-Col E Jennings, I M S
Major E M J Burn, R E
Major P P Atal, I M S
Capt M J Quirke, I M S
Capt C E Stanford, R A
Lieut J H Knight, R G A
Lieut P Boyce, 5 Lt Inf
Lieut M H C Conybeare' 114 M L I
Lieut J T H Morgan, I M S
Lieut W de H Haig, R E
Mr L Donaldson
Mr A G Browne
Mr Wm Phillips

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Lieut-Col H W R Senior, 2-10 G R, to 15-2-13
Major H P Bell, 44 Inf, 4 mo
Major R S Phillips, 37 Dogras, to 17-11-12
Major L M R Daas, S T C, 2 mo
Capt F C Rogers, I M S, 4 mo, M C
Capt H E Connop, 35 Horse, 3 mo M C
Capt J L Higgin, 10 G R, 2 mo
Capt T B Traill, 13 Lrs, to 31-10-12
Capt R Johnston, 4 Cav, 3 days
Capt F T Thompson, I M S, 6 mo M C
Capt J H W Morgan, S T C, 6 mo M C
Lieut A C E St. G Gore, 9 G R, 4 mo
Lieut G B Howell, 19 Lrs, 5 days
Engineer E A Vile, R I M, 3 mo M C
Mr H J Hoare, 6 mo M C
Engineer S G Donofield, R I M, to 19-1-13
Mr I L Ferrier, 1 mo 4 days
Mr G P Hogg, 2 days
Mr W M Hussanally, 3 mo M C
Mr W C King, 3 mo M C
Mr O S Parsons, 18 days on M C
Mr W Mande, 28 days
Mr A G Moseley, 2 days on M C
Mr J M Turing, 8 mo
Mr C M King, 3 mo
Mr J C Faunthorpe, 3 mo M C
Mr P B Haigh, 1 mo 17 days
Mr E W Vredenburg, 1 day
Mr B N Bosworth Smith, 1 day
Mr A E L Staples, 8 mo
Mr J M Roberts, 2 mo 4 days
Mr F N Warden, 25 days
Mr M B Tyabji, 17 mo

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Capt A A Smith, 58 Rifles
Lieut H Blackwell, 106 Prs
Lieut W E Beazley, 54 Sikhs
Lieut R C Bickley, R I M
Mr J H Harford
Mr B Fogarty
Mr A G Moody
Miss M Stuart
Mr T L Clarke
Mr P B Haigh
Mr E L Norton
Mr A E L Staples
Mr G N Chakravarti
Mr W M Hussanally
Mr J H Murray

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2... ...	10	8
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GOLD MEDAL, Paris Exhibition, 1909.

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Obtainable at Hotels and Soft Drink Shops by the Glass and Bottle; at Stores by the Bottle.

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O.T. is derived from fruits and herbs, having nutritive and beneficial properties. Agreeable to the palate and distinguished for favorable effects on the constitution, it is a drink that can be taken in any quantity with the feeling that it is conducive to perfect health.

It blends perfectly with all other drinks—moderating the intoxicating effects of alcoholic liquors, the "flatulent" effects of aerated drinks, and acting as a corrective for drinking water. O.T. is a beverage that appeals to all conditions of men, women and children in all countries.

A Safe Thirst-Quencher

O.T. is a real THIRST-QUENCHER, and what is more, it is a specially SAFE DRINK. A little O.T. with crushed Ice makes THE MOST EFFECTUAL AND HEALTHIEST THIRST-QUENCHER IN THE TROPICS.

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O.T. has "life" and "bite" like spirits, and is the nearest substitute for alcohol ever produced. After alcoholic excess it restores vitality, appetite and nerve, while satisfying the craving for alcoholic stimulants. It is a splendid "pick-me-up," and has a tonic effect if you rise with a bad taste in the mouth or a disordered liver.

A Valuable Stomachic

O.T. is an excellent Stomachic, and a valuable aid for Colic and other Stomach troubles. It derives special virtues from certain ingredients of recognised service in stomach troubles, and which are endowed with properties for resisting fevers, dysentery, and other inflammatory complaints.

Relieves Indigestion, Colic, etc.

O.T. is a true digestive, and is the ideal after-dinner liqueur in the world without alcohol. It ensures complete digestion, and prevents indigestion, flatulence, and "full feeling" after meals.

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SPORT AT HOME.

RACING.

At Newbury on Sept. 27, the Newbury Autumn Cup was won by Mr. C. B. Ismay's Balsoadden. Mr. J. Buchanan's Tullibardine was second, and Sir E. Cassel's Wilfrid third. The Newbury Autumn Foal Stakes was won by the Duke of Westminster's Hornbeam. Mr. T. Leader's Popaline was second, and Admiral Sir Hedworth Meux's Dragon King third. On Sept. 28, the Kingsclere Stakes was won by Mr. J. Buchanan's Jingling Geordie; Lord Carnarvon's Taxedo and Rivoli respectively were second and third. The Highclere Nursery Handicap was won by Lord Derby's Light Brigade, Mr. D. Cogan's Sleipner was second and Mr. G. Edwarden's Workgirl third.—At Thirsk, the Jockey Club Plate was won by Mr. S. B. Joel's Maiden Erlegh.

The Burton Nursery Handicap was won at Birmingham on Sept. 30, by Mr. J. Wilson's Rather Bolder, and the Birmingham Handicap by Mr. F. Montagu's Mundford.

At Newmarket, on Oct. 1, the Great Foal Stakes was won by Lord Farquhar's Aprille. Mr. L. de Roth schild's Lorenzo was second, and Mr. Fairie's Aleppo third. The Sixty-third Triennial Produce Stakes was won by Mr. Buchanan's Tullibardine, a Trial Selling Plate by Mr. Buchanan's Thaddeus, and the Buckenham Stakes by Mr. W. Raphael's Louvois. On Oct. 2, the Newmarket October Handicap was won by Mr. Siever's Warlingham. Mr. Brassey's St. Crispin was second, and Mr. H. King's Demosthenes third. The Great Eastern Railway Handicap was won by Mr. Neumann's Astra. Mr. J. Keene's Castleton was second, and Mr. W. Raphael's Beaurepaire third. A Plate was won by the Duke of Westminster's Vanish, and the Sixty-fourth Triennial Produce Stakes by Mr. Nelke's Cylba.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

The South African team reached Southampton on Sept. 28, on the Union-Castle liner "Kinfauns Castle." They were met on arrival by Mr. Crook, president of the Rugby Union, Mr. Cail, treasurer of the Rugby Union, and Messrs. Donne (England), Moore (Ireland), and Rees (Wales).

Richmond beat the Old Alleynians on the Athletic Ground at Richmond on Sept. 28, by 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points) to 0. The sides were:—Richmond: G. C. Ainsworth, back; F. M. Jackson, G. T. Butcher, H. C. Oglethorpe (Captain), and R. Hall, three-quarter backs; R. M. Goodman and R. W. Burton, half-backs; G. C. Wilson, A. B. Read, C. O. Staples, C. E. H. Reckitt, F. G. Brown, H. Whitehead, F. K. Simmons, and C. F. N. Sealy, forwards. Old Alleynians: A. C. Green, back; H. R. Savill, C. N. Lowe, E. G. L. Shand, and C. M. Gold, three-quarter back; A. L. Wade and R. B. Firth, half-back; J. E. Greenwood (captain), C. A. Broadhurst, McC. Christian, L. M. Greenwood, W. D. Doherty, A. H. Bowyer, B. G. Abrams, and G. W. H. Bentley, forwards.

Roslyn Park beat Old Blues, at Richmond, on Sept. 28, by 2 goals and 2 tries (16 points) to 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points). London Scottish beat United Services (Chatham), at Richmond, by 3 goals and 1 try (18 points) to 1 try (3 points). Blackheath beat United Services, at Portsmouth, by 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points) to 1 penalty goal and 2 tries (9 points). Newport beat Northampton, at Newport, by 4 goals, 1 dropped goal, 1 penalty goal, and 2 tries (33 points) to 0. Swansea beat United Services (Devonport), at Swansea, by 1 goal and 4 tries (17 points) to 1 dropped goal and 1 try (7 points). Cardiff beat Treorchy, at Cardiff, by 3 goals and 4 tries (27 points) to 0. Gloucester beat Cinderford, at Gloucester, by 4 tries (12 points) to 1 goal (5 points). Bristol and Abertillery played a drawn game, at Bristol, each side having scored 1 try (3 points). Mosely beat Liverpool, at Mosely, by 4 goals and 2 tries (26 points) to 1 goal, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (11 points). Coventry beat Llanelly, at Coventry, by 1 try (3 points) to 0. Leicester beat Devonport Albion, at Leicester by 1 penalty goal and 1 try (6 points) to 0. Harlequins beat Bedford, at Bedford, by 5 goals and 2 tries (31 points) to 1 penalty goal (3 points). Headingley beat Manchester, at Manchester, by 3 goals and 3 tries (24 points) to 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points).

A county trial match was played at Portsmouth on Oct. 2, between the United Services and Hampshire. The result was a win for the United Services by 2 goals and 2 tries (16 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

London Irish beat Royal Naval College (Greenwich), at Greenwich on Oct. 2, by 1 goal and 4 tries (17 points) to 1 goal and 1 penalty goal (8 points).

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The results of the matches in the League Championship on Sept. 28, were as follows:—Blackburn Rovers 2 goals, Notts County 1, at Blackburn; Manchester City 2, Bolton Wanderers 0, at Manchester; Sheffield Wednesday 3, Manchester United 3, at Sheffield; Chelsea 1, Oldam Athletic 1, at Chelsea Sunderland 2, Tottenham Hotspur 2, at Sunderland; Middlesbrough 2, Derby County 0, at Derby; Bradford City 3, Sheffield United 1, at Bradford; Aston Villa 1 Everton 0, as Everton; West Bromwich Albion 3, Liverpool 1, at West Bromwich; Woolwich Arsenal 1, Newcastle United 1, at Plumstead.

The results of the matches in the Second Division of the League on Sept. 28 were as follows:—Clapton Orient 1 goal, Glossop 0, at Homerton; Lincoln City 1, Hull City 1, at Lincoln; Notts Forest 2, Burnley 1, at Nottingham; Blackpool 2, Fulham 0, at Blackpool; Leeds City 2, Wolverhampton Wanderers 2, at Leeds; Bury 2, Barnsley 0, at Bury; Grimsby Town 3, Bradford 0, at Grimsby; Bristol City 1, Preston North End 1, at Bristol; Birmingham 1, Stockport County 1, at Birmingham; Huddersfield Town 3, LeicesterFosse 0, at Huddersfield.

The results of the matches in the Southern League on Sept. 28, were as follows:—Swindon Town 1 goal, Reading 0, at Reading; Gillingham 0, Millwal 0, at Gillingham; Plymouth Argyle 3, Exeter City 0, at Plymouth; Portsmouth 3, Southampton 2, at Southampton; Norwich City 1, Bristol Rovers 1, at Norwich; Crystal Palace 1, West Ham United 1, at the Crystal Palace; Stoke 0, Queen's Park Rangers, 0, at Stoke; Watford 1, Coventry City 1, at Watford; Northampton 2, Brentford 0, at Northampton; Merthyr Town 1, Brighton and Hove Albion 0, at Merthyr.

Reading beat Gillingham, at Reading on Oct. 2, by 2 goals to 1; and Bristol Rovers and Watford played a drawn game, at Bristol, each side having scored 2 goals.

The fourth contest between sides representing the Football League and the Southern League took place on the Old Trafford Ground at Manchester on Sept. 30, and ended in a victory for the Football League by 2 goals to 1.

The Civil Service beat Townley Park in the Southern Amateur League, at North Dulwich on Sept. 28, by 3 goals to 0; and Ealing beat Eastbourne, at Ealing, by 2 goals to 1.

POLO.

In the final round of the Rugby Autumn Handicap Tournament, Mr. W. Balding's team beat Mr. C.P. Nickalls's team by 9 goals to 2. The sides were:—Mr. Balding's team, Capt. W. H. Lampton, Mr. E. B. Forwood, Sir C. Lowther, and Mr. W. Balding (back). Mr. Nickalls's team: Mr. G. D. Aldridge, Mr. C. P. Nickalls, Mr. W. Hardcastle, and Mr. C. Barton (back). The match was a very one-sided affair. Most of the spectators had transferred their atention to a match on No. 2 ground, in which Rugby beat the Tigers by 6 goals to 5. The sides were.—Rugby: Capt. A. W. Foster, Mr. N. Scott-Robson, Mr. J. Drage, and Mr. H. Scott-Robson (back). Tigers: Senor J. Santos Suarez, Comte de Madre, Capt. L. St. C. Cheape, and Mr. F. A. Gill (back). This was a much more interesting game, the play on both sides being fast and good.

GOLF.

Mr. J. H. Baker, Evesham (scratch), beat Mr. R. D. Breen Turner, Carnarvonshire (2), by 3 up and 7 to play in the final heat of thirty-six holes of the "Daily Mail" Tournament on the course of the Carnarvonshire Club at Conway on Sept. 27. Mr. Baker thus became the first holder of the £600, gold challenge cup, while Mr. Turner holds for a year the £75 silver challenge cup. Each player receives a replica.

In a team match on the course of the North Hants Club, at Fleet on Sept. 28, the officers of the Royal Military College, Camberley, beat the cadets by 1 1-2 points.

Edward Ray, the open champion, Harry Vardon, George Duncan, and Tom Ball took part in a professional tournament on the course of the Raynes Park Club on Sept. 28. A very strong north-easterly wind prevailed, but some fine play was seen. A medal round in the morning was won by Ray with a score of seventy-three (one stroke worse than Alexander Herd's "record" for the course), Duncan being second with seventy-five, and Ball third with seventy-eight. Vardon, who started with an eight, due to his getting into an unplayable place in a ditch, returned eighty-two. In the four-ball match in the afternoon Duncan and Ball beat Ray and Vardon by one hole, the former couple having a best-ball score of sixty-six.

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BEST & GOES FARTHEST

THE NEW DELHI.

Eastern and Western Architecture.

THE following is the full text of Mr. Herbert Baker's article in the "Times", on the Architecture of the New Delhi, of which Reuter cabled a summary:—

The King's Decree to build a new capital of India at Delhi brings into prominence the question of the style of architecture to be employed.

It is a question of Imperial as well as of artistic importance; as an event in the history of architecture it may perhaps be compared to the building of Constantinople.

If the architecture of Delhi is to bear its full significance to the present and future generations, it must be a crystallization of the chief elements that make up the India of to-day. The new capital is not merely the shrine of the glory of India, but it is to be the living centre of the administration. First and foremost it is the spirit of British sovereignty which must be imprisoned in its stone and bronze. The new capital must be the sculptural monument of the good government and unity which India for the first time in its history, has enjoyed under British rule. British rule in India is not a mere veneer of government and culture. It is a new civilization in growth, a blend of the best elements of East and West. The effect of this will remain even should British sovereignty ever depart from the shores of India. In the words of Lord Curzon, "Our work is righteous and it shall endure." It is to this great fact that the architecture of Delhi should bear testimony.

What British rule means in India is well described in an article published in the first number of the "Round Table":—

So long as the consciousness of civilized man recognizes government as the noblest task of the race, so long by administering India is our pride of place unquestioned. No nation in modern times has done the like or can aspire to do it. To hold India, with its hundreds of races and religions and languages, and castes and customs, to be possessed of such a heritage of history, learning, and romance is an achievement for which the world's records show but one parallel. Thothmes and Sennacherib, Alexander and Napoleon never did the like. Only Rome in her greatest days did what England has been doing as a matter of course, for one hundred years! We honour Rome, after two thousand years, for her genius for law and order and administration; we kindle to her poet's boast—

"Haec est in gremium captos quae sola recepit";

and yet with how much greater right can we make it ours? We, we in India, have found out and taught a modern world how to govern a continent incapable of the task itself; and when the future annals of a steadily shrinking world are written the achievement will rank higher than the broadest-minded decrees of the Senate or the most generous edicts of the Caesars.

Have architects, with their allied artists and craftsmen, ever before had a more inspiring idea to immortalize through their arts?

THE INDO-SARACENIC STYLE.

We can now consider whether any existing Indian style of architecture can be made the vehicle for expressing this conception of orderly government—apart, for the present, from any question of British tradition. The selection of the site of the capital of the Moghul Empire obviously points, if we have to choose an Indian style, to that of the Moslem or Indo-Saracenic architecture, of which the best examples are found in the neighbourhood of Delhi. It consists of a form of Arabian art with Persian, Indian, and Chinese influences. Fergusson says of it, "Though it is but one out of many, the Moghul is the only practical style. Professor Lethaby, the best of all authorities, describes the characteristics of Eastern Moslem architecture as "elasticity, intricacy and glitter—and suggestion of fountain spray and, singing birds. Fergusson again, in his "History of Indian and Eastern Architecture," tells us that this style "does not rank amongst those great styles which have been evolved on constructive principles, for it is on the decorative side that it is specially expressive." And, again, the American historian of architecture, Russell Sturgis, says:—

The student of Eastern art cannot accept as important in the architectural sequence any of these later Moslem buildings. They are interesting in detail; and even their detail is more interesting by its minute delicacy than as aiding seriously to the total effect of the building.

More need hardly be said to prove that, while in this style we may have the means to express the charm and fascination of India, yet it has not the constructive and geometrical qualities necessary to embody the ides of law and order which has been produced out of chaos by the British Administration. Our administration for the old architecture can surely best be demonstrated by leaving the buildings of old Delhi alone, sacred as the monument of the Empire of the Moghuls and unsoiled by imitation in the new city. We could, it is true, by tracing back this Moghul architecture to its origin, found a new style on the purer forms of the Saracenic of Cairo and Damascus. In skilful hands, no doubt, a beautiful city would result, but it would not be typically Indian—indeed, to Hindu sentiment it would be entirely alien—and still less would it be British Indian. Should we not be guided by a truer and more natural instinct if we fearlessly put the stamp of British sovereignty on the monument of the great work of which the Empire should be so proud? By so doing we should be following the precedent of the Greeks, the Romans, and of the Saracens themselves when, later in their history, they had put their own impress on the arts which they had first absorbed.

THE ENGLISH CLASSIC STYLE.

We can dismiss at once Gothic architecture from our purview. The style had its origin in the endeavour to admit into the interior of buildings as much light and sun as possible. And it was the outcome of the spirit of the Crusades, which has no counter-part in our time. It has proved, and must always prove, a failure away from the northern skies which gave it birth. We naturally turn to the architecture of our public buildings in England while the Empire was in the making, the classic style of Jones and Wren and their followers in the eighteenth century, and the pastime of Chatham and the Empire builders. In England it differed on the side of simplicity from that prevailing on the Continent, which took its fashions from the Court of Louis XIV. Wren, in a letter from Paris, condemning the frivolity of the fashionable building in vogue there, made his famous statement that good architecture must always have "the Attributes of Eternal." It was the genius of Wren which interpreted the English character and stamped sanity and sobriety on our architecture. The best building of that period have eminently the attributes of law, order, and government, to the extent, some might say, of dulness, the defect of these qualities.

It is important to consider whether this style can be adapted to the need of a tropical climate; and whether we are to be dismayed by the failures in the past to which reference has been made. The difficulty of the northern architect working in the classical style has always been to reconcile the demands made by the northern climate—many big sunlit windows, high-pitched roofs, shallow cornices and big chimneys—with the principles of classic proportions. Wren wondered—and regretted, probably that the bonds of classical authority were so strong in his day—at the prevailing affectation of colonnades and the pedantic use of their meaningless survival in pilasters. But the colonnade if rarely needed in England, is always desirable in Southern Europe and our Southern Dominions and is absolutely essential for protection from tropical sun and rain in the plains of India. And similarly every feature of classic architecture which has proved a stumbling block to the northern architecture becomes a rational necessity, when he works in brighter and hotter climates.

EASTERN FEATURES.

It may be asked, however, whether the employment of such a style rules out any of the nobler features of Indian architecture. The colonnade and arcade—two or three deep, if need be—the open court of audience, are common features in southern classical architecture. The deep portal arch of Persia and India has its prototype in the classical exedra common in the Roman bath and well known in the Vatican. The pride of Indian architecture, the dome, has its highest manifestation in St. Paul's. And the magnificent ground planning of the Taj Mahal is but an Eastern example of the "grand manner" of the West.

There should exist therefore in the style which has been advocated all the necessary elements ready to the hand of the architectural alchemists. But to the artist's creative power must be added sanity of judgment. He must avoid a Whitehall on the one hand, and a Palace of Delights which might come perilously near a "White City" on the other. His architecture must have the spirit of life and of growth, so that it may take root in the country and not prove sterile and unproductive in the generations to come. There must be no conscious straining after invention or originality to which sincerity in following the true and natural laws alone can give birth. There must be good building and a frank acceptance of modern methods and materials. The controlling mind must heat and weld into his orderly conception all that India has to give him of subtlety and industry in craftsmanship. And lastly, he must so fire the imaginations of the painters, sculptors, and craftsmen of the Empire, that they may, interfusing their arts with his, together raise a permanent record of the "history, learning, and romance" of India.

If these fixed stars kept clear in the vision of the architect, he should, by following the precedents of the best traditions of English architecture, and keeping an open mind for the needs and requirements of India and its Government satisfy both the demands of the new Delhi and go far to develop a new style of architecture, which should have spontaneous growth throughout India and in the tropical dependencies of the British Empire. English art at its highest should at least bring no harm to India. Our best architects and artists, inspired by the character and genius of Wren, and the great teachers of the last century, are engaged in establishing historical records that can say for England, as Pericles said of the Greeks, "We are lovers of the Beautiful, yet simple in our taste; and we cultivate the arts without loss of manliness."

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 18.

Rainfall is reported only from Burma and the south of the Peninsula.

Chief falls:—Tinnevelly, four inches; Trivandrum, six; Pamban, one; and Negapatam, three-quarters.

The weather remains disturbed in the south of the Bay.

Forecast:—No large change.

KOTAH DIVISION.

Weekly return of rainfall commencing from 8-30 a.m. Saturday, the 5th Oct. to 8-30 a.m. Saturday, the 12th October, 1912:—

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Bandra	57	78	Bulsar	80	70
Panjoo	55	93	Nausari	67	23
Vaituni	76	20	Bardoli	52	44
Alot	24	78	Nandarbar	21	94
Pachpahar	25	17	Nardana	14	1
Kotah	23	19	Surat	51	84
Indergarh	27	16	Kim	45	61
Ganjapur City	26	96	Kosumba	39	35
Hindaun City	27	91	Rajpardi	45	94
Bayana	30	91	Broach	52	5
Bharatpur	27	65	Mulsar	49	98
Palghar	71	1	Dabhoi	46	28
Gholwad	74	45	Baroda	51	7
Daman	76	79			

AHMEDABAD DIVISION.

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Mehmdabad	32	65	Limkheda	40	63
Ahmedabad	37	94	Dohad	33	78
Viramgam	33	48	Amerghar	39	70
Patri	26	55	Ratlam	26	67
Sevorlia	40	78	Nagda	24	40
Godhra	45	23			

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 18th Oct., giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.— Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are heavily clouded at Jhansi and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual at Allahabad and damper at Jhansi. Night temperature is in slight defect at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded at Kotah and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Kotah and in defect in lower Sind. Maximum temperature is above normal at Karachi; the minimum is in defect at Bikaner and in excess at Ajmere.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded in west Central India and clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in Cutch and the extreme western districts of Kathiawar and damper at Deesa and in west Central India. Day temperature is in excess at Veraval and Surat; night temperature is in excess at Indore and Surat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Minimum temperature is in slight defect in the south-eastern districts.

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "Maloja" Oct. 18.

The P. and O. Co's Mail steamer "Maloja" with the English Mails of the 4th instant arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday, brought the following passengers:—

Abbott, Mr J E
Abbott, Mrs
Acres, Mr J E
Acres, Mrs, and maid
Adair, Capt W F
Adams, Mrs F
Ainslie, Mrs C
Airling, Mr R R
Alexander, Miss Edith
Ali, Mr M
Allah Bey, Mr Mirza Sami
Allanson, Capt C
Allen, Mrs
Alsop, Mr
Alston, Mr Vere
Alston, Mrs
Anderson, Mr C
Anderson, Mrs
Anderson, Mr G W
Arakhoon, Mr T
Archbold, Mrs W A
Argles, Capt
Aspinall, Mr H
Atkinson, Mr E
Austin, Mr
Austin, Mrs
Austin, Miss
Ayling, Mrs W B
Ball, Mr E
Banks, Mrs
Barker, Capt F A
Bartley, Mr C
Bashiraim, Mr S
Becher, Major G A
Beg, Mr M S
Bell, Mr
Bell, Maj-Gen Sir J A
Bell, Lady
Bell-Scott, Mrs F
Best, Mr J Duncan
Beyts, Mrs N H
Beyts, Miss G E
Beyts, Miss M
Bion, Mr F F
Bion, Mrs
Bird, two Misses Wiberforce
Bisney, Mr J E
Bithell, Mrs
Bithell, Miss
Blake, Miss M E
Blakeman, Mrs G
Blakenay, Col W E A
Blakenay, Mrs
Blakeway, Mr E
Bland, Miss S
Bleek, Dr A W G
Bleeck, Mrs
Blizard, Mr W E
Blockey, Mrs H S
Boalth, Mr V H
Booth, Mr J R
Bos, Mr G H, and valet
Boswell, Mr P W
Boswell, Mrs
Boyd, Mr John
Boys, Mr H Ward
Boys, Mrs
Brackenbury, Mr C F
Bremner, Mrs A
Bremner, Miss
Bremner, Miss J
Bridgwater, Miss
Briscoe, Mr S St John
Briscoe, Mrs and infant
Brown, Mr J M
Browning, Rear-Admi M E
Bull, Mr H J
Bull, Mrs
Bunbury, Mrs
Burgess, Mrs Dan
Burlton, Lt Col P
Burlton, Mrs
Burn, Mr
Burnett, Mrs
Busco-Owen, Mr C
Butcher, Mrs
Butler, Mr J T
Byatt, Mr H A
Byrne, Mr T H
Campbell, Mrs R H
Canbecher, Fraulein
Carbest, Mr G L
Carbest, Mrs
Carne, Mrs E D N
Cartz, Mr R D
Chakravarti, Miss
Chamier, Mr
Champollion, Mr
Cheese, Rev J E
Churchill, Capt W N
Churchill, Mrs
Clark, Mrs Crisp, two children and governess
Clark, Mr R N
Clark, Mr Summers
Clemence, Mr Walter
Clemence, Mrs
Cleveland, Mr R A
Clutterbuck, Mrs B M
Clutterbuck, Capt C H
Clutterbuck, Mrs
Cohen, Mrs and child
Colvin, Mr G L
Connell, Miss M C
Cooke, Mr R S
Cooper, Mr S B
Cottle, Mr J
Cottle, Mrs
Cowan, Mr W D
Crabb, Mr Thos
Craddock, Lady
Craddock, Miss R H
Crick, Mr C C
Crimmins, Mr T A
Crimmins, Mrs
Croft, Mrs C A
Croly, Capt E G G
Crookshank, Capt W P
Crosthwaite, Capt C G
Crosthwaite, Mrs child, infant and nurse
Crosby, Capt J
Crouch, Mrs H N
Currie, Mr J
Cuthbert, Miss
Dallas, Lt Col C M
Dallas, Mrs
Dally, Miss A
Danbuz, Capt
Danby Mrs C G H
Danger, Mr F G
Danger, Mrs
Dart, Miss Eva
Davies, Mrs
Davies, Lt Col F G H
Davies, Mrs
Davies, Mr H J
Davies, Mrs and infant
Davies, Major P G
Dawn, Mr R
de Bless, Mrs M H
Dench, Mr W G
Dennis, Mrs E J
Dew, Mrs A B
Dick, Col A R
Dick, Mrs
Dill Smith, Mrs H
Dimshaw, Mr A V
Dinshaw Battiwala, Mr H
Dixon, Bay F
Dixon, Mr G
Douglas, Mrs
Drake-Brockman, Lt. G T
Duncan, Miss
Dyce, Mrs H L
Edye, Mr E H H
Edye, Mrs two infants and nurse
Egerton, Brig-Gen R G
Egerton, Mrs
Elcock, Mr J
Everett, Mrs E M
Everall, Mr W T
Ezra, Mr David
Falconer, Capt J C
Falconer, Mrs
Fallon, Miss M
Fanshawe, Brig-Gen H O
Farquhar, Mrs Charles
Fawcett, Mrs L
Feetham, Col E
Feetham, Mrs, and maid
Fergusson, Mrs I C
Fillingham, Mr G J
Finlay, Col
Finlay, Mrs
Fisher, Mr H S
Forrest, Dr
Forster, Mr Arnold
Fountaine, Miss
Fowler, Miss B
Franstadt, Mr A
Fraser, Mr
Franzen, Miss
Fuller, Mr A
Fuller, Dr C A
Galstaun, Mr
Gardiner, Major A
Garnett, Mr S V T
Garnet, Mrs
Gaumlett, Mrs
Germaney, Mrs, and infant
Giles, Capt S
Glasfurd, Mrs
Glazebrook, Mr N S
Goddard, Mr R S
Goldey, Mr P
Goodwill, Mrs, and two children
Gordon, Mr A
Gordon, Mrs
Gordon, Mr J D
Gordon, Mrs, two infants and maid
Grant, Col A
Grant, Mrs
Grant, Mr C W
Grant, Mrs
Green, Mr W W
Greiss, Mr A M
Griffin, Sir H
Griffin, Lady, and maid
Grunberg, Mr F
Grunber, (Jur), Mr
Gueviack, Mr S
Gumprick, Mrs T
Gunter, Miss L
Gupton, Sir K G
Gurdon, Mrs B E M, infant and nurse
Guye, Miss S
Haig, Mr C B
Hall, Capt Clifford
Hall, Sgt-Major J
Halland, Mr G H R
Hancock, Mrs Mortimer
Handyside, Miss
Hannay, Mrs A L
Hardy, Mr G T
Harris, Mr.
Harris, Mrs
Harrison, Capt J
Harvey, Mr B L
Harvey, Sir H P
Harverscoft, Mr C A
Hawes, Mr C G
Haxton, Mr G
Haxton, Mrs
Hayward, Mr M A W
Hemens, Mr
Hemens, Mrs
Hemens, Mrs G
Henderson, Mrs J
Hepper, Mrs Lawless
Hercert, Major E
Herbert, Mrs, and child
Heslop, Capt A
Hewlitt, Mrs
Hewlitt, Mr P R
Higg, C B, Mr Henry
Hill, Mrs H W D
Hill, Miss Margaret
Hill, Capt R C R
Hilliard, Col H N
Hilliard, Mrs
Hilliard, Miss
Hoare, Mr W H
Hoggett, Miss A
Holland, Lt-Col G L
Holmes, Mr H R
Hood, Mr H B
Horne, Mr J D
Horne, Mrs
Horton, Mr A F
Hoyse, Mr E H
Houston, Mr R B
Howell, Miss N L
Huggins, Mr
Hughes, Mr R M
Hussain, Mr T
im Thurn, Miss, M
Irwin, Mr C J
Jackson, Mrs T A
Jacomb, Mrs F B, infant and nurse
James, Mr. W H
James, Mrs
James, Miss S
Jamboosarwalla, Mr B J
Jerram, Mr M R K
Jerram, Miss J
Jesselsohn, Mr W
John, Mr A Uiysses
Johnson, Mr. S M
Jones, Mr. E T
Jordern, Mr H P
Joyce, Capt R C
Judge, Mrs W E
Keighley, Mr Bertram
Kelly, Mr C B
Kelly, Mr E H
Kelly, Mrs, three children, nurse and maid
Kemp, Miss K
Kerrick, Capt J H
King, Mr E N
King, Mr R S
Knyvett, Miss
Kotwal, Mr S P
Lalley, Mr W H
Lane, Major F M
Lardeaux, Mrs and child
Latham, Mrs T and two children
Leathem, Mr G
Ledgard, Mrs R G, and infant
Leech, Mrs W
Lennox, Mrs H M, and maid
Lewis, Mr. R F
Liddell, Capt E M
Lilley, Miss A L
Lindsay, Mr B
Litchfield, Capt F S
Liversedge, Mr S
Livesay, Mr H
Lock, Lt-Col R
Long, Mrs
Long, Miss M
Longbottom, Mr J
Longstaff, Capt R
Loveys, Mr J
Lowis, Major R M
Lowis, Mrs
Lucas, Mrs C
Lushington, Major W N
Lyle, Mr H W
Lyle, Mr
Lynn, Mr Graham R
Lynn, Mrs
Lyon, Mr. W B
Macfarlane, Mr James
Macnaughton, Mr H
Macpherson, Miss
Mainwaring, Mrs
Malan, Mrs W de M P infant and nurse
Manger, Mr A S
Manisty, Mr F H
Manisty, Mrs
Manley, Mr E L
Manners, Mrs
Marsham, Mr K M
Marsham, Mrs
Martin, Mr W F
Mason, Mr L B
Mathews, Capt W F
Maxwell, Lieut. O W
Maxwell, Miss W T
McCleary, Petty Officer J
McCormick, Rev
McFarlane, Miss A D H
McGill, Mr R
McGill, Mrs
McGuffie, Mr T C
McRobert, Sir A
Mead, Mr T
Mears, Major
Mears, Mrs
Meldrum, Mr W
Menzies, Rev H
Menzies, Mrs
Michael, Mrs W H
Mignon, Mr E
Miley, Dr
Millard, Mr T
Milne, Mr W
Mockler, Mr G H G
Moncrieff, Mr A L M
Montagu, Mr V Lionel
Montague, MP Hon E S
Montgomerie, Mr Hugh
Moon, Miss E
Moore, Mr P G
Moore, Mrs and infant
Morgan, Major E
Morgan, Mrs
Morgan, Mr Hungerford
Morgan, Mrs J T
Morley, Miss E
Morris, Miss A M
Morrison, Mr R G
Muir, Lieut A B
Mullick, Mrs
Murray Mr G Ramsay
Myline, Miss
Mairn, Dr W M
Nais, Mr H
Nais, Mrs child and governess
Napier, Mr Lloyd
Napier, Mrs
Naimy, Mr K A
Neville, Mrs E A
Newcombe, Capt
Noakes, Miss Gertaude
Norton, Mr E L
Oakes, Sir Reginald
Oakes, Lady, and maid
O'Faviell, Mr W F
O'Faviell, Mrs
O'Kinealy, Mrs F
Ormiston, Miss B
Ormiston Miss F
Orr, OSI ICS Hon Mr J P
Orr, Mrs child and nurse
Orr, Miss
Owen, Capt R C R
Oyens, Mr W de Marez
Paige, Capt C P
Paine, Mrs J
Parelwala, Mr B R
Parker, Mr K
Parker, Mr J B
Parsons, Miss E G
Paterson, Miss E M
Paterson, Mrs two children and nurse
Paterson, Miss M
Patil, Mr G C
Pavitt, Miss I
Payne, Mrs C F
Pearson, Mr T B
Pearson, Mrs A L
Pease, J
Peck, Mr L J
Peel, Mr H
Perrott, Major-Gen
Perott, Mrs
Pinson, Mr A V
Plymen, Mrs F J & infant
Podger, Mr J F
Portens, Mrs and child
Poulton, Capt Cecil
Prall, C B Major
Prall, Mrs and child
Prall, Mrs E J
Pratt, Dr Dorothy
Pringle, Mr H A
Pringle, Mrs
Pringle, Mr M
Pringle, Mrs
Pyne, Miss F
Quarrell, Mrs
Quarry, Mr C
Quarry, Miss
Rajpipla, Prince Digvijaysinhji of
Ramsay, Mr A E
Rashleigh, Mr R
Rateliffe, Mr H
Reilly, Mr C O C
Reith, Rev J Douglas
Richards, K C S Sir Henry
Richards, Lady
Richards, two Misses
Ricketts, Mr E W C
Ricketts, Mrs
Roberts (Jun) Mr James
Robertson, Mrs E D
Roche, Miss K
Ronald, Mr B K
Rowe, Lt-Col C H
Rowe, Mrs
Rowland, Mr G
Rowland, Mrs
Rowley, Mr J R
Russell, Mr J F
Rust, Mr N A
Sabonadiese, Mrs A
Sassoon, Mr M A
Sassoon, Mrs and child
Saville, Capt R V
Schooles, Sir Henry Ripon
Schools, Lady, and three maids
Scroggie, Mr C A
Selwyn, Lt-Col C H
Seton-Karr Mr
Sevadjian, Mr M
Sewell, Mrs Fane
Sheepshanks, Lieut R H
Shepherd, Capt G A G
Shipway, Mr F W
Shipway, Mrs and infant
Shri Vijaysinhji Maharaj Kumar
Sim, Mrs G G child, and infant nurse
Sincock, Mr P
Simkins, Miss M F
Simkinsons, Mr F V
Sleigh, Mr A I
Smith, Mrs, and infant
Smith, Miss D
Smith, Miss Dallas
Smith, Mrs H
Smith, Miss Henley
Smith, Capt O F
Smith, Mr W
Spence, Mr H F R
Spence, Mrs
Spence, Miss
Squire, Mr P
Steel, Mr A J
Steel, Mrs and nurse
Stein, Mr Enrico N
Stevenson, Capt
Stevenson, Mrs
Stevenson, Rev
Stevenson, Mr
Stewart, Major J H K
Stewart, Mrs J M
Stewart, Mrs R
Stewart, Mrs T P
Stirk, Mr F
Storrar, Mr G R
Stoyts, Mr P H
Stratton, Mr
Stuart, Miss H G
Studd, Mr B
Swales, W H
Swales, Mrs
Tallack, Mrs C M
Tarrant, Mr F A
Tatum, Major H
Taylor, Mr A K
Thomas, Mrs, two children and nurse
Thomas, Miss
Thompson, Capt J P
Thompson, Mrs and maid
Thomson, Mrs E W child and infant
Thorpe, Mrs A F
Thorpe, Mr W A C
Thiskier, Mr W S
Tollemache, Capt Hon. E P
Tombleson, Mr F B
Tompkins, Major H L
Townend, Mr R
Townsend, Mr R
Trail, Mrs W H
Trevor, Major A P
Trevor, Mr D B
Trevor, Mrs
Tudball, Hon Mr J
Tudball, Mrs
Tullooh, Miss K M
Turnbull, Capt B
Turner, Mr A J
Turton, Miss D
Tweedy, Hon Mr G A
Tweedy, Mrs
Tweedy, Miss N and governess
Twiss, Mrs Horace
Tyser, Sir Chas
Tyser, Lady, and maid
Tytler, Major R
Unna, Mr O W
Valdga, Mr P G
Van Beest, Mr H N Van Voorst
Van Beest, Mrs
Vandeleur, Col R S
Vandeleur, Mrs
Van Rysinga, Mr Jonker R L Humalda
Varese, Mr B
Varese, Mrs, and infant
Vickers, Mr W
Vickers, Mrs
Vidal, Miss
Villiers, Mr
Villiers, Mrs, and child
Vogell, Mr W V
Vost, Mrs G M
Vyass, Mr N N
Wadia, Mr C N
Wadia, Mrs
Wadia, Mr K D
Wadia, Mrs
Walker, Miss
Wall, Major F
Wall, Mrs
Wallach, Mr W
Wanklyn, Mr W L
Wanklyn, Mrs
Ward, Mr R W
Warton, Mr R B
Waterhouse, Mr J O
Wathelet, Mr Jules
Wathelet, Mrs
Watkin, Mr F E
Watkis, Mrs
Watkis, Mrs H B
Watson, Mrs
Watson, Mrs A
Watts, Mrs
Westmacott, Mrs
Westmann, Mr Theo
Wharton, Mr R
Whelan, Miss E
Whelan, Mr E C
White, Mr C A
White, Mrs, and child
White, Sir C Arnold
Williams, Mr J M
Williams, Mrs St John
Wilmer, Mr F W
Wilson, Mr C W
Wilson, K C M G, Sir G Fleetwood
Wilson, Mr J P
Wilson, Capt N M
Wilson, Mrs, two infants and nurse
Wimberley, Col C N C
Wimberley, Mrs
Wolters, Mr G J
Wood, Mr W G
Wood, Miss
Woodcock, Mrs E
Wright, Miss V
Wright, M D, Mr W M A
Wutzler, Mrs, and maid
Yatman, Major C
Yatman, Mrs
Yeatherd, Capt M L
Younghusband, Gen
Younghusband, Mrs
Yusuf, Mrs
Zoller, Mr F R

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Persia," Oct. 19.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Persia" sails to-day for Marseilles and Europe with the following passengers:—

Allanson, Mr H L L
Bad

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The City Line steamer City of Paris, 5915 tons Captain J. Campbell, will sail to-day for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo.

The steamer Janetta, 2778 tons, Captain A. G. A. Tomale, will sail to-day for Calcutta with the same bottom cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lings, 957 tons, Captain H. Manley, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Badrie, 1613 tons, Captain A. Fisher, sailed yesterday for Jeddah with 635 pilgrims on board as passengers.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer Maloja, 6782 tons, Captain H. G. C. Weston arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Chyebassa, 3,991 tons, Captain P. L. Wadge, arrived in harbour yesterday from London via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The steamer Dunrobin, 2, 319 tons, Captain W. E. Carr, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP

H M S Philomel.....Comdr B G W Ballard R N R.....Royal Navy
H M S Northbrook...Comdr A E Harold.....Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 18.

Angus	230 Dakers		T M & Co
Bunot	3791 Poter		P & O Co
Barala	1849 Butler		M M & Co
Barjora	1908 Burbridge		M M & Co
Boverio	2341 Harper	F F Campbell & Co	
Cecil	5310 Lorik		J M & Co
Chyebassa	3991 Wadge		M M & Co
Deuna	762 Morrison		M M & Co
Gymerlo	2593 Cassack		B N Lang
Harpenden	2302 Cromack	Turner Morrison & Co	
Lawoe	1817 Brewig	Jedah...Arab steamers Ld	
Managon	3280 Raddock	Calcutta...19-10...	M M & Co
Maloja	6782 Weston	London ...23-10...	P & O Co
Oolobaria	3437 Ramage		M M and Co
Persia	4155 Bradshaw	London ...19-10...	P & O Co
Republic	2764 Ireland		The Captain
Wearbeck	2446 Shotton		T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 18.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Assaye	4280	Cockman	Sghai	23-10	P & O Co
B Ariosso	2760	Bradley	Karachi	25-10	J Finlay & Co
DRE Devanha	4785	Hickey	Shanghai		P & O Co
F Belli of Ireland	2772	Weeks	Antwerp	30-10	T M & Co
G Naderi	1168	Hughes	Bo & P S N Co		
N Umvoti	1663	Keen	Dunkirk	21	R A Willis
O Umbloti	1398	Ost	22	W & A G & Co	
P Liverpool	3038	Baty	Mostyn Deep	26-10	K N & Co
Q Silversah	2378	Scroggie	Ant	26-10	T M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia	3523	Kelso	Lpool	28-10	W & A G & Co
3 Janeta	2778	Timmis	Cochin	19-10	K N & Co
4 Onda	3410	Cant	Rangoon		M M & Co
7 Habsburg	2395	Seberich		A L S N Co	
9 Weissenfels	2433	Bellen	Hamburg	22-10	W & A G & Co
10 City of Paris	5915	Campbell		K Nixon & Co	
15 Kauzler	1865	Schaffs	Durban		A S & Co

H W P D

Foonani	552	Dawood	Bo S N Co
Satrunji	547	Hoosein	Bo S N Co

P & O Dock.

Edith	1815	Beeching	Repairing

J Mackintosh & Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
18	Maloja	Weston	London, Sept 27
	Chyebassa	Wadge	London, Sept 14
	H M S Philomel	Ballard	Colombo, Oct 14

DEPARTURES.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
	Sanuki Maru	Teranaka	Kobe, &c
	Waddon	Whiston	Antwerp
	Capri	Amrasga	Hongkong
	Linga	Manley	Karachi
	Badrie	Fisher	Jeddah
	Dunrobin	Carr	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Janetta, Tennis for Calcutta.
" City of Paris, Campbell for Karachi.

The following vessels began to load yesterday —

Steamer Chyebassa for Antwerp.
" Belle of Ireland for Antwerp.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Glasgow sailed from Liverpool outward bound on the evening of the 18th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 18.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—5 bales hides, A Visram ; 48 bales wool, H K M Jetha ; 110 bales wool, M Joosub ; 30 bales cotton waste, K Visram and Co ; 110 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 25 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co : 49 bales wool, The Bombay Co ; 45 bales wool, M Ramjidas ; 100 bales cotton waste and 312 cwts Salmon Bros.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—2 cwts gum, G Sojpal.

FOR LONDON.

Maloja s—4,000 cwts castorseed, 8,000 cwts gram and 8,000 cwts mussoor, Ralli Bros ; 8,000 cwts barley, Sanday and Co ; 75 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—45 cwts gram, 1,980 cwts gingellyseed J Fachiri.

FOR ANTWERP.

Belle of Ireland s—7,000 tons manganesore, R A Willis.

Chyebassa s—4,000 cwts crushed bones, R Kaderbhoy.

FOR HAMBURG.

Weissenfels s—28 cwts mica, King King and Co ; 200 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 4,000 cwts gram, 2,000 cwts linseed and 2,000 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros ; 123 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co ; 1,128 bales cottonfly Salmon Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Weissenfels s—4,500 cwts gram, Ralli Bros ; 500 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Silversah s—2,000 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co ; 115 bales cottonfly, Salmon Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Habsburg s—220 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 125 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Habsburg s—300 bales cotton, W Wolfs and Son;

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—200 bales twist, M M Esabhoy ; 62 1-2 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws, A Chagla and Co; 15 cwts dry fruits, V Velji and Co ; 30 chests opium, S J David and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—100 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co ; 300 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co ; 20 cwts kismiss S Dossabhoy and Co ; 40 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 40 chests opium C Jamshomed and Co ; 10 chests opium T Gunsamdas ; 5 chests opium G Gunsamdas ; 5 chests opium H Gunsamdas ; 5 chests opium C Romenji and Co.

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not effect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations ? Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

BONESETTING.
A
SPECIALITY.

TO seek relief for your fractured, dislocated or sprained limbs, and to avoid permanent crippling, you should neither go to the General Practitioners nor to quack bonesetters, but to the Specialist,

BYRAM N. KHAMBATA,
SPECIALIST BONESETTER.
Orthopaedic Hall, Gaiety Building,
Opp. Victoria Terminus, Bombay.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASES
INCLUDING
SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER
INSURED AGAINST BY
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.
£6 Indian Agents £7
MESSRS. KING, KING & CO.,
BOMBAY
And the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.'s Offices, 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street and 100 Clive Street, Calcutta.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL
FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Cooria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

PAINTS
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by
MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING,
of London & Bristol,
can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE Literary Supplement of the *Bombay Gazette*, for publication in November, will be one of more than usual attractiveness and contain STORIES BY THE BEST WRITERS OF THE DAY.

Among these will be found G. R. SIMS, A and C. ASKEW, Sir A. QUILLER COUCH, J. H. McCARTHY, KATHARINE TYNAN, BARRY PAIN, DOROTHEA DEAKIN and HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

In addition it will have numerous pages of SKETCHES BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS, including HILDA COWHAM, A. E. MORTON, WILL OWEN and J. DODWORTH. It will in every way surpass its predecessors.

Advertisement space is limited and much is already taken up ; it is therefore desirable that application should be made early to the

GENERAL MANAGER,
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Fort.

WE SEND YOU FREE
A SAMPLE COPY OF
INDUSTRY.
A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.
New features, including illustrations, are added in the second year.
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Interesting Throughout.
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Absolutely sure medium.
For free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
Please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY," Shambazar, Calcutta.

BLUTHNER PIANOS.

THE CHOICE of a PIANO is somewhat difficult of solution in these days as one has so many makes offered in India all of which are "the best" from the manufacturers or the retailers point of view. To the uninitiated we would offer the advice that they cannot do better than follow the example given by the authorities of the Leipzic Conservatorium of Music who have given the matter of the choice of pianos most careful and thorough consideration from all points, with the result that at this celebrated institution of which Mendelssohn was the first Director, only Bluthner Pianos are purchased and nearly ONE HUNDRED GRANDS are in constant use.

Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., who are the Sole Agents for these superb instruments offer special facilities for the acquisition of these pianos. They are prepared to take the Pianofortes of other makers, irrespective of age or condition, at their full value, in part payment for Bluthner Pianos either for cash or payment by instalments if that is more convenient.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.
PIANO and MUSIC DEPARTMENT,
BOMBAY and POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Saturday, 19th October, 1912.

SOLITUDE.

THERE are few people who have not at one time or another been sufferers from the curious complaint which is named anthropophobia. This word, which is calculated to inspire the least hypochondriacal amongst us with alarm and misgiving is used to denote one of the commonest maladies of nerve-weary humanity. It signifies a fear and distaste of people and society, and an intense craving for solitude. This repugnance for our follow-creatures, and this longing to be alone, have very rightly been interpreted as a mental weakness, an unhealthy divergence from our natural gregariousness. In its chronic form the malady approaches the perilous borders beyond which madness lies; it is in fact less an actual disease than a symptom. We may, however, comfort ourselves with the reflection that our wish for solitude has generally been short-lived, or at any rate, easily satisfied, a sign that our reason has not at any time been gravely imperilled. Nevertheless we cannot but remember the times when our one impulse has been that of flight, when we have longed to escape from friends and foes alike, when undiscerning kindness and harmless banalities have seemed as unbearable as deliberate malice. We have felt that we could no longer endure the noisy crowds, the world's tired cynicism and the ungenial mental climate which has hindered the growth of our best impulses. Few of us are able to yield to our inclination, circumstance chains us to the oar, and we cannot escape, but even those who are free to come and go as they please do not as a rule make a very long sojourn in the temple of the goddess Solitude. They sing her praises, extol her healing and sanctifying powers, but as a rule they end by forsaking her.

There was, however, a time when the hermit was looked upon as the most meritorious and interesting of beings, so much so that many men became lay recluses, not from spiritual motives, but with the less exalted object of earning, with the minimum of exertion, a comfortable competency. In the beginning of the last century, it became the fashion for rich men who owned large and picturesque estates, to employ a hermit as a decorative object to furnish any cave or grotto which was situated on the domain. These professional recluses were engaged on the strict understanding that no gifts or tips were to be accepted from devout and admiring pilgrims : they were to remain apparently oblivious of reverential sightseers, gazing steadfastly at the skull or hour glass, provided by the patron. The editor of a well-known magazine of the period passed a curious apprenticeship in one of these caves. Who knows what editorial schemes passed through his mind as he sat apparently absorbed in his devotions ? Or perhaps he was merely anticipating the modern "rest-cure" at the noble lord's expense, and so enjoying a cheap, not to say profitable, holiday. Such posts were eagerly sought after, as the advertisements of the day show, a yearly stipend of a hundred guineas and free board and lodging, were a high rate of pay in return for the easy task of simply sitting still and meditating or appearing to meditate. Some employers were perhaps a little exacting, they expected their hermits to be almost conscientious in the performance of their role. Their hirelings had to be as thorough as the actor who blacked himself all over to represent Othello ; no half-measures were permitted. Mr. Hamilton of Payne's Hill was one of these precisians. He demanded that his recluse should sign a seven-years' contract to inhabit a specified cave. The man was not to cut hair, beard, or nails, he was to sleep on a mat, to hold no converse with anyone, and to eat and drink only such fare as his master chose to provide. Mr. Hamilton, in fact, wanted nothing less than the real thing, and was deeply chagrined to find that it was hard to obtain True hermits were as elusive as the modern cook, and he never succeeded in keeping one longer than a week. A very economical expedient occurred to Sir Richard Hill who desired to follow the 1852 mode without unnecessary expense. He accordingly caused a dummy figure to be placed in the dim recesses of his cave, where, surrounded by the usual "properties," it did duty for some time with signal success. Perhaps the ridicule which followed upon the discovery of the baronet's ruse helped to kill the absurd fashion, at any rate it seems to have died out at about that period, and we hear of no other dandies who included a hermit in their retinue.

Another sordid motive for retirement from the world is to be found in the miser's craze for solitude. The mind which is set upon amassing coin for the sake of the pleasure which the sight of gold brings, is generally a suspicious and a craven mind. The miser likes to be solitary, because in loneliness he can reduce the cost of living to a minimum. He likes the secrecy which enables him to gloat in safety over his precious hoard. Such a man was "Dollar Richards" of Cornish fame, who saved house-rent by living in the disused shaft of a mine. He came to the surface only to cultivate the potatoes on which he subsisted, and was as truly cut off from the world as that opposite extreme, St. Simeon Stylites of pillar fame. Madame Poncy, a French lady, was perhaps not so genuine a recluse, for her solitude was shared by a dozen or so of cats. She preferred these felines to an orphan niece whose sole relative she was, and she sent the child to a charitable institution rather than allow her privacy to be broken. This woman kept her vast mansion closed, and only inhabited the kitchen, in which she ate and slept until Time bestowed the greater solitude of the grave upon her. Apart from these cranks, whose aberrations are scarcely likely to be imitated, we have the genuine recluses whose mental or spiritual asceticism only thrives in solitude. They believe that in silence and seclusion they will be visited by the transfiguring mood which the noise and stress of the multitude render unattainable. This belief has been responsible for a good deal of the insolent eccentricity with which some of the great, and we may add, the irritable geniuses, have affronted Society. The world has perhaps been slow to understand that these super-men have tried to guard their high ideals from the common touch by remaining aloof from the crowd. Nietzche, who shared the impulse, has expressed the thought clearly in a chapter called "The Rabble". He says—"And many a one who hath turned away from life, hath only turned away from the rabble ; he hated to share with them fountain, flame, and fruit."

LATE SIR R. RITCHIE. THE late Sir Richmond Ritchie to whose death we briefly referred on Monday, filled the post of first Permanent Under Secretary of State for India for exactly three years. Lord Kilbrachan of Killegar, better known as Sir Arthur Godley, whom he succeeded in October 1909, is still living and would, in ordinary course, have retired from the Under Secretaryship in the latter part of the present year on completing his sixty-fifth year. But he sought a little earlier to be relieved of the heavy work which has unfortunately killed his successor in so short a time. Sir Richmond was only fifty-eight and appeared to have had still several years of active work before him, but his health seems to have broken down under the strain of his office. Only one of his four predecessors, since the post was created in 1858 when India was transferred to the Crown, has died in this office, and one, Sir George Clerk, who vacated it in 1860 when he was appointed Governor of Bombay, survived for nearly thirty years, dying at almost ninety. Herman Merrivale, who succeeded the latter, gave up a similar post at the Colonial Office to become Permanent Under Secretary at the India Office and died there in 1874. But this was not quite unexpected, as he remained in office for fourteen years and worked at it three years longer than the usual sixty-five. The salutary rule of compulsory retirement at the latter age was introduced after he had began his career, otherwise it might have saved his life which was passed all along in harness of no ordinary sort. Sir Louis Mallet, the grandson of the famous French refugee of the Revolution, Mallet du Pan, who came after him, was more prudent, as he retired of his own accord in 1883, just as he attained his sixtieth year, and was thus able to survive for seven years, doing leisurely work as an economist of the Cobdenite school. Sir Arthur Godley held the post after him for twenty-six years, and retired with a peerage.

All these three were new to the India Office when they became Under Secretaries, but Sir Richmond Ritchie passed his entire career of thirty-five years there and rose from a junior clerkship to be the permanent head of the India Office establishment. His promotion to the high post from the ranks, as it were, had given great satisfaction to the other officials who feel that it should be reserved as the highest prize for the Home branch of the Indian Civil Service to which they belong. It remains to be seen whether the precedent of 1909 will be followed in appointing another Under Secretary. Mr. Lionel Abrahams who was appointed only last year Assistant Under Secretary and who may legitimately expect to succeed his late chief, entered the India Office only nineteen years ago, whereas Sir Richmond had to wait till he was thirty-two years in subordinate posts. As to the qualifications for this high post Sir Louis Mallett wrote a highly interesting letter, summing up his own experience of nine years, in which he says : Whoever fills my place should possess the habits of political thought and training engendered by contact with English public life. At the centre of a vast administrative composed of powerful services, the India Office is the connecting link between two systems of Government, the parliamentary and the despotic, which are always liable to be brought into dangerous collision, and the Under Secretary is the one permanent official whose especial function it should be to resist and restrain the influence of the bureaucratic spirit, and to try and throw daylight upon the dark places of Indian Government." Sir Richmond was intimately connected with Thackeray, having married his daughter and being also his cousin. His father was for long a barrister at the Calcutta bar and for a few months before his premature death in that city in 1862 had risen to be the Law Member of the Viceroy's Council in the latter days of Lord Canning.

NAVAL MATTERS. THE new Mediterranean Fleet which is to be created between now and the month of July next, will be superior in gun-metal to the old one which is being gradually dissolved into the melting pot. It goes without saying that when the "real thing" comes along that the heaviest gun fire will win—provided always that it is straight. It has been calculated that the gun fire of the new Mediterranean Fleet will be superior to that of the old one in the proportion of 34,560 lbs. to 38,240 lbs, that margin being gained by the new armoured cruisers of the "Indomitable" type. In addition to the permanent forces in the Mediterranean to guard the way to India, the Far East and Australia the Home squadrons—both battle and cruiser—will visit the Mediterranean occasionally, if the political cutlass will permit of that—which is doubtful. Next July, when these arrangements have been carried out Great Britain will have in home waters seventeen Dreadnoughts and super-Dreadnoughts, and four Dreadnought battle cruisers, and the Kaiser will have thirteen Dreadnoughts and four battle cruisers in the North Sea—at our doors. This is a perilously narrow margin. In July it may not be a margin to our credit at all. The Germans outstripped us before when we were lagging along confidently. They may do so again. In ante-"Dreadnought battleships and cruisers we are superior to Germany, and although no less an authority than Lord Charles Beresford discounts the difference between the King Edwards and the Dreadnoughts, the latter are bound to be a determining factor in the next big naval conflict the Amargeddon of the waters. The "light armoured cruisers" of the First Lord of the Admiralty turn out to be light armoured cruisers in all truth—ships little better than first-class destroyers. Four of the eight projected cruisers have been ordered from private firms—two at Beardmore's, Dalmuir, and two at Vickers' Barrow. Two will be built at Chatham and Pembroke respectively it is understood, and the remaining two will be tendered for. It is hoped that one will be built on the Tyne. Speed and light protection will be the chief points of the First Lord's new creation. The sum to be spent on the eight ships during the current year is under £50,000 according to the estimates. The semi-official intimation that the Canadian Government will present the Imperial Fleet with three Dreadnoughts—or rather foot the bill for the same, apart from whatever may be done afterwards towards building a Canadian fleet, is worthy of the patriotic spirit which seems to have entered Canada to her depths. At the same time it is understood that this offer will depend upon the Mother Country keeping up a standard battleship building programme. These Dreadnoughts are to supplement the fighting strength of the navy, and not to take the place of three which would have otherwise been built. The Canadians are perfectly right in this contention. "Retrenchment" as understood by Whitehall is a hateful word.

LAWYERS' FEES. THE charges of the lawyer have long been a heavy grievance of the layman. Therefore, when the latter sees one branch of the great legal profession admitting that the excessive cost of litigation reduces the quantity of business, and blaming the other branch for charging too much, he pricks his ears, and wonders if at last he is to find relief. Not only does he prick his ears, but the whole of the profession, at any rate in the United Kingdom, has been set by the ears by the remarkable speech, which was recently delivered by the President of the Law Society. He said, in short, that solicitors are suffering to-day from reduced opportunities for practise, owing to the fact that the exorbitant charges of barristers have discouraged litigation. This has raised a pretty controversy, and according to the mail papers recriminations are somewhat free. The Bar think that a leader, preferably the Attorney General himself, should make a considered reply to the solicitors' president, but as this course is not likely to be taken the junior members of the Bar feel strongly that the public should be made aware of certain things, which they point out are not generally known outside the limits of the profession. The principal one ssems to be that it is not unusual for some solicitors to ask the client for funds on the ground that counsel have to be paid, while the money is really wanted to reimburse the solicitor for his own costs. And the feature about these transactions, which annoys the Bar, is that notwithstanding the payment by the client of money "for counsel's fees" the unfortunate barrister has frequently to wait many months before this money reaches the destination for which it was asked. This point concerns some solicitors only. On the other hand it may be pointed out that the President of the Law Society seemed principally to refer to a few barristers only, to those who occupy the front rank. However, the point that the junior Bar raises is not one, which very much concerns the public. They are anxious to see whether fees will be reduced. From India, we can watch the turmoil with dispassionate interest, as whatever happens at Home we are not likely to find any effect here for a long time to come.

THE Bengal Executive Council will meet at Darjeeling on Tuesday next, when it is expected that measures for the suppression of gambling will be considered.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

THE WAR CLOUDS IN THE NEAR EAST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCT. 4.

As the situation in the Balkans will be dealt with at length by my colleague, "Asiaticus," I need only call attention to the fact that so far public opinion in this country is neutral. If there be any leaning at all, it is to the side of the Turks. This may be and probably is due to the feeling that the members of the Balkan Confideracy have not been quite playing the game in taking advantage of the Ottoman Government being engaged in war with Italy. But apparently the peace negotiations in Switzerland are on the eve of a happy termination. Whether this will make for the maintenance of peace in the Near East, as many suppose, remains to be seen.

THE BABY AND THE MADONNA.

Parva leves capiunt animos ! In last Saturday's issue of the *Times* there appeared a letter from Sir Henry Knollys, defending the sacrifice of Philæ to the irrigationists, (if I may be allowed the expression). "Suppose," he wrote, "an art lover in a garret with a baby and the Dresden Madonna. Suppose a sudden outbreak of fire were so to block up the narrow staircase that he could not rescue both objects. Ought he to save the baby or the picture ? Should we spare Philæ or starve millions ?" Sir George, who, as he reminds us, was one of the first—perhaps the very first—who drew public attention some fourteen years ago to what he, with others, considers an act of almost unparalleled vandalism, promptly accepted Sir Henry Knollys's challenge. "Well," Sir George, in the course of his brilliant letter, said, "I would try to save both, but if the direful choice were forced on me I should certainly save the Dresden Madonna first. One can get another baby any day, by adoption, if not by grace ; but there is only one Dresden Madonna to be had for love or money." Next day a correspondent signing himself "Hennen Edgelow" solemnly protested against this "extraordinary doctrine," and called upon the members of the two distiguished Indian Orders, of which Sir George is an ornament, to say whether they support the view that "it is better to allow a live baby to burn than a Dresden Madonna." So far none of them has responded. Most of them know Sir George Birdwood if "Hennen Edgelow" does not, and they are aware that in the emergency, imagined by Sir Henry Knollys, our venerable friend, than whom there is no more kind-hearted man living, would do the same as the rest of us. But although the *Times* has not been overwhelmed with repudiations from members of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India or of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, the *Daily Express* has been industriously collecting the opinions of all sorts of celebrities on the ethical question involved—the main point of issue, not being so sensational, is of course ignored—and some of the replies received make very interesting reading. I quote a few *place aux dames*. Mrs. Elinor Glyn : "Much too difficult a question for my small brain to answer. It is worse than the lady and the tiger." Mrs. Humphry ("Madge"): "Sir George Birdwood's assertion about the burning house, the baby, and the Madonna will have been a source of considerable amusement to his many friends, for they know well that at the first cry of pain from the burning child Sir George would drop the Madonna and pick up the poor little mortal," etc. Mrs. Belloc Lowndes : "Of course I should save the baby without hesitation, and I am surprised that there can be any divergence of opinion on the subject. I went to a luncheon party to-day, where Sir George Birdwood's letter raised a keen discussion. One man frankly said that he would save the baby if it was his, not otherwise. Another declared that he would do his duty by the baby, but with regret." Mary Champion : "A woman would not have the slightest hesitation. The Dresden Madonna would burn to unbeautiful ashes. The human instinct is far stronger in us than the artistic sense, and the wailing of a baby thrills deeper than any arrangement of inanimate pigment. After all, is art greater than human-life ? Every woman and practically every man would save the baby, and let all Rome burn." Now for the sterner sex. Bishop Welldon : "I would save the child." H. G. Wells : "Save the baby certainly ; and if the alternative was not a baby but a kitten, I would save the kitten in the interests of art. The worship of masterpieces means the suffocation of art and literature," G. Bernard Shaw : "I should certainly save the live baby ; but this reply leaves you as wise as you were before, because you can hardly call Raphael's baby, which is getting on four hundred years old, and is as much alive as on the day of its birth, a dead baby. What Sir George Birdwood has written on the Philæ question is obviously the soundest common sense." (Mr. Shaw is the only one who refers to the real point at issue between the Philistines, as represented by Sir H. Knollys, and the Æsthetes as represented by Sir G. Birdwood). Max Pemberton : "Should let Dresden Madonna go hang. Man is more than matter in whatever shape, and the commonest instincts of humanity would decide the issue. We do not live by art alone, nor by any work that comes out of the galleries." Algernon Ashton : "Of course, there can only be one possible answer to this wicked, not to say, contemptible question. I reply with a voice of thunder—Save the baby before the Dresden Madonna." (Poor Algernon !). M. A. (Balliol, Oxon) : "The picture by all means. . . . We English people attach far too much importance to the value of human life—except when we massacre 'niggers,' or allow our own Tommies to be massacred through wicked carelessness and neglect." The *Pall Mall Gazette* has turned the affair to political use. Its clever cartoon shows a garret on fire. The picture on the wall is Mr. John Redmond holding a copy of the Home Rule Bill. The child on the floor is little Ulster, one arm clutching a ball covered with the Union Jack, and the other held out appealingly to Mr. Asquith who stands at the door hesitating which he shall save! Sir George has kindly sent me the following comments on the amusing discussion:—

SIR GEORGE BIRDWOOD'S COMMENTS.

"I have not allowed myself to be entrapped into this clamorous controversy over the 'Baby and the Madonna,' as the headlines label it; the confounded brat being none of mine, it's aPhilæ-ation being altogether on Sir Henry Knollys. The side issue, Sir Henry raised, has nothing to do with the question of the destruction and desecration of Philæ; and he raised it, as counsel for the defence with admirable adroitness and simply to betray the prosecuting counsel—myself—into an admission which his jury of British Matrons and their meticulous spouses, would have proved fatal to my cause, in spite of its leaving my argument unscathed. He thought to get me in a cleft stick; and, therefore, I gave the question he put to the world the only answer possible in the circumstances and so sterilised that little stick ("bacillus") of his. And, surely, it was obvious that I did this in the sporting, not to say sportive, spirit of one whose istinct is to 'play the game and play up.'

"It is extraordinary how people have ignored the real issue and concentrated their attention, their impassioned attention, on this utterly unreal and preposterous problem of the relative value of a baby, and a picture, which is at once an artistic and a spiritual glory. What one would really do in so far-fetched a dilemma as Sir Henry Knollys so 'devilish well' devised, it is impossible to say : it would be a matter of natural instincts, not of your thought and will.

"I know that in two graphic experiences of mine, one in an explosion, and the other with a man overboard, in both of them I, automatically, did my exact duty, without the slightest aforethought, desire or determination to do it,—even without any knowledge of doing it until it was done. It is, therefore, that I have never been able to believe very convincedly in courage as the special virtue, i.e. virility of an individual ; but to regard it more as an instinct inherited from one's forefathers. In one of this morning's paper a man very rudely puts to me the modified question, 'If you were in that blazing garret and with that picture, would you not save yourself and not the Dresden Madonna ?' Well, all I can say before the event is that I should certainly prize not only the Dresden Madonna, but fifty other Madonnas, and Bambino's I know before my own life ; and that if in the event of a fire, in which only I or one of these Madonnas could survive, if I did not save the Madonna, instinctively, I should for ever after feel myself to be a blockhead and a blackguard and the gates of heaven eternally closed to me. That a fellow Englishman should hold this to be an impossibility shows how nearly a century of peace since Waterloo has eaten into and degraded the virility of the English race ; as is more alarmingly demonstrated by the deaf ear turned by this country to Lord Roberts's strenuous appeal for years past to enforce a system of universal military service. It is unthinkable that Englishmen could ever have so degenerated in manliness, as to leave the defence of the lives and honour of their women kind to the defence of volunteer 'territorials' and boy scouts.

"One or two have said, the babe should be saved before the picture, because it might grow up to be a second Raphael, even a greater Raphael, but that is the vainest of hopes; the Age of Faith has passed. For the rest of my adverse critics the all-sufficing answer is 'Boo' ! Of those who have implicitly defended me, I feel under the greatest obligation to Mrs. Belloc Lowndes, the authoress of 'The Heart of Penelope,' 'Studies in Wives,' etc. and Mrs. Humphrey, known to the four imagined corners of earth as 'Madge.'"

THE LATEST IN TRADE UNIONISM.

A novel and startling development of Trade Unionism is threatened. The Miners' Federation at Swansea yesterday decided in a "card vote" in favour of a working week of five days. The resolution, however, was only carried by a comparatively small majority—306,000 to 283,000—and therefore it has been resolved to ballot the whole of the miners in the country "before taking any further steps"—that I suppose before proclaiming another general strike of miners, if the masters prove obdurate. But surely the unconsidered public will have something to say about a proposal which, if carried out, will obviously add to the already excessive cost of living by increasing the price of coal. Unforunately the interests of the masters and those of the consumers are not always identical. For example, a Lancashire coalowner once frankly remarked to me on the occasion of a coal strike, "I have said to my chaps as I always say, 'Let us combine and make the something public pay'" !

RISING FROM THE RANKS.

The Bishop of Sheffield, preaching at Middlesborough on Sunday, remarked that the "recorded saying of Napoleon that every private soldier carried a field marshal's baton in his knapsack might be true in theory though it was disappointing in practice." Napoleon did not say "every soldier." What he said was "tout souldat francais," which is quite another thing. The late Count de Cardi, a well-known member of the French colony in London, once said to me, "Why is that while in our Army the private soldier prefers to have over him one who has risen from the ranks, while your Tommy Atkins always prefers that his officers should be gentlemen by birth ?" I replied, "Does he ?" I still say, "Does he ?" I know that there are many, who would reply in the affirmative, especially those who are not particularly anxious that the number of "rankers"—to use an offensive expression—should be increased. *A propos* a naval officer, who began his career on the lower deck has just been raised to the grade of commander on the Active List—the first case of the kind in recent times, but not I hope the last. This fortunate individual is Commander Ligue, who did good work in the South African War while in charge of a torpedo boat, and who has lately commanded a gun-boat, the "Ringdove," apparently with satisfaction to the powers that be in Spring Gardens. Simultaneously the Admiralty has announced the names of eighteen petty officers of ships in Home waters, who have been selected for special training with a view to promotion to commissioned ranks. When the names of selected candidates on "foreign" stations are published, I trust that we shall find the squadron in the East Indies represented. In the spring there will be a further selection from the various fleets at Home and abroad. All this should tend to still further popularise the Navy amongst our youngsters, unless the blue-jacket as well as the red-coat has a rooted objection to rise in the world !

ESPERANTO AND PEACE CONGRESSES.

Dr. J. Pollen has just returned from the Esperanto Congress at Krakor and the Peace Congress at Geneva. He reports that the two congresses presented a strange contrast. The congress at Krakor was the real Peace Congress. That at Geneva was the reverse of peaceful. All those taking part in the Congress at Krakor could understand one another without difficulty by means of the common language—whereas Pacifists at Geneva were perplexed by "quadruplicated" translations or mistranslations, and the most part of those present failed ignominiously to make out what all the rest were talking about ! At times the confusion was so great that some wags raised the cry, "Great is Diana of the Ephesians, !"

There can be no doubt that the language difficulty proves a great obstacle to the smooth working of these International Congresses—and Dr. J. Pollen is, at the present moment, reporting the results of the Eighth Esperanto Congress for the information of the Right Hon'ble L. A. Peace and the Board of Education. He describes the Congress of Esperantists at Krakor as a complete success. The utmost concord prevailed and the great body of Esperantists are solid in their determination to go on with the language—as it is under the guidance of Dr. Zamenhof. The Congress was attended by 940 delegates from 23 different nations including India, Mexico and Japan—and the Imperial Government of Austria and the Kingdom of Hungary were officially represented by Lieut.-Col. L. Gostormski and Monsignor Giesswen respectively.

(*Continued on page* 8)

THE BALKAN WAR.

BULGARS' TACTICAL RETIREMENT BEFORE THE TURKS.

RUMANIA PREPARING TO FIGHT.

PECULIAR POSITION OF GREECE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SOFIA, Oct. 17.

The King has started for the front.

BELGRADE, Oct. 17.

The King has gone to Nish.

The Servians have defeated the Albanians at Prijpolje, killing two hundred men. They are probably aiming at joining hands with the Montenegrins.

The Porte states that the reasons for the Declaration of War are the Note from the Balkan States, which interferes with its internal affairs, the mobilisation of the Balkan States, and the daily skirmishes. The Porte adds that it is impossible to maintain peace any longer, notwithstanding its ardent desire for peace.

It is considered noteworthy that Greece was not included in the Declaration of War.

The Turkish Minister has left Athens, without asking for his passport.

GREECE JOINS THE ALLIES.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

Turkey's delay in declaring war on Greece was due to uncertainty, whether the Greek Note was identical with the Servian and Bulgarian Notes, the Turkish Minister at Athens having refused to accept it. The Porte has now learned that the Note was identical, consequently a Declaration of War may be expected at any moment.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The position in regard to Greece is curious. The Greek Minister in Constantinople, interviewed Noradunghian in the evening, and asked why he had not received his passports, like his Bulgarian and Servian colleagues, insisting that the Greek Note was identical with that of Greece's allies. Noradunghian promised to submit the matter to the Cabinet, which is now considering the question.

It is asserted that war with Greece may still be avoided.

On the contrary, a telegram from Athens states that Servia first, and then Bulgaria, declared war, and Greece, not wishing to detach herself from her allies, instructed her Minister in Constantinople to declare war at the same time, and sent a message of fraternal greetings to her allies.

BELGRADE Oct. 17.

Servia declared war on Turkey in the evening. The streets were crowded with people shouting and cheering.

INVASION OF BULGARIA.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 18.

Turkish regulars crossed the frontier on the night of the 16th at Kirdjali, and penetrated several kilometres into Bulgaria. Fighting began at ten in the evening, and still continues.

CONSTANTIOPLE, Oct. 18.

The Turkish advance into Bulgaria met with no serious resistance, the Bulgarian advance guard falling back on the main body. It is expected that a battle will take place to-day. The Bulgarians have destroyed two important railway bridges, south of Philippopolis.

The Rumanian steamer "Princess Marie" has been released, and has arrived in the Bosphorus.

ATHENS, Oct. 18.

The Greek gun-boats were unnoticed by the Turkish troops, who were working in a blaze of light completing the defences of the fortresses. Greece now commands the Gulf of Arta, entering the supplies of the army in Epirus.

SULTAN'S APPEAL TO HIS TROOPS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 18.

The Sultan, in a proclamation, invites his soldiers to respect the lives and property of non-combatants, also of women and children.

Irades have been issued granting autonomy to Tripoli, and an amnesty to the Yemen rebel, Said Idriss, and his followers.

Russia had made strong representations to the Porte, and is also communicating with the Powers, as to the necessity of keeping open the Dardanelles to neutral merchantmen.

PAUSE IN THE FIGHTING.

A telegram from Podgoritza, dated the evening of the 17th inst. says that there is a pause in the fighting the Montenegrins concentrating at Tuzi, preparatory to advancing on Skutari. Numerous troops are moving out from Skutari to meet them, and a battle is imminent.

The ground is very unfavourable to the Montenegrins, being the marshy eastern shore of Lake Skutari, and in the event of a defeat, the rear of the Montenegrins will be unprotected.

RUMANIA COMING IN.

BUKHAREST, Oct. 18.

It is stated in semi-official circles that Rumania has decided to prepare for the mobilisation of three army corps, as she considers that the eventual success of Bulgaria might be dangerous to herself.

MEDICAL VOLUNTEERS.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

Offices of the Red Cross Society in London are being inundated with applications to go at the front. A detachment will leave Montenegro on Sunday. It includes Major Leak, V. C., of the Bengal Nagpur Railway, Frederick Goldsmith, Chief Medical Officer, Imphal, and Anthony Bradford, a London practitioner.

IN INDIA.

Meeting to be held in Bombay.

A public meeting of the Mahomedans of Bombay will be held under the auspices of the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay to-morrow, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) at the Anjuman Hall, Sandhurst Road, in connection with the present Turkish troubles in the Balkans. All Mahomedans are cordially invited to attend.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

At a meeting of Mahomedans held here, under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Ariff, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

That this meeting offers its best thanks to the Aga Khan for voicing the sentiments of the Moslems, and gladly welcome his suggestion that Indian Mussalmans should lay aside all projects and concentrate their efforts on the Balkan crisis.

That this meeting emphatically protests against the manifesto, issued by the Balkan Committee, and the utterances of some irresponsible Christian missionaries from the pulpit and the platform, which are sure to arouse the just indignation of Mussulmans.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 18.

A private commercial cable received here today dwells principally on the rise of the Bank of England discount rate to 5 per cent. The advance has been expected for some days past; indeed the Bank of England has been declining to discount at less than 5 per cent. For several days the market rate has remained in the neighbourhood of 4 11-16 per cent. so that there is little likelihood of there being any run on the Bank England for the moment. In the meantime according to private advices, all the Balkan States and Greece are now attacking Turkey, who up to the present appears to have been relying on the intervention of the Powers to arrest the conflagration. The only effect on the markets of Europe has been a hardening in the price of food stuffs and current freights remain very firm.

STRENGTH OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Now that all the members of the Confederacy are in the field, the following estimate of their military strength, by the military correspondent to the "Times," is of value. He says:—

Bulgaria, with an available strength of 400,000 men, and an efficient field army which may amount to 250,000 men with 700 guns, is by far the most formidable of the Balkan allies. Almost all experts who have visited Bulgaria speak in high terms of the Bulgarian Army, which in organisation, armament, and spirit appears to be formidable. It has always been assumed that in case of war with Turkey Bulgaria would strive to profit by her superior organization and rapidity of mobilization. Servia is the next most considerable military State among the allies and may be able to place in the field an army of 150,000 men, with over 500 guns, out of double that number of men available for service. Greece will act before her military reorganization has had time to take effect and her field army will scarcely exceed 80,000 men, with 350 guns. Finally, in Montenegro, every able-bodied man is a soldier, and these hardy mountaineers, though not well organized for offensive war, will be a thorn in the side of the Turks as they have ever been. These four States have not, all told, as many fighting men as Turkey, but for prompt operations in Europe their strength is superior to that of Turkey and they should have a marked numerical superiority in artillery.

DISCOUNT RATE.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

The Bank of France announces its rate of discount at 3½ per cent.

PERSIAN RAILWAYS.

Negotiations for a British Line.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

Replying to Colonel Yate, in the House of Commons, Sir Edward Grey said that negotiations for a concession for a railway from Mohammerah to Khorramabad were still in progress.

MR. ROOSEVELT.

Reassuring Bulletin Issued.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.

The latest bulletin about Mr. Roosevelt is most reassuring. The doctors expect to allow him to go home early next week.

ENGLISH RACING.

Result of the Middle Park Plate.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The result of the Middle Park Plate is:—

Craganour	1
Shogun	2
Louvois	3

Seven ran.

Won by three lengths, with the same distance between second and third.

The betting at the start was:—11 to 8 against Craganour, 100 to 15 against Shogun, and 5 to 1 against Louvois.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The South African Rugby team beat Glamorgan, at Cardiff, by 35 points to 3.

NEW GOVERNORS.

LONDON, Oct. 17.

Mr. Walter E. Davidson, Governor of the Seychelles, has been appointed Governor of Newfoundland, in succession to Sir Ralph Williams, who retires in February.

Colonel O'Brien, Colonial Secretary to Gambia, has been appointed Governor of the Seychelles.

BASEBALL.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.

In the contest for the world's baseball championship, the team known as "Red Sox" defeated the New York Giants by three runs to two.

HOME RULE DEBATE.

Ireland to Have its own Post Office.

QUESTION OF LOSSES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The House of Commons rejected the Unionist amendment to the Home Rule Bill, retaining the Irish postal administration under the Imperial Government by 279 votes to 200.

Mr. Samuel dwelt on the loss of the Irish Post Office, and asked the Unionists to tell the British taxpayer that the loss, without Home Rule, would increase five-fold during the next twenty years.

Mr. Bonar Law said that if Ireland chose to be a separate colony, the Unionist Government's first duty would be to its own people, and to Ireland afterwards.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

Secession of Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

At a suffragette demonstration at the Albert Hall, last night, Mrs. Pankhurst, referring to Mr. and Mrs. Pethwick Lawrence, said that the movement would be strengthened now that they were free to work as they thought best. She urged the audience to break windows and attack the sacred idol of property.

In conclusion, she said, "I incite you to rebellion."

LATER.

Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence have seceded from the Women's Social and Political Union as they are unable to agree with the new militant policy of Mrs. Pankhurst and her daughters.

They will devote themselves to championing the cause, through their paper, "Votes for Women."

MARCONI LOSES AN EYE.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

As the result of his motor accident on Sept. 25th, Signor Marconi's right eye has been removed.

[The accident occurred near Spezia, where Signor Marconi's car collided with another motor-car. Reuter's telegram said that Signor Marconi, who injured his eye and sustained bruises, had received first aid at a hospital, so that at the time his condition did not appear to be regarded as serious.]

FRACAS AT A HINDU TEMPLE.

Hindus Assault Missionaries and School Boys.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 18.

The *Madras Mail's* Trichinopoly correspondent telegraphs to-day:—Yesterday afternoon some European Fathers of the St. Joseph's College with a large party of students went pic-nicking to Elamanur, eight miles away. Father Chanut, with some small boys, visited the Thirupalathoria temple and entering the outer enclosure conversed in a friendly manner with the Hindus inside and sought permission to enter the enclosure. Shutting in the shrine, meanwhile, the men went outside and returned with a body of men. The Kanakapillay of the temple who was conversing with Father Chanut slapped his face and a general assault with sticks followed. The priest and the students tried to escape, but both the gates were closed. Five small boys scaled up the wall and escaped. Three were brought back to the temple, but one of the other two informed the main party, while the other disappeared. Father Chanut's remonstrances and offer of compensation were ignored. When a rescue party with Father Vion arrived, the men within the temple enclosure refused to open the gates. The rescue party fearing some fatality forced an entrance by breaking open the door. It is alleged that two policemen inside the temple deprived Father Chanut of his rattan and joined in the assault. On getting outside the Missionary party were pursued with stones and sticks up to the railway station. The railway police, it is also said, refused assistance. Two lay brothers in company with Father Vion were brutally assaulted. The party returned to Trichonopoly by the evening train. Father Andrew remained at the station to find the three missing boys. All of them eventually arrived safe at the College. Father Bertram, Rector of the College, personally reported the assault to the District Magistrate who deputed a Deputy Collector to make an immediate investigation and to rescue the missing boys. Mr. Bozario, Deputy Collector, cycled with a Police Inspector to Elamanur and found the boys and returned with Father Andrew. The investigation is proceeding.

THE NEW CAPITAL OF DELHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Oct. 18.

The *Morning Post* understands that within a short period, probably during the next two months, the Civil Lines and temporary buildings in Delhi will be constituted a separate administrative area under a Committee. As soon as work commences on New Delhi in a year or so, another administrative area will be constituted to include the new city and its immediate surroundings. During the building of new Delhi the present Municipal Committee will continue to exercise powers in the city, but once New Delhi is built in five or six years' time, it is expected that a Corporation will be instituted which will consist of from thirty to fifty members and will absorb the present Municipality, the Civil Lines Committee and the New Delhi Committee.

CASE AGAINST "THE BEHAREE"

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

A Chapra correspondent wires that Mr. Syed Hussain Mirza, Deputy Magistrate of Chapra, has filed a defamation case against the editor and printer of the "Beharee" newspaper of Bankipur, for publishing certain allegations reflecting upon the public character of the complainant. The case will be heard after the Pujah vacation.

A Gas Cooking Stove will roast, bake or boil at the same time. It is always ready for use and is the cheapest, most reliable and cleanest method of cooking.

TROOPS FROM TIBET.

Interview with Chinese Commander.

WOUNDED IN THE FACE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

The Chinese troops, who embarked yesterday at Outram Ghat and left Calcutta to-day, belonged to three regiments, the bodyguard under Major Lui, the second regiment under Major Chang Tse Ching and the third under Major Chow. None of them had been a general before as was currently supposed, but the three commanders, who were all young men had been styled Generals by the soldiers after the mutiny at Lhassa, that followed the declaration of the Chinese Republic.

Major Chang, who had just got a bullet wound in the face healed, was interviewed under some difficulties as each question had to be first turned into "pidgin English," then into Cantonese, and afterwards into Szechuanese. He, like all the others, came from Szechuan. He was understood to say that his regiment consisted originally of six hundred men, of whom one hundred had been away, and now only one hundred and seventy remained. He described the Tibetans as good men, who were handy with the gun as indeed his face bore witness.

Captain Needham, who can speak both Pekinese and Szechuanese with fluency, proved himself invaluable in charge of the party on their way down. On board the steamer, the captain of the "Japan," Captain Seddon, will depend for control mainly upon the fact that though his Chinese soldiers speak entirely different dialects, the written Chinese language is the same everywhere.

A guard of the Carnatic regiment was on guard during the stay of the "Japan" in Calcutta. But the troops appear to be settling down quite comfortably.

As regards loot from Lhassa, the Chinamen were very evasive and nothing could be learnt as to how much they were taking away with them.

KALIMPONG, Oct. 18.

The last batch of the Chinese troops arrived here yesterday and were much superior from a military point of view to those that passed through earlier. The British troops and Gurkhas on duty between here and the frontier also arrived, Colonel Willoughby was in charge.

PATHAN TROUBLE IN CALCUTTA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

Pathan lawlessness in Calcutta is engaging the attention of the public and the authorities. The Cabulee influx has been increasing steadily and this is followed by a corresponding increase in violent crimes. The *Englishman*, in a leading article to-day on the subject, says that Pathan is not a desirable citizen in a large trading city as Calcutta. It is obvious that the police are incapable of dealing effectually with the Pathan lawlessness, for the simple reason that these people have successfully defied the police on several occasions. The time has come seriously to consider the propriety of deporting Pathans from Calcutta and its suburbs. There is apparently no other way of dealing with the trouble.

PORT OF RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 18.

Last year's operations of the Port of Rangoon show receipt on revenue account of Rs. 59 2-3 lakhs, of which debt account was responsible for Rs. 23 1-2 lakhs. The registered tonnage of the 1,390 vessels, which entered the port, was two crores and six lakhs, or an increase of 65,000 tons over the previous year. The chief features of the year was the completion of the Sule Pagoda wharf, which with other port works cost altogether one crore and ten lakhs of rupees. The total expenditure on the river dredging works was close on ninety-two lakhs. Government of India have sanctioned the revised estimates for these works, amounting to one and a half crores of rupees.

THE CALCUTTA TRAGEDY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

Mrs. Burgess, who, along with her two children, was shot by George Gasper in the Medical College Hospital, has been discharged. Two out of the three bullets were successfully extracted; the third bullet has not been located.

DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

A cyclone passed over the Bhola, the subdivision in the Noakhali district on the 13th instant, destroying two hundred houses, and rendering many families destitute. A fund is being raised for the assistance of the sufferers.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

Mr. Vangla Sheepan, who recently figured in a case under section 354, Penal Code, was arrested again on Wednesday at the instance of Madame Rosa, proprietress of the Hotel de France at Chandernagore on a charge of cheating. It was alleged that the accused stayed at the hotel for some time, and left without paying. He was taken to Chandernagore, and detained in jail pending the hearing of the case.

SIR HAMILTON Freer Smith, who was President of Parliamentary Committee which preceded the Indian Factory Commission will reach India about the middle of December for a cold weather tour.

THE P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Malojs," which arrived in harbour yesterday from England, brought 498 passengers, on board and among them were the following distinguished personages:—The Hon. Mr. E. S. Montagu, M. P., the Hon. Mr. L. Montagu, the Hon. Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, Lady Craddock, Sir H. and Lady Griffin, Sir H. Richards, K.C., the Hon. Mr. G. A. Tweedy, Mrs. and the Misses Tweedy, Sir A McRobert, Sir K. G. Gupta, the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr, H.H. the Maharajah of Alwar, Sir C. A. White, Sir C. F. Wilson, the Hon. Mr. J. D. Tudball, Brigadier-General Egerton, Maharajah Kumar Shri Vijay Singji of Rajpipla and Prince Dagvaja Singji of Ralpipla.

FACTORY VENTILATION.

Ad Interim Report of the Committee.

FURTHER ASSISTANCE NEEDED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

The following extracts are taken from the report of the Factory Ventilation Committee:—

We have considered the request made in Government Resolution dated the 14th of August, 1911, regarding the determination of a standard of purity for the atmosphere in textile factories, and we beg to submit the following conclusions. We have examined the state of the atmosphere in a number of selected factories, and attach to our report the record of the observations taken. Based on these records, we are in a position to fix the standard of carbon dioxide, which is suitable for adoption in India. This standard is as follows: In dry sheds 11 parts per 10,000 over outside atmosphere; in humid sheds 8 parts per 10,000 over outside atmosphere.

It will be seen from our records that the standard adopted by us is so seldom exceeded, that there is every prospect of its being accepted by the millowners without complaint. We have no reason to anticipate that the enforcement of this standard will be attended by any difficulties, or will involve any interference with the process of manufacture. At the same time we beg leave to invite the attention of Government to the fact that the result of the most recent researches in England has been to discredit the value of the C. O. test itself, as a test of adequate ventilation in textile or other factories.

We have examined very carefully the question of ventilation in factories, and we are of opinion that no satisfactory solution of the difficulty is likely to be arrived at by merely fixing a standard of carbon dioxide for textile factories; all recent investigations point to a different conclusion. We are unanimously of the opinion that the comfort of the operators in textile factories is dependent far more largely on the factors of temperature and humidity, than on the parts of carbon dioxide contained therein. We have even ventured to draw up an illustration of real requirements of Indian factories, a scheme of skeleton rules modelled to a large extent on English lines, but capable of easy adaptation to Indian requirements, which would in our opinion form the basis of a satisfactory solution of the question of ventilation in Indian mills, and we append this scheme to our report.

Our position expressed briefly in as follows:—If the Government are content to adopt a standard of ventilation based on parts of carbon dioxide to 10,000 volumes of atmosphere, the scale laid down by Government, if suitable, can be readily adopted and easily checked. We have procured from England a Haldane apparatus of the latest type, and we are in a position to state with certainty that any competent factory inspector, after a few lessons, with the assistance of this apparatus, can determine, in a few minutes, whether the atmosphere of a factory is in conformity with the scale that we have thought fit to prescribe. We are not in a position to furnish Government at present with definite standards and rules based on the factors of temperature and humidity. We have not held ourselves empowered under the terms of the reference made to us to formulate final proposals in detail on these lines. We are prepared if Government so desire to formulate for adoption in Indian mills, standards and rules based on English experience adapted to Indian requirements for the regulation of textile factories. Before we formulate our final conclusion and draft them in the shape of standards and rules, we require the assistance of a hygienic expert, who has had the advantage of working under the English Commission on the subject of humidity and ventilation in weaving sheds. With this assistance we are prepared to furnish Government with rules and tables of temperature and humidity adapted to Indian requirements. We venture to think that, if Government are prepared so to extend the terms of their reference to us and to furnish us with this assistance, we shall be in a position to lay down a standard of ventilation for Indian textile mills which, while being in conformity with the results of the most recent hygienic investigations in England, and adapted to the requirements of the workers, will still be capable of enforcement in India, without entailing unreasonable demands on the factory-owners or imposing conditions that either interfere with the process of manufacture or are unattainable in the atmospheric and meteorological conditions that prevail in certain localities in this country.

We venture therefore to submit this ad interim report and await the orders of Government on the questions raised therein.

ASHE MURDER CASE.

First Accused's Sentence Commuted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 18.

Under the powers vested in him by Section 402, Criminal Procedure Code, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to commute to simple imprisonment the unexpired portion of seven years' rigorous imprisonment passed upon Nelekantan alias Bramachari, the first accused in Ashe Murder Case.

SIKH REPRESENTATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 18.

At a special meeting of the Sikhs, employed in the Civil and Military Departments residing in Maymyo and neighbouring districts held at Maymyo on Wednesday last, the following resolutions for submission to the Viceroy and Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, were carried unanimously:—

"To safeguard their interests, Sikh members should be elected both for the Provincial and Imperial Legislative Councils.

"The Sikhs should be given special electorates for District and Municipal Boards in the Punjab, on the principle of important minorities recognized by Government, and the Sikhs being the immediate past rulers of the Punjab before the advent of the British.

"Considering their steadfast loyalty and meritorious services to Government the Sikhs should be given preferential treatment, and the minimum number of two seats in the Imperial and three in the Provincial Legislative Councils, should be reserved for the Sikhs, to be filled by election."

Mr. H. E. Speyer, A. M. I. E. E., Consulting Engineer, left Calcutta on Wednesday night for Ceylon, where he has been called in in connection with the proposed Hydro-Electric Power Scheme between Kandy and Colombo.

"BURMA CRITIC" CASE.

The Address for the Defence Concluded.

JURY TO BE CHARGED TO-DAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 18.

At the special sessions of the Chief Court in the defamation case against Mr. C. Arnold, to-day, Mr. Hamlyn concluded his closing address.

Referring to Mr. Andrew's conduct in granting bail to McCormick, counsel emphatically stated that he was not justified in so doing without having all the papers before him and the Chief Court alone had the right to grant bail under such circumstances. Mr. Andrew knew Mr. Buchanan had declined bail, that the case was a serious one, and that there was a *prima facie* case against McCormick.

Counsel relied on what he termed the most suspicious circumstance in the whole case, which was the important documentary evidence (the telegram) that had been destroyed by Captain Finnie. That telegram was on the confidential diary, and was in cipher and when translated read thus:—

"Case McCormick think serious. Buchanan lost head. Very complicated. May want you. Inquiring."

In reply to that Mr. Andrew wired: "You three in cipher imperfectly understood, but wrestling manfully, bless all Chinese puzzles." Defence counsel said that they had tried their best to get to the origin of that, but had not succeeded. The draft produced might have been written long after and no reliance could be placed on it. If the telegram was not important, why was it on the confidential diary? His destruction proved the existence of a combination between Mr. Andrew and Captain Finnie to whitewash McCormick. Captain Finnie told a lie. He did no see Dr. Evers at Victoria Point. The evidence before the court justified the theory that the case was not tried as it should be in a British Court of Justice. Mr. Arnold, in writing those articles, had every reason to believe that the case against McCormick had been burked in combination by Capt. Finnie and Mr. Andrew. He acted in the honest belief of there being a substantial foundation, and that what he alleged was true and he did it in the public interest. He did it having in his mind that British justice must stand unsullied. There was a gross miscarriage of justice in the court at Mergui by Mr. Andrew in that district. He came to the conclusion that justice had not been impartially administered and that justice had been dragged into the mire. Mr. Arnold's action throughout had been that of a man jealous of the ideal of the British name and of British character. Mr. Arnold fought for the high prestige of British Justice when he wrote the article.

Mr. Hamlyn complained that the jury were asked by the prosecution to give their verdict against the accused and to throw him into disgrace. If they did that thousands of hearts of his fellow countrymen would go with him and he would be regarded as a martyr. Counsel claimed from them a verdict of acquittal.

Mr. Rutledge, in reply, sought to refute all the arguments put forward by Mr. Hamlyn, submitting that nothing had been shown in support of any of the allegations made against Mr. Andrew and Capt. Finnie regarding the burking of the case against McCormick. Counsel criticized Mr. Buchanan's action in not recording the girl's statement immediately she was brought to him and commented severely on the attitude of Mohamed Din in trumping up a false case against McCormick.

The Chief Judge will charge the jury to-morrow.

GAZETTE OF INDIA,

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Bill is appointed Assistant Commissioner and Commandant, Border Military Police, Bannu.

Captain Wilson is posted as City Magistrate, Peshawar.

Captain Reilly is posted as Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner, Peshawar.

Captain Keyes is placed on special duty in the Foreign Department.

Mr. Braithwaite is appointed Assistant Master, Mayo College, Ajmer.

Captain Kerr is appointed Assistant Inspecting Officer, Kashmir Imperial Service Troops.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Cowie, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, is granted three months' leave.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Egan, Assistant Superintendent, Telegraphs, resigns his appointment.

Mr. J. M. Coode, Superintending Engineer, Telegraphs, is granted one year's leave.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Services of Messrs. A. C. Duff and L. T. Harris, C. S. are replaced under the Madras Government.

It is notified that the Chief Commissioner of Delhi shall take rank when within his jurisdiction, in Article 24, and, when without, in article 38 of the Warrant of precedence.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

The Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Rohilkhand and Kumaon Railway administration for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Kashipur, a station on the Lalkua-Kashipur section of the Rohilkhund and Kumaon Railway to near Kalagarh, a distance of about 27 miles and also sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Assam Bengal Railway administration for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Bhairab Bazar to Netrakona with a branch from Iswarganj to Mymensing a distance of about 8 6 miles.

The following Assistant Engineers are posted as follows:—Messrs F. V. Simpkinson and C. O. C. Reilly to N. W. Ry. and B. L. Harvey and E. C. Whelan to E. B. S. Ry.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Major R. B. Graham is confirmed as Asstt. Secy., vice Major Cook.

Lt. Col. C. W. Field becomes a Cantonment Magistrate in the United Provinces.

Lieut.-General Sir J. E. Nixon is appointed Army Commander vice Genl. Sir E. Barrow.

Major H. B. Peacock is promoted Lt. Col.

Major E. Saules, I. A. and Lt. Col. J. C. Sarkies, I. M. S., retire from the service.

DARJEELING INVALIDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

Influenza is prevalent in Darjeeling. Her Excellency Lady Carmichael has just recovered from a severe cold. H. H. the Maharaja of Cooch Behar is still ill, but is improving, and the Maharaja of Burdwan is convalescent from a severe attack of influenza.

(TELEGRAMS CONTINUED ON PAGE 8.)

PUNJABI HINDUS.

Striking Address at their Conference.

VALUE OF CHANGED CAPITAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Oct 18.

The Hon. Mr. Shadilal, who presided at the Hindu Conference, delivered a long and interesting address in which he dealt exhaustively with outstanding matters of importance to the Hindu community. He rejoiced with the citizens of Delhi at having the Government of India in their city, the Imperial character of Delhi was writ large in the annals of history. He said "The change of capital to Delhi has nationalised the Government so to say, and established it permanently on the sacred spot, which has from time immemorial been the seat of power and righteousness. The other administrative changes such as the annulment of the partition of Bengal and the creation of the new province have been equally important in establishing the principle of government for the people and to the happiness and contentment of the people. It also introduces the principle of provincial autonomy, and paves the way for the development of the provinces according to their requirements, with such power in the hands of the people as they are fit to exercise. On this point there has arisen some difference of opinion and the political Government of India has been variously interpreted, but to the practical worker and the administrator the principle of provincial autonomy is clear and unmistakable There can be no obstacle to the fuller development of each province along the lines leading to the autonmous states."

Mr. Shadilal then went on to urge the possibility of revoking the partition of the Punjab by restoring the North West Frontier Province to the jurisdiction of Lahore, as has been done in Bengal by restoring Dacca to that of Calcutta. He also urged the raising of the Punjab Chief Court to the status of a chartered High Court, and the roform of the Council regulations so as to give what he described as "an equitable representation of all the great interests with every vestige of communal disputes removed," also modification of what he described as "the policy of differentiating against Hindus in general or against particular sections of Hindus in the recruitment of persons to the public service."

As regards the Hindu University at Benares, he asked his fellow countrymen to accept the decision of the Government loyally and gratefully and to begin a systematic work on the lines laid down by the authorities. He asked the Government at the same time to allow them to recognise mofussil schools as feaders to the residential colleges of the new University. He desired also to see the progress of Hindi as common script for all India. Finally, he advocated the organisation of an Imperial All India Hindu Sabha at Delhi on the lines of loyalty to the British Rule, to further safeguard and promote the interests of the Hindu community.

The speech of the chairman of the Reception Committee urged the claims of industrial and commercial education for Hindus, welcomed the Marwari College in Calcutta and advocated the establishment of a similar institution at Delhi.

Two resolutions were moved from the Chair. The first was of thanks to Lord Hardinge and the Government of India on the change of the capital to Delhi, and the second was an expression of sorrow at the death of Rai Bahadur Lal Chand, President of the last conference.

Mr. Iswar Das, Advocate, moved a resolution on the Hindu unity and nationality and in doing so said that the purpose of the Hindu Conference is to rally the scattered units of the Hindu race.

Pundit Rambhaj Dutt Chowdhuri, in seconding the resolution, said that the feeling of unity could only be strengthened by educating and raising the depressed classes.

Lala Lajpatrai moved the resolution on Hindu institutions in an eloquent speech in which he said the real nation lives in cottages and hamlets, not in palaces and mansions. These should be well grounded in the culture and traditions of the forefathers. He spoke on the need of universal education and pictured Delhi as it stood in the heyday of Hindu civilisation and concluded by making an appeal for funds for the Delhi Hindu College.

Among other resolutions were on the physical regeneration of Hindus, scanty representation of Hindus in Provincial and Imperial Councils, protection of cows, avoidance of communal representation. Some poems were also read.

H. H. Gaekwar of Baroda, Sir Gurudas Banerji, Dr. Rashbehari Ghosh, Sir Vithaldas Thackersay, Dr. Sunder Lal and the Hon'ble Mr. Sinha have sent telegrams regretting their inability to attend.

THE SERVICES COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

The text of the Royal Warrant, appointing the Public Service Commission, has been gazetted with the covering despatch from the Secretary of State for India.

Lord Crewe, in the course of the communication, writes:—"I have to inform you that His Majesty has been pleased to direct that a Royal Commission be appointed to examine and report upon the following matters in connection with the Indian Civil Service and other Civil Services, Imperial and Provincial:—

(1) The methods of recruitment and the systems of training and probation; (2) the conditions of service, salary, leave and pension; (3) such limitations as still exist in the employment of non-Europeans and the working of the existing systems of division of the services into Imperial and Provincial and generally, to consider the requirements of the Public Service and to recommend such changes as may seem expedient.

MR. CORBET IN CEYLON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO Oct. 18.

Mr. and Mrs. Corbet visited Vidyodya College yesterday and were entertained at a reception by the High Priest and Buddhists of of Colombo. The High Priest in welcoming Mr. Corbet referred to the days when Mr. Corbet was in Ceylon and to his friendship for the Buddhists.

The editor of a leading Sinhalese paper then read out an address, thanking Mr. Corbet for all he had done for the people of Ceylon.

Mr. Corbet, replying, said that he greatly appreciated the increased energy with which the Buddhist priesthood was endeavouring to educate the people.

Mr. and Mrs. Corbet sail for Madras to-day.

(TELEGRAMS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.)

MADRAS REGIMENTAL THEFT.

District Court Martial of Four Soldiers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 18.

A District Court Martial was held here this morning at Fort St. George for the purpose of trying Corporal (Lance Sergeant) Buxton, Private Draper, Corporal Allen and Private Bailey, all belonging to the 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment. The charges against the men are all in connection with the recent theft of regimental funds from the Guard Room. The case against Corporal (Lance Sergeant) Buxton was the first to be taken up. The specific charge against him was that he received public money, knowing the same to be stolen. Accused pleaded "not guilty" to the charge. Evidence was then adduced, among the witnesses being Lieutenant Wardle, Colour-Sergeant Diggins, Sergt.-Major Cox, etc. The case for the posecution had not closed when the court adjourned.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

Captain A. N. Thomas I.M.S., has been appointed to the substantive medical charge of the 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Captain J. B. Lapsley, I.M.S., has been appointed to the substantive charge of the 26th Punjabis.

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

Lieut. Col. C. Herbert. C. S. I., retires from the 13th (Sept., Lieut. Col. Mocotts, 39th Garwhal Rifles, is permitted to reside out of India from the 21st Nov.

Capt. M. A Sinclair, 29th Infy., is permitted to resign his commission.

Lieut. Col. C. J. Sarkies, I. N. S.. retires from the 6th Dec, 1912.

Capt. F. Rainsford Hannay, 44th Battery Royal Field Artillery, Bellary, is transferred to the 42nd battery ordered home.

Major J. A. Wilson, 1st Batt., 8th Gurkhas, is transferred to the 2nd Batt. as 2nd in command, and Major Eastmead, 2nd Batt. 3rd Gurkhas, is appointed 2nd in Command of the 1st Batt, 8th Gurkhas.

Lieutenant Gladstone, 1st Dragoon Guards, is appointed extra-Aide-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief.

Lieutenant Vintris, No. 32 Mountain Battery, is appointed Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing, Madras.

Major-General Bryan T. Mahon, K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O., commanding the Lucknow Division—who will be remembered for all time as the reliever of Mafeking, has just been promoted to the rank of lieutenant-general after a brilliant career of close on twenty-nine years' service. It will be thirty years next February since he was posted to the 21st Hussars—now the 21st Lancers—, and the following month joined the 5th King's Royal Irish Hussars—now at Lucknow, instead. In the expedition of Dongola 1895, he proved that he had all the makings of good leader in him, and that fact was emphasised in the hard work of 1897-98-99 up the Nile, the crushing of the Khalifa's forces in those hard-fighting years, and the mark he left on the Egyptian army. His brilliant expedition in South Africa, and his opportune relief of Mafeking have made his name a household word throughout the Empire.

STATION ORDERS.

By Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O., Commanding Troops, Bombay.

Bombay, Thursday, Oct. 17.

The R. I. M. S. "Northbrook" will leave Bombay for South Africa on the 22nd October 1912 with the 10th (Prince of Wales's Own Royal) Hussars. The Regiment will arrive in Sassoon Dock at 7-10 hours on the 21st and 22nd October respectively.

THE MYSORE EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Oct. 18.

Some of principal awards in the Women's Section of the Mysore Exhibition are:—(1) gold medal to the London Missionary Workshop, Nagercoil, for lace work; (2) silver medal to Dummaguddam Girls School for darned net cotton work; (3) silver medal to Mrs. Hamilton, Hassan, for a piece of lace work, and (4) bronze medals as follows,—Idaiyangudy Lace School; Salvation Army Industrial School, Nagercoil, for knitted woollen goods and Mrs. Anderson, Hassan, for lace.

LATER.

The Forest Section of the Mysore Exhibition constitutes one of the most interesting sights, pyramids of highly polished timber represent the resources of the Mysore forests, and there are botanical specimens from the Imperial Forest School at Dehra Dun. There is a very elaborate shikhar side. Besides a large collection of trophies sent by Messrs Van Ingen of Mysore, a realistic arrangement has been shown of the forest life of the Kuruber tribe of the Mysore jungles at their avocations. The bamboo and teak are represented in much detail with the flora and fauna, characteristic of the habitat of the elephant. The latter also bulk largely in an elaborate Khedda model, which includes a model of the last Viceregal camp in the Kakankote forest. Edible bulbs, yams, fruits and other minor forest produce, extending to wild medicinal herbs, complete a really instructive section.

NEW BURMA WATERWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 18.

Last year the Secretary of State sanctioned a scheme estimated to cost over seventy lakhs of rupees for the betterment of communication between Rangoon and the Irrawaddy river by opening a new waterway, which will shorten the voyage for steamers by nearly sixty miles. This will also relieve the congestion of cargo boat traffic in Kansung to the Creek and Twante Canal. The work is now being carried out under the direction of Mr. H. Holman Hunt, Executive Engineer, Twante Canal Division, and four other engineers. The project was that of Mr. Oswald Campbell Lees, late Chief Engineer, P.W.D., and Joint Secretary to the Burma Government.

Three suction dredgers will be on the work.

THE fiftieth anniversary of the wedding of Sir William Chichele Plowden, K.C.S.I., and Lady Plowden, was celebrated on Sept. 30. The marriage took place at Tatenhill Church, the officiating clergy being the Archdeacon of Salisbury, the then chaplain to the House of Commons and the rector of the parish. Sir W. C. Plowden, who was from 1852 to 1885 attached to the Bengal Civil Service, was formerly member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council and was Liberal member of Parliament for West Wolverhampton from 1886 to 1892.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Preventive Officer's Will Disputed.

Before Mr. Justice Davar yesterday, the hearing of the petition filed by Mr. Alexander Johnstone, praying for the probate of the will of the late Henry Seymour Cassels, was resumed.

Mr. R. D. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, appeared for the petitioner and Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Goregaumkar and Sabnis, appeared for the caveator.

Dr. John Henry Turner, Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, in course of his evidence, said that he visited the Arthur Road Hospital at about 8-30 on the morning after Cassels was admitted into the hospital. He (Cassels), who was suffering from cholera, was weak, but he was cheerful and in a state of mind to understand what was going on around him. Cholera, in the doctor's opinion, did not affect the brain although it might bring about physical exhaustion.

In reply to Mr. Taleyarkhan Dr. Turner said that Cassels acknowledged the cheering words which he spoke to him. He could have read or written with an effort. To the best of witness' belief he could have signed a document.

Dr. Nurserwanji Hormusji Choksi, Medical Officer in charge of the Arthur Road Hospital, gave similar evidence and said that in his opinion it was quite possible that Cassels could have dictated the will shown to him. In cholera cases a patient generally remained conscious up to a few minutes before his death.

The Rev. Father Meyer, S. J. and Dr. Anthony de Souza also gave evidence as to Cassells' state of mind, the latter saying that the patient was conscious at 3-30 a. m. and able to answer questions.

Mr. Alexander George Johnstone, the petitioner, said, Cassels dictated the will exactly as it was written, word for word. After he had written the will it was read to Cassels. He was perfectly conscious. He then signed his name, and it was attested by the witness and Mr. Watson.

Mr. Justice Davar, in ordering probate of the last will and testament of the late Henry Seymour Cassels to be issued to the petitioner, Mr. Alexander Johnstone, said that considering the fact that Mrs. Lennon was engaged to be married to Cassels, and the sacrifices she had made on his behalf, there was nothing unutual in Cassels being anxious to make some prevision for her. His father was in good circumstances and did not perhaps stand in need of help from his son. From the evidence given by Dr. Turner, Dr. Choksi and Father Meyer, it was quite clear that Cassels was in a sound and disposing state of mind, when he made his will. There was no doubt that the will propounded was the last will and testament of the deceased. The court accordingly ordered probate to be granted.

With regard to costs, the Court held that the father was quite justified in coming to court, and ordered that the costs of the plaintiff and defendant to come out of the estate.

BRUTAL MURDER FOR ORNAMENTS.

Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Justice Rao disposed of an appeal presented by Fathu alias Dwarkaprasad, who was convicted of having murdered one Nurjahan on account of her ornaments, and was sentenced to death by Mr. Varley, Sessions Judge of Dhulia.

Mr. S. R. Gokhale appeared for the accused.

The woman Nurjahan was found murdered in her house on the morning of the 4th July, of 1912. The wounds inflicted on her head and neck were of a brutal character, and her ornament had been removed. The judge was of opinion that the person who committed the murder must have been a friend. The evidence against the accused was circumstantial, but the cumulative effect indisputably pointed to the accused as the murderer. The accused was a man of notorious character, and on the day after the murder was seen making purchases far beyond her means. A number of ornaments belonging to the deceased woman were found in his room. The victim was a harmless woman, and she had been literally butchered by the accused.

Mr. Varley, agreeing with the assessors, sentenced the accused to death.

Their lordships rejected the petition.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.

ENGINE AND VICTORIA COLLIDE.

A victoria, while proceeding to the Docks from Mazagon with three European gentlemen as passengers collided with a shunting engine on the G. I. P. Ry. between Wari Bunder and Mallet Bunder. The engine was shunting four wagons at the time. Just before the collision on the level-crossing the Europeans jumped out. The victoria-driver afterwards was taken before a bench of honorary magistrates for doing a rash and negligent act in as much as he did not obey the order of the Ramoshi in charge of the level-crossing who, it was alleged, wanted the driver not to cross the line at the time. The Magistrate, however, after hearing the the European passengers in the victoria and other evidence, came to the conclusion that the driver of the victoria was not warned by the Ramoshi. The Ramoshi never informed the victoriawala that the engine was going to move. The driver of the victoria was acquitted as a consequence.

The victoria driver now came to the Small Causes Court to recover damages from the Railway company, as his carriage had been partially smashed by the engine. The case first came before the Third Judge, but was later on taken up by the Chief Judge who, after listening to the evidence on both sides, delivered judgment on Friday. The Railway company, it was declared, would not have contested the suit if there was any actual negligence on their part, but as the claim seemed to them unjust they defended themselves. The judgment was in favour of the G. I. P. Railway and the suit was dismissed.

Mr. Acworth, of Messrs. Little and Co., instructed by Mr. Lewis. represented the G. I. P. Railway Company.

THE POLICE COURTS.

THE GAMBLING CASE.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which Mr. O. A. Harker, Deputy Commissioner of Police, charged Jaffer Mahomed and sixteen others with gaming in a common gambling-house run by the first accused in Erskine Road.

Mr. J. Baptista, Mr. Velinkar, barristers, Mr. Payne and Mr. Ferreira, solicitors, and Mr. DeCunha, pleader, defended the accused.

On the legal aspects of the case Mr. Baptista addressed the court, submitting that barring the evidence of Chotalal it was not proved that the place where the accused were arrested was a gaming house within the meaning of sections of the Gambling Act. That witness had been sentenced to three months on a previous occasion.

The magistrate remarked that counsel scould not expect respectable persons to give evidence in a gambling case. A J. P. or any person of position would not go there to gamble.

Continuing Mr. Baptista said that it was in evidence that the house was not tenanted; that no person derived any profit or obtained commission on the transactions. The Deputy Commissioner was not mentioned in section 6 of the Gambling Act, Mr. Harker had deposed that he had authority under the Police Act, but counsel submitted, since he had no authority under section 6 of the Gambling Act no presumption would arise in his case as it would certainly otherwise in the case of the Commissioner of Police or District Magistrate. The authority to issue a warrant did not imply that the Magistrate was also competent to enter a house himself without a warrant.

Mr. De Cunha supposted the contentions of other advocates for the defence.

Mr. Harker, replying to the arguments and contentions of the lawyers for the defence said, that presumption of section of the Gambling Act did arise in this case. The chief point for consideration was how the Deputy Commissioner was invested with powers under the Gambling Act and whether the powers were rightly conferred. If they turned to section 6 (2) of the Bombay Police Act they would find that it did not exempt the Gambling Act. The section laid down that the Deputy Commissioner should exercise and perform under the orders of the Commissioner of Police any of, the powers conferred upon and duties assigned to the Commissioner of Police by or under the Act or any other enactment. After quoting the sections of the Act Mr. Harker submitted that if it was intended that the Deputy Commissioner was not to exercise or use such powers certain special reference might have been made. A similar situation had arisen in a case in Calcutta. Mr. Velinkar would show that the decision in 20 Calcutta report was bad law, but he carefully avoided referring to it, nor did the other gentlemen defending the accused attempt to prove that it was bad law. Mr. Harker contended that the powers exercised by the Deputy Commissioner in this case were rightly conferred on him by the Commissioner of Police. Instead of issuing a warrant to any of the subordinates the Deputy Commissioner had the power to go to the place without a warrant. A section of the Police Act empowered the Deputy Commissioner to go in person and to make a personal search instead of delegating the work to his subordinates. Mr. Harker said that he entirely disagred with the arguments on behalf of the defence in regard to the decision reported in 31 Bombay Law Reports. There was one passage in the judgment to which counsel for the defence had failed to draw the attention of the court, and that was where the judge had stated that when a magistrate or "the other officer mentioned in section 6" did the act specified in clause 1 to 3 of the section instead of issuing a special warrant, he must give evidence because he supplied the place of the warrant. Now, the other officer was the Commissioner of Police and as he had already shown, the Deputy Commissioner was exactly in the same position as the Commissioner of Police himself and could therefore act under the provisions.

With regard to the other actions of the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. Harker said, he did not think that the defence wished to propose that the provisions of the section had not been carried out. The information that had been received by him in this case was taken on oath and formed the culminating point of a series of information he had received during a few months previous to that evening. It was also checked by further information. On that point the action of the Deputy Commissioner was not criticised by the defence. It was not said that it was not in order. That being so, he contended that the prosecution were entitled to claim that all the presumptions under section 6 of the Gambling Act had arisen. It was for the defence to make the contrary to appear. This they had attempted to do by arguments, but Mr. Harker submitted, they must make the contrary appear not by arguments but by evidence. There was only one witness for the defence. It was Daya Parshotam, an extraordinary person indeed. He had stated that he had removed the look of the place only three days previous to the raid and had left the shop open because many people came frequently to see the place and inquire about the rent. He had never heard of a more preposterous explanation. Whoever heard of people going to enquire about the rent of a place at one o'clock in the morning? Another suspicious circumstance was that the shop had remained untenanted for the last six weeks. Beyond this no effort was made to prove the contrary. The only point now left was the evidence of Chotalal. There was no doubt that the cross-examination of that witness proved him a scoundrel. Mr. Harker was quite ready to admit that he was a scoundrel. He assured the learned gentlemen that the police would be too ready and eager to welcome a respectable gentleman, a J.P., or a magistrate to come forward and give evidence. But that was not possible. It was not possible to find that class of people in a gambling house. Police could only get hold of persons like Chotalal in such a place as that.

Mr. Ferreira: Do you suggest that all the accused are jail-birds?

Mr. Harker: Chotalal is a gambler and so are the accused. They belong to the same class.

Mr. Baptista: But a jail-bird and a gambler are different class. Even some of the dukes are gamblers.

Mr. Harker: But in a case like this he could get no dukes; the police were not able to get witnesses of that class.

Continuing Mr. Harkar said that it had been suggested that the accused had a friendly party. But one did not expect such a party when the people collected were of different nationality and came from various parts of the country.

The Magistrate: But I have some of my best friends amongst non-Hindus.

Mr. Payne: We make friends of different nationalities in the Orient Club.

Mr. Harker: But members of the Orient Club do not commit trespass at one o'clock in the morning.

Mr. Velinkar said that the law in the Calcutta decision was bad in so far as the sections of the Bengal Gambling Act were different in material respects from corresponding sections of the Bombay Gambling Act,

The Magistrate will give judgment on Thursday next.

FATHER VERSUS SON.

A boilerman named Keshav Bhone was charged with breach of trust in respect of gold ornaments to the value of Rs. 120, belonging to his father Bhone Baloo, by Sub-Inspector Kirtiraj before Mr. Frank Oliveira in the Mazagon Police Court. The accused lived separately from his father, the complainant. On the 27th of September the son went to his father and took as a loan from his father some ornaments, saying that his wife would wear them as she was going to Dadar to attend a ceremony. He promised to return the ornaments within two days. The complainant gave his son the ornaments on that condition, but the accused failed to return the ornaments though urged to do so on many occasions. The complainant despairing of getting back the ornaments appealed to the police who recovered them from a Marwari money-lender with whom they had been pledged by the accused. The accused pleaded guilty. The complainant did not press for severe punishment and gave his son a good character. His Worship sentenced the accused to undergo one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100, or in default of payment, to suffer two months rigorous imprisonment. His Worship ordered that Rs. 70 out of the fine, if realised, should be paid to the Marwari money-lender as compensation.

MR A G HALES ON BRAIN WORK

Mr. A. G. Hales was born in Australia in 1860, but has lived for a great many years in England, where he is well-known on account of the brilliant work he did as war correspondent for the London "Daily News" in South Africa, Macedonia, and during the Russo-Japanese War. He has lectured throughout England, America, South Africa and Australia. Beside being a poet and a novelist, Mr. Hales has followed mining for years, and has travelled extensively in search of sport and adventure.

Few brain workers have led such an active and strenuous life, and it is therefore interesting to learn that Mr. Hales is a great admirer of the well-known tonic food, Sanatogen. He writes:—"I have used Sanatogen and find myself considerably improved in general health. I am working late and long under considerable pressure and find that my brain benefit by every tin of this nerve tonic that I take; it revitalises a man and is not a drug. No brain worker should be without it."

MAHARAJA OF ALWAR.

The mail steamer "Maloja," which arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday, brought a number of notabilities from England. Preparations were made for the reception of His Highness the Maharaja of Alwar, at Apollo Bunder where a temporary structure, covered with a canopy and tastefully decorated, was erected, while a guard of honour of the 104th Rifles attended.

Mr. Barlee, I.C.S., Under Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Political Department, on behalf of the Government received His Highness. The Officer Commanding, Royal Garrison Artillery, arranged to fire a salute of 15 guns at 8-45 a.m. in honour of His Highness.

His Highness looked the picture of health and many of his relatives and officers expressed their joy at His Highness's return. His Higness, after conversing with all present for a while, motored to the Gaekwar of Baroda's residence in Malabar Hill, where His Highness will make a very short stay.

His Highness, with his retinue, left Bombay for Alwar at 8 p. m. last night by special train.

H. M. S. "PHILOMEL", Commander G. W. Ballard, R.N.R., arrived in harbour yesterday from Colombo which port she left on the 14th October. She sails to-day for Muscat.

TRAINING OF MIDWIVES.

School to be Founded in Ahmedabad.

The following Government resolution has been issued:—

The great need of trained and qualified midwives in Ahmedabad having impressed itself on the notice of Sardar Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal, that gentleman recently came forward with a generous offer to found a school for the training of midwives and nurses at the Victoria Jubilee Dispensary in that city. A scheme was accordingly drawn up in 1910 for the establishment of an institution to be called the Edward VII Training Institution for Nurses and Midwives. The scheme provided for a number of graduated scholarships extending over a course of three years' study and practical training. The scholarships were to be allotted as follows:—Ten pupils of the first year each to receive Rs. 10 a month; ten pupils of the second year each to receive Rs. 12 a month; ten pupils of the third year each to receive Rs. 15 a month.

Thus after the termination of the second year there would under the scheme be 30 student-midwives continuously undergoing training at the school. The scheme was estimated to cost as follows:—(a) Initial cost, Rs. 28,000; (b) recurring annual charges, Rs. 7,640.

Sir Chinubhai advanced to alternative proposals:—(a) That the cost of the stipends, namely, Rs. 4,440 per annum, should be borne by himself, and that the balance of the cost of the scheme, i. e., Rs. 28,000 initial cost and Rs. 3,200 per annum for staff and sundries, should be borne by Government and (b) that the entire initial and recurring expenditure should be defrayed by himself and by Government in equal shares.

Government, while according unqualified approval to the objects of the scheme, were not in a position at that juncture to undertake the considerable expenditure which the offer in one form or the other entailed. While therefore expressing appreciation of Sir Chinubhai's generosity, the Governor in Council was constrained to intimate his inability to accept either of the alternative proposals which he had advanced. Being reluctant, however, to abandon finally such an excellent scheme, His Excellency in Council decided that the question should be considered whether it could not be brought into force in a modified and less costly form.

In March 1912, the Surgeon General submitted a revised scheme involving the following expenditure:—Non-recurring, Rs. 30,000; recurring annual charges, Rs. 4,520.

The essential points of difference between this scheme and the original one were (a) that the number of students of any one year was reduced from 10 to 5, and (b) that a corresponding reduction was made in the teaching staff of the institution.

The Surgeon General proposed that Sir Chinubhai should be invited to undertake to pay the whole recurring cost of the scheme, that is to say a sum but little larger than his original offer of Rs. 4,440 for stipends, and that Government should provide the buildings and equipment. He farther suggested that Sir Chinubhai's donation should be in the form of an endowment producing an income of Rs. 4,520 per annum, any saving which might be effected being utilized to augment the endowment funds and to provide for future expansion, the up-keep of apparatus, etc.

Government approved the modified scheme advanced by the Surgeon General and requested that officer to communicate the revised proposals to Sir Chinubhai and to enquire whether he was willing to present an endowment fund of Rs.1,13,000 sufficient to meet the recurring expenditure of Rs. 4,520, estimated by the Surgeon General. The Surgeon General was also desired to intimate to Sir Chinubhai that although under the revised scheme Government would have to provide only Rs. 30,000 for buildings in the beginning it was inevitable that ultimately they would be required to incur considerable recurring expenditure as the scope of the institution expanded.

Sardar Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal has accepted the revised scheme and has now endorsed in favour of the Accountant General Government promissory notes and Ahmedabad municipal debentures of the aggregate face-value of Rs. 1,15,000 and yielding an annual interest of Rs. 4,523-12-0.

Plans and estimates for the buildings are under preparation and their construction will be taken in hand without delay.

The interest that will accrue on the securities pending the opening of the school will be allowed to accumulate and will eventually be utilised for the furtherance of the object of the scheme.

The Governor in Council desires to take this opportunity of giving public expression to his appreciation of this further instance of public-spirited generosity on the part of Sardar Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal which enables provision to be made for an institution which will be of the highest public utility, not only to the city of Ahmedabad but to the province of Gujarat in general.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 19th Oct., 1912.

254. Duties for the week ending 27th October 1912:—

Orderly Officer 2nd Lieut H G Allum.

Orderly Sergeant No 1 Company Sergt H E Gubbin.

Orderly Sergeant No 2 Company Sergt K D M Forbes.

255. Parades—Parades for the week ending 27th October, 1912:—

Thursday 24th Viceroy's Competition (1st stage) at Ghat Koper Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a m.

Thursday 24th at 9-30 p m Nos 1 and 2 Companies (Lecture) at Head Quarters Dress:—Plain Clothes.

Thursday 24th at 7 p m H E Company Parade at Apollo Bunder and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.

Saturday 26th at 4-30 p m sharp Nos 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Apollo Bunder and proceed to Middle Ground for lineh Aiming Rifle practice and Inspection by the Inspector of Volunteers in India.

Dress:—Khaki uniform and Helmets.

Saturday 26th 8 p m E E Company will parade at Apollo Bunder and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning and Inspection by the Inspector of Volunteers in India.

Dress:—Khaki uniform and Forage Cape.

256. Musketry—Sunday, 27th, at 7 a. m. Spoon Competition and practice at Colaba.

257. Arms and Accoutrements.—Members are requested to draw their Arms and Accoutrements as early possible at the Head Quarters between the hours of 9 a m and 4 p m on week days only.

258. Appointment and Promotion.—The Officer Commanding is pleased to Sanction the following Appointments and Promotions in No 1 Company with effect from 18-10-12.

Corpl A Swarm to be Sergt Vice Sergt Venn resigned.

Bombr E E Bellamy to be Corpl Vice Sergt Swann promoted.

Ag Bombr J W Wayward to be Bombr Vice Bombr Bellamy promoted.

Gunner H S Jackson to be Ag Bombr Vice Ag Bombr Hayward promoted.

Gunner A S White to be Corpl Vice Corpl A Gilbey resigned.

Gunner P H Reed to be Bombr to fill an existing Vacancy.

Gunner F Wellins to be Ag Bombr Vice Ag Bombr W J Johnson resigned.

259. Transfers.—Gunner W T Mills No 1 Company is permitted to Transfer to the E E Company as Sapper.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A., Adjutant, B. V. A.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place at Bombay, between Capt. Cecil Scaife, Royal Army Medical Corps, son of Mr. J. Harper Scaife, barrister-at-law, of Clifton, Dalkey, Co., Dublin, and Ida, daughter of Lieut.-Col. C. Cooper Reilly, Royal Army Medical Corps.

A marriage has been arranged, to take place in Bombay early in November, between Guy Nevills Buckland, B.A., second son of Charles Buckland, Indian Civil Service (retired), and Sybil Mary, second daughter of the late Louis Rivett-Carnac, Administrator-General of Bombry, and of Mrs. Rivett-Carnac, of 7 Abbots Court, Kensington Square.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Miss Rachel Sassoon, elder daughter of the late Mr. Solomon David Sassoon, of Bombay, and Mrs. Sassoon, of 32 Bruton Street, Berkeley Square, W., and Mr. David E. D. J. Ezra, son of the late Mr. E. D. J. Ezra, of Calcutta, and Mrs. Ezra, of 22 Hill Street, Berkeley Square, W.

LOSS OF BRITISH SUBMARINE

Collision with a German Liner.

ONE SURVIVOR.

The following is a detailed account of the recent submarine disaster near Dover:—

Dover, Oct. 4.

The British submarine B 2 lies at the bottom of the sea in twenty fathoms of water with her side stove in, and fifteen dead men lie with her.

Out of her crew of sixteen only one man was saved, Lieutenant Pulleyne, the second in command. He is aboard H.M.S. Forth (the submarine depot ship) in a semi-delirious condition, having survived the ordeal of being sucked down with the sinking submarine. He returned to light and life with just breath enough to say: "Submarine cut in two. I went down a mile."

The submarine was struck down shortly before dawn this morning by the Hamburg-American liner Amerika. The weather was fine and calm at the time, with an easterly wind, and what fishermen call a "popple" or ripple on the water. The B2 was cruising along with twelve other submarines of the third (Portsmouth) flotilla some four miles from the Dover breakwater. The submarines had been at Dover a week, and were engaged in carrying out manœuvres in the Channel.

The first indication of anything wrong was received by Thomas Brockman (the lifeboat coxswain) and his crew from Dover, who were on pilotage duty near the South Foreland. Brockman, who was on watch, saw rockets ascend from the liner Amerika, and he promptly headed for her, and was eventually allowed on board. He was told of the collision, and he examined the bows of the liner, but did not perceive any serious damage.

On leaving the liner, Brockman tried to get into communication with the other submarines, and he spoke to submarine C 16, who informed him that they had picked up Lieutenent Pulleyne in an exhausted condition. The rescued officer was conveyed aboard the Forth, and all attempts to communicate with him were forbidden.

During the day destroyers and submarines searched for the sunken submarine, and she was located early in the afternoon in twenty fathoms of water.

An Admiralty tug with divers aboard was despatched from Dover, but as the tide was in flood diving operations were delayed until the evening.

It is expected that the sunken submarine will be raised and taken into Dover in the morning.

Mr. Brockman and his three sons, who at the time of the collision were out in their motor-boat Britannia, tell a stirring story of the Amerika's call for help after the collision. Mr. Brockman, senior, said: "We left Dover this morning about five o'clock as we had received a telegram to await a Greek steamer from Shields, from which we had to land a pilot. As we went out of the naval harbour the submarines, destroyers and cruisers were all making their way into the Channel. We went away to the eastward, as we intended to await our ship just under the Foreland Light. Some of the submarines and other warships came up in that direction and the remainder struck off across the Channel. Nearly all the vessels were carrying lights.

"Two submarines were in close company going eastward. One of them was the B 2. They were running with their decks well above water and were fairly conspicuous objects. Daylight was just beginning to break at the time of the incident and the weather was quite clear, but a fresh north-east breeze was making a broken and heavy sea against the flood tide. It was about six o'clock and we had just sighted the steamer from which we had to take the pilot, when we heard the frantic blowing of the hooter of a big liner which we had seen for some time coming from the eastward.

"She gave four sharp blasts, and almost immediately followed them with three more blasts. Then we were startled to see rockets fired in rapid succession from the liner's decks. Judging that something very serious had happened, we put our engine at full speed and made for the liner. As we did so we saw that one of the two submarines that had been in company was missing. We went straight to the liner, which we found to be the Amerika. The liner put a ladder over the side and we climbed on to the deck of the ship. There were hundreds of excited passengers looking over the side of the ship, and they told us a submarine had been sunk.

"When the officers of the liner found that we were not connected with the naval service, they refused to give any explanation of why they had fired rockets. We noticed when we were alongside the Amerika that her bows showed slight indications of collision. Several of her boats were still afloat, she having lowered them when the collision took place while she had also evidently thrown over lifebelts. We picked up one of them marked 'Amerika' some time after we had left the boat. "We then cruised round some time, but saw nothing but a portion of wreckage which had apparently come from the submarine's conning tower. We got as close alongside the submarine C 17 as possible, it being rendered very difficult owing to the heavy swell. This was the vessel that we had early seen in the company of B. 2.

"Then we got confirmation of the loss of the companion ship. The cruiser Minerva afterwards came upon the scene and quite a number of submarines, destroyers and other warships that had left Dover at the same time as ourselves."

Mr. T. Brockman, jun., stated that while the Amerika was firing rockets he saw two steamers pass down the channel at no great distance from the liner, and they made no attempt to discover what was the matter.

As Messrs. Brockman could render no aid, they came back to Dover where they reported the occurrence, their information being the first to reach the port of the disaster.

STATEMENT BY GERMAN CAPTAIN.

Cherbourg, Oct. 5.

When the Hamburg-American liner Amerika called at Cherbourg yesterday, on her way to New York, Captain Knuth gave the following description of the collision with the British submarine B 2:—

"The collision took place at 5.20 this morning, when the Amerika was off Dover. The liner was passing through a flotilla of cruisers and submarines, day having barely broken and the weather being dull, when the lookout man reported a submarine some fifty yards away on the starboard bow. I at once ordered full speed astern, but the momentum of the liner was such that she crashed into the submarine, which was badly holed and sank immediately.

"Only two men were on the deck of the submarine—the second in command, who was saved, and a man in oilskins who disappeared.

"The Amerika at once stopped and lowered two boats, but after seeking for survivors for about two hours she resumed her route. The passengers did not learn of the collision until they arrived at Southampton.

"I can only attribute the collision to the fact that the submarine carried no lights, although it was still almost night and the vessel was directly in the line of transatlantic steamships."

Captain Knuth is greatly affected by the accident, which has cast a cloud over the closing days of his active career. The Amerika suffered no damage in the collision.

BANGALORE AUTUMN RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Oct. 18.

The Second entries for the Autumn Races are quite satisfactory except as to the Steeplechase on the 24th and hurdle race on the 26th which have therefore fallen through. There will be five races each day and success seems assured. Mr. H. Ronlston, the C. T. C. Stipendiary Steward, who is here ageing and measuring horses, will do the handicapping.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

ENGLISH POLITICAL LETTER

(*Continued from page* 6.)

ANOTHER WEST END PALATIAL HOTEL.

The long stretch of buildings between the Savile and the Junior Athneum Clubs is in the hands of house-breakers—not those of the criminal class—and on this fine sight a magnificient hotel is to arise. This is the special enterprise of that extremely fortunate young man, Sir Richard Sutton, who six months ago attained his majority and with it the disposal of a fortune beyond the dreams of avarice. His income from his property in or off Piccadilly alone is £120,000, if not more. He is not going to run the hotel himself, but will lease or let it to a private individual or syndicate. Architecturally, if all we hear is true, it will beat the Ritz into fits, and this it might well do for splendid as that exclusive hotel is, internally and externally, it is not, in my opinion, a thing of beauty and a joy for ever, not half as good as Walsingham House, which it replaced. The style of Sir Richard Sutton's hotel is to be what is called English renaissance, an example of which we have in the stately building recently erected in Whitehall for the Woods and Forests Department—in my judgment quite the most handsome of all the many new Government offices, in which the overburdened taxpayers' money has been, I had almost said, squandered during the past few years. Sir Richard Sutton's architect is Mr. C. W. Stevens, who designed Harrod's Stores and Claridge's Hotel. I should have thought that London had more than enough of monster hotels, but I suppose Sir Richard Sutton knows his own business best and certainly the situation is unequalled. It is, it seems, to be called the Green Park Hotel.

OLLA PODRIDA.

Miss Ella C. Sykes, well known as the authoress of two charming works on the "Land of the Lion and the Sun"—"Through Persia on a side saddle and Persia and its people"—recently went to Canada for the purpose of investigating the openings in that wonderful country for educated Englishwomen. She spent six months in the Dominion, and in pursuit of her inquiries took five posts as "home help" in four provinces. The results of her exceptional experiences have been embodied by her in a book, which Messrs. Smith, Elder and Co. will publish on the 23rd instant under the title of "A Home-help in Canada." Judging from the success of Miss Sykes's previous literary efforts it ought to be not only of great use to those members of the superfluous sisterhood, who are meditating a future in Canada, but very interesting to the general reader. Miss Sykes is a sister of Major Percy Molesworth Sykes, C. M. G., C. I. E., the distinguished Consul-General and Agent to the Government of India in Korasan.

Bombayites will be interested in the announcement of the forthcoming marriage of Lieutenant Guy Neville Buckland, R. A., and Miss Sybil Mary Rivett-Carnac. Lieutenant Buckland is a son of Mr. C. E. Buckland, C. I. E., who was private secretary to Sir Richard Temple during the earlier portion of his governorship of Bombay, and Miss Rivett-Carnac is the daughter of the late Mr. Louis Rivett-Carnac, Administrator-General of Bombay. It is also announced that a marriage will shortly take place between Miss Rachel Sassoon, elder daughter of the late Mr. Solomon David Sassoon, of Bombay, and Mr. David E. D. J. Ezra, son of the late Mr. E. D. J. Ezra, of Calcutta.

Among the wills that have just been proved is that of Mr. F. A. Reddie, of Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co., the amount being £13,246. Mr. Reddie's bequests include the substantial legacy of £1,500 to Rose Boakes, "in recognition of her successful nursing of him during a dangerous illness in Bombay, 1907."

A propos this has been a good week for the Chancellor of the Exchequer. I allude particularly to the fact that the Treasury has been enriched to the extent of upwards of £900,000 by the revaluation of three wills on which a very considerable amount had already been paid. The figures in each case are as follows:—

	Provisional.	Actual.
Mr. Henry Overton Wills	£ 2,000,000	£5,214,356
Lord Winterstoke ,,	£ 1,000,000	£2,465,592
Miss Eileen Morrison ,,	£ 975,000	£2,347,929

What a thing tobacco is! Lord Winterstoke was a partner in the famous Bristol firm of which his kinsman, Mr. H. O. Wills, was one of the founders.

VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL B. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 19th Oct., 1912.

624. Parades.—"A" Company will paradeat Custom House on Mondays and Thursdays at 5-30 p m

Dress—Mufti.

II "B" Company will parade on Mondays, at 7 p.m., and Thursdays at 6 p. m. behind the Telegraph Quarters.

Dress—Mufti.

IV "E" Company will parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p m, on Tuesday 22nd and Thursday the 24th Instant.

Dress—Drill Order Mufti.

V.—"F" Company will parade on Tuesday the 22nd instant at St Mary's College, Byculla, at 6-15 p.m. Arms. Uniform, shorts with Cops.

VI "G" Company will parade at the B

THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

War Office, Oct 1.

Regular Forces.

Commands and Staff.

Brevet Col E W M Norie, A D C to the King, to e Assistant Military Secretary at the War Office, vice Col A E A Holland, D S O Sept 28.

Lieut-Col H S Sloman, D S O a General Staff Officer 2nd grade, at the War Office, is advanced to the 1st grade Sept 21.

Major M G E Bowman-Manifold. D S O R E a General Staff Officer, 3rd grade, at the War Office, is advanced to the 2nd grade Sept 21.

Capt W R Paul, R A to be a Staff Capt for Artillery, and to be seconded Sept 17.

Capt G F Boyd. D S O Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt R Canadians, to be a Brigade Major, and to be seconded Sept 21.

Cavalry.

3rd (Prince of Wales's) Dragoon Guards—Capt P D Stewart, from Gordon Highlanders, to be Capt Oct. 2.

6th Inniskilling Dragoons—Lieut H Colmore to be Capt Aug 31; Sec. Lieut. M. F. Dudgeon to be Lieut Aug 31.

11th Prince Alberts Own Hussars—Lieut Col J D T Tyndale-Biscoe, on completion of his period of service in command, is placed on the Half-pay list Sept 29; Major T T Pitman to be Lieut-Col Sept 29.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

R H and R F A—The following Lieuts are seconded for employment with the Army Signal Service:—H D Simpson Aug 25 J. Penrose Aug 26.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Lieut-Colonel and Brevet Col T F S Renny-Tailyour, C S I, on completion of five years' service as a regimental Lieut-Col, is placed on the Half-pay List Oct 1.

Lieut-Col J I Lang-Hyde, C M G on completion of five years service as a regimental Lieut-Col, retires on retired pay Oct 1. The following Majors to be Lieut-Cols—J P Blakeway and C Collin Oct 1.

Foot Guards.

Scots—Capt A B E Cator to be Adj Oct 1.

Irish—Capt J Harvey resigns his commission Oct 2.

Infantry.

Queen's R W Surrey Regt—Lieut-Col J G King D S O, retires on retired pay Oct 2; Major M U Coles to be Lieut-Col Oct 2.

Buffs E. Kent Regt—Capt L W Lucas to be Adj. Oct 8.

Northumberland Fusiliers—Capt W N Herbert to be Adj Oct 1.

Lincolnshire Regt—Sec Lieut E F O Richards to be Lieut Aug 5.

Prince of Wales's Own W Yorks Regt—Lieut L D Gordon-Alexander is seconded for service under the Colonial Office Sept 18.

R Irish Regt—Lieut R E G Phillips to be Adj Oct 1.

Cheshire Regt—Capt P L Grove to be Major Sept 16.

R Welsh Fusiliers—Capt J D Venables is seconded for service as an Adj of Indian Volunteers Sept 4.

King's Own Scottish Borderers—Capt H V C Turnbull is seconded for service with the Egyptian Army Aug 6; Capt E G V Dering to be Adj Aug 8; Superay Capt W T Wilkinson, D S O, is restored to the establishment Aug 8.

Worcestershire Regt—The following Lieuts are seconded:—A C Johnston, for employment with the Army Signal Service Aug 10; H P Dobson, for service as an Adj of Indian Volunteers Sept 16.

E Lancs Regt—Captain A A Sanders to be Major Sept 18; Brevet Major J S J Baumgartner, from Superay Capt, is restored to the establishment Sept 18.

Duke of Cornwall's L I—Capt T H F Price to be Major Sept 18 Superay Capt F A Dickinson is restored to the establishment Sept 26.

Prince of Wales's Volunteers S Lancashire Regt Sec Lieut A C Marsh to be Lieut Sept 4.

Sherwood Foresters Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regt Lieut R W Dammers is seconded for employment with the Army Signal Service Aug 10.

King's Shropshire L I—Capt R Masefield to be Major Sept 18.

Kings R Rifle Corps—Capt T H Harker resigns his commission Oct 2.

York and Lancaster Regt Capt R Gardner retires on retired pay Oct 2; Lieut F K Hardy to be Capt Oct 2.

Seaforth Highlanders Ross-shire Buffs, Duke of Albany's Sec Lieut I K Matheson resigns his commission Oct 2; Sec Lieut M H Fraser, from 4th Highland Brig, R G A, T F University Candidate, to be Sec Lieut Sept 19, 1911, but not to carry pay and allowances before Oct 2, 1912.

Princess Louise's Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders.

Capt I W Watson is restored to be establishment Sept 16.

Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt.(Royal Canadians) Sec. Lieut. R A H Mackenzie to be Lieut. (July 3).

W India Regt.—Lieut. H E H Ireland retires on retired pay (Oct 2).

Army Service Corps.

The following Capts are seconded:—A E Holbrook, for service as an Adj. of Territorial Army Service Corps; A B Wakelin, for service with the Indian Army (Sept 12).

Army Medical Service.

R A M C—The following Lieuts., from the Seconded List, are restored to the establishment:—A G Biggam, J L Huggan (Oct 1).

Army Veterinary Service.

Army Veterinary Corps—Capt D Bolton to be Major Sept. 29.

Army Pay Department.

Major W E O C Blunt, Staff Paymaster, to be Lieut.-Col (Oct 2).

Memoranda.

Major-Gen Sir Bryan T Mahon to be Lieut-Gen, vice Sir H F Grant, promoted Sept 4.

Col H A Raitt, C B, to be Major-Gen, vice Sir B T Mahon Sept 4.

Major-Gen R M Ruck. C B, on vacating the appointment of Major-Gen in charge of Administration, Eastern Command, on retires on retired pay Oct 1.

Col temporary Brig-Gen G K Scott-Moncrieff, C B, Director of Fortifications and Works at the War Office, to be Major-Gen Oct 1.

Con J H Cowan, on vacating the appointment of Assistant Director of Fortifications and Works at the War Office, retires on retired pay Oct 1.

Col T D Foster, C B, M V O, on vacating the appointment of Assistant Qrmr-Gen. Staff College, is placed on the Half-pay List Oct 1.

The following officers to be Cols :—Lieut Col J D T Tyndale Biscoe June 6 ; Brevet Col T F B Renny-Tailyour, C S I July 16, 1911.

Lieut H R Ayton, R A, is granted the local rank of Capt while employed with the W African Frontier Force Sept 15.

General Reserve of Officers.

Infantry—C A Booth, late Capt and Hon Major 3rd batt Duke of Edinburgh's Wilts Regt to be Capt. Oct 2; H C Davies, late Lieut Welsh Regt, to be Lieut Oct 2.

Special Reserve of Officers.

Cavalry.

20th Hussars—Sec Lieut on probation J. K. McConnel is confirmed in his rank.

Infantry.

4th Batt Prince of Wales's Own W Yorks Regt Major J L Ellis resigns his commission Oct 2; Sec Lieut on probation F. S. Bastow is confirmed in his rank.

3rd Batt R. Welsh Fusiliers—Capt. C H R Crawshay, R. Welsh Fusiliers. to be Adj Sept 14.

3rd Batt Duke of Wellington's W. Riding Regt M K Young, late Cadet, Uppingham School O T, to be Sec Lieut on probation Oct 1.

4th Batt King's R Rifle Corps—Lieut-Col E W Hale-thwayte relinquishes his commission, and is allowed permission to retain his rank and wear the prescribed uniform Oct 1; Major the Hon J R Bingham O to be Lieut-Col Oct 1.

5th Batt Highland L I—Sec Lieut J G B P Graham to be Lieut Sept 6.

Royal Army Medical Corps.

No. 18 Field Ambulance—Capt W F Munro, M B, 2nd E Lancs F A, R A M C, T F, to be Capt Oct 2.

Admiralty, 30th September.

In accordance with the provisions of His late Majesty's Order in Council of 9th October, 1903—Paymaster-in-Chief George James Clow has this day been placed on the Retired List at his own request. The Reverend Charles Lansley Waller, B. A., has this day been appointed Chaplain in His Majesty's Fleet.

Admiralty, 1st October.

In accordance with the provisions of order in Council of 1st April, 1851—Staff-Surgeon George Rose, M. B., B. A., has been allowed to withdraw from His Majesty's Naval Service with a gratuity Dated 1st October. Chief Carpenter James Fuller has been promoted to the rank of Carpenter Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 17th September

Admiralty, 2nd October.

In accordance with the provisions of Order in Council of 22nd February, 1870—Commander Frederick William Talbot-Ponsonby has been placed on the Retised List. Dated 27th September.

In accordance with provisions of His late Majesty,s Order in Council of 19th March, 1908—Engineer Commander Robert St. John Raper has this day been placed on the Retired List with permission to assume the rank of Engineer Captain.

Royal Naval Reserve.

In accordance with the Regulations for the Royal Naval Reserve, the undermentioned Lieutenants have been placed on the Retired List:—Lionel Frank Redford, George Henry Wheeler and Dated 30th September.

Admiralty, 3rd October.

In accordance with the provisions of Orders in Council of 22nd February, 1870, and 28th November, 1887—Lieutenant John Barff Hancock has this day been allowed to assume the rank of Commander on the Retired List. Surgeon John Herbert McDowall, M B, has been promoted to the rank of Staff Surgeon in His Majesty's Fleet, Dated 23rd May.

War Office, 4th October.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the disbandment of the Flintshire Battery of the 3rd Welsh Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, Territorial Force, and of the formation of a battery, Royal Field Artillery, by the Territorial Force Association for the county of Chester, to be designated the 3rd Cheshire Battery, 3rd Welsh Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, Territorial Force.'

War Office, 4th October.

Regular Forces.

Commands and Staff.

Captain Walter M. St. G. Kirke, Royal Artillery, to be a General Staff Officer, 3rd grade, at the War Office, vice Captain M. M. Haldane, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment). Dated 24th September.

Captain Robert M. Campbell, The Army Service Corps, to be a Staff Captain at the War Office, vice Captain H. F. P. Percival, D. S. O.. The Army Service Corps. Dated 1st October.

Establishments.

'Staff College,' Captain Harold F. P. Percival, D.S.O., The Army Service Corps, from a Staff Captain at the War Office, to be a Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, and is granted the temporary rank of Major while so employed, in succession to Colonel T. D. Foster, M. V. O. Dated 1st October.

Schools of Electric Lighting, Captain John R. Garwood, Royal Engineers, to be a Chief Instructor, vice Major H. G. K. Wait. Dated 6th September.

Cavalry.

4th (Royal Irish) Dragoon Guards, Major Edward Richards retires on retired pay. Dated 5th October.

Captain Gerald B. Lamont to be Major. Dated 5th October.

Infantry.

The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), Lieutenant Reginald S. I. Friend to be Captain. Dated 7th September.

3rd Battalion, The Dorsetshire, Regiment, Second Lieutenant (on probation) Bernard L. Paget relinquishes his commission. Dated 5th October.

3rd Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, Captain Cyril H. Frith, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry to be Adjutant. Dated 17th September.

3rd Battalion, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, George Loch, late Captain. The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, to be Captain. Dated 5th October.

5th Battalion, The King's Royal Rifle Corps, Lieutenant Charles Capel resigns his commission. Dated 5th October.

The Manchester Regiments, Second Lieutenant (on probation) Frederick W B Sergeant is confirmed in his rank.

4th Battalion, The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment), Captain William Jervis Locker, retired pay, to be Major. Dated 5th October.

The Durham Light Infantry, Vincent Uzielli Bloor, late Cadet Corporal, Wellingborough Grammar School Contingent, Officers Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant (on probation.) Dated 5th October.

3rd Battalion, The Durham Light Infantry, John Russell Gales to be Second Lieutenant (on probation). Dated 5th October.

HIGH COURT—OCT. 19.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)

After the Chamber matter is over.

Long Causes.

204-12	Jehangir M and S Mahomed Hossein Jan Mahomed vs Suleman Joosub Sme B and Co
698-12	Subnis and G, Rai Bahadur Ghanashsam Nilkant Nadkarni vs Mariambai Bhai Shanker
644-08	Payne Vithoba Sobhana vs Dhondiba Panduji Smetham B and Co.
668-12	Patell and E Memon Ali Mahomed Vali vs Tayab Haji Karim Mulji D and Co
692-12	Dubash and P Bhanitam Nagarmal vs Gopalji Pragji Bhimji and Co.
791-11	Bicknell S N Chandabhoy and Co vs B D Patell Vacha and Co.
890-10	Malvi Tea Indian Agency Co J W vs Jhiprasha Tarachand Dikshit.
407-12	Malvi Sharma Suripal vs Hamirmal Ratanchand Chitnis.
825-12	Captain J M Lali vs The B B and C I Railway Co—Crawford.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Beaman.)

Long Causes

272-11	Tyabji D and Co Bhagwandas Purushram vs B R Bomanji Mulla and M.
928-11	M B Ghothia P D Panwala vs M C Patel.
616-12	Patell and E C B Painter vs D P Todiwala Chit M and K.
819-12	D J Mantri R A Joshi vs Ronna Dolla—Edg G W and Co.
518-12	Kanjee and S G H Valji vs Gopalji Bhikari das—Manch and N and Sham M and H.
167-12	Capt and V Khimji Mathuradas vs Ranchordas K Hansji And H D and Co
611-12	Little and Co. V V Thakoor, vs T B Wagh eme B and Co.
59-09	Payne and Co. Keshavlal Gordhandas vs Narotamdas Gordhandas Mart J and M, Malvi, and Payne.
572-11	Payne and Co Suleman Jaffer Mistry vs Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed Edg G. W and Co. and Payne and Co.
868-11	Wadia G and Co A K Irani vs N B Wagle M B Ghothia.
617-11	In Person S B Barde vs Bai Kamlabai Kanga and S.
391-12	Bhai K and G Keshavji Ramji vs Damodar Ramji Wadia G and C.
1024-11	Patel and E Wasudev Bhasker vs Basil N Lang Khim L and M Jeh G and B Payne and Co
1147-10	Edg G W and Co M K Kolhare vs Satya bhambai widow Jeh M and S
673-11	Bhai K and G The Baroda Spg and Wg Co Ld vs The Satyanarayan Marine Fire Ins Co Ld Hiralal and Co
227-12	Subnis and G Draupadibai vs Rajaball Currimbux Sme B and Co
804-12	Unwalla P and G Sidick Haji Allarakhia vs Motichand and Devidas Edg G W and Co
217-11	Dubash and P Gulam Hoosenally vs B D Sethna. In Person (a Pauper)
890-12	Subnis and G Krishnarao Gopalrao vs The Bank of Bombay Crawford B and Co.
1182-10	Sme B and Co D F Survey vs D R Bhatkar Dubash and P.
618-12	Dubash and P D R Bhatkar vs Waghji Shamji Ragh N and Co
150-12	Subnis and G. Krishnabai Mahadeo Mohite vs G M Mohite Sham M and H.
607-10	Bhai K and G Govindji Ganji vs Padamsey Velji and others.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton).

Long Causes.

190-12	Tyabji D and Co A Tyabji vs Abdul Rehman Gulam Mohedin Shaikh Bhoon Cap and V.
241-12	Payne and Co M P Mehta vs Hormusji Sorabji Ard H D and Co.
271-12	Madhk and C R D Sethna vs Bhojabhai Allarakhia Payne and Co.
295-12	Mehta and D Jivan Ramchandra vs Purshotum Bamji Moti and D.
346-12	Chiz M and K Ahmed Jamal vs Mohomad Hossein Macha and others Ard H D and Co.
330-12	Mehta and D Hafizbai vs Sallimbai D J Mantri.
892-11	Vachha and Co. Mohanlal Kalidas vs G E Bhagat E lg G W and Co.
1023-11	Malvi H M and R Muzlidhar Shankerlal Alias Gangaram Tanvala vs Gobar Nagji and Co Bhai K and G.
79-12	Malvi H M and R Bhoraj Baldeodas vs Birdichand Prithviraj and an other Payne and Co.
762-11	Dub and P Jewan Morar vs Jamnadas Valji Subnis and G.
880-11	Jam E and Sha Heera Varjang vs Bavgji Framjee In Person.
487-12	Bhimji and Co. Chhaganlal Narandas vs Manekial Narandas.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

WHAT FATHER SAID.

Jack—"What did her father say when he entered the room and found his plump daughter sitting in your lap?" Tom—"He remarked that I had taken a great deal on myself."

SAYINGS IN ENGLISH COURTS.

"One of the bets," explained a Warrington constable, in charging a bookie, "was 6d. to win on The Policeman."

A farmer who sued his son for threats at Cootehill Petty Sessions complained that he was compelled by his wife to sleep in the hen-roost.

George Hills (a witness at Redditch):—"I fixed the day by a fight I saw, because I was enquiring if anyone had seen a man with a big eye after it."

"You are summoned for not sending your girl to school," said the Enfield magistrate. "May it please your worship," replied the defendant, "my girl is a boy."

"I am not going to compete with you; you possess all the qualities of winner, said the Tottenham magistrate to a talkative woman the other day.

When asked why he did not surrender to his bail, a man at Brentford said :—Well, I thought there was 'time' a head, so I see 'Bill, ye'd better' op it, and I 'opped it.

After being fined for allowing two donkeys to stray, a man reminded the Farnham magistrates that ever since the time of Saul, the son of Kish seem had been fond of straying.

If you go to the county court you can get damages the Brentford magistrate told a man who complained of a dog bite. I've had damage enough already, replied the applicant.

Mr. D'Eyncourt (at Clerkenwell)—You are entitled to turn your mothers-in-law out if you don't want her, and to keep her out. An Englishman's home is still supposed to be his castle.

Mr. Galhorne Hardy (in the £3,000,000 arbitration case of the National Telephone Company):—It seems to me that I shall be in Paradise before this case is finished. The Solicitor-General—Oh I hope not.

A young policeman giving evidence in a London burglary case was so excited that he accidentally said, "Please, your worship, I was the only person present in the house except another constable, who was outside."

"I haven't done any work and I don't intend ever to do any more. They have had the best of my days in prison, and they will have to keep me for the rest of my life," said a burglar at the London Sessions.

An elderly man with a grey beard, when charged at Tottenham with being drunk, pleaded that his father and mother were dead. The Magistrate—"Poor boy! So are mine, but that is no excuse for getting drunk."

HE WAS WRONG.

"Good morning," said the demure maiden, entering the grocery store on the corner. "Do you keep oranges?"

"No, miss," replied the grocer.

The girl started for the door and had almost reached it when the facetious fellow called out. "We don't keep 'em; we sell 'em."

But he didn't sell her any, so he did keep them.

NOT EVEN SANDY.

Willford was sitting upon his father's knee, watching his mother arranging her hair.

"Papa hasn't any Marcel waves like that," said the father laughingly.

Willford, looking up at his father's bald pate, replied, "No, no waves; it's all beach."

NEARLY, BUT NOT QUITE.

"You missed it, sir."

The gamekeeper spoke dismally; he'd said nothing else all the morning.

At that moment a rabbit sat up about five feet from the sportsman and casually looked round. Up went the sportsman's gun; there were two terrific bangs. Then—

"Did I hit him?" I asked the shot eargerly.

The keeper scratched his head. He wanted to tell the truth, but, the same time, he didn't want to lose his job.

"Not 'xactly hit 'im, sir," he said wisely. "I can't say that. But I never saw a rabbit wuss scared."

A FALSE ALARM.

"You ought to have seen Mr. Marshall when he called upon Dolly the other night," remarked Johnny to his sister's young man, who was taking tea with the family. I tell you he looked fine sitting there alongside of her with his arm.—

Johnny! gasped his sister, her face the color of a boiled lobster.

Well, so he did, persisted Johnny. He had his arm—

John! screamed his mother frantically.

Why, whined the boy, I was—

John, said his father sternly, leave the room!

And Johnny left, crying as he went, I was only going to say that he had his army clothes on."

IN BRIDAL ARRAY.

Passing through the East-End of London a countryman observed a great crowd of coster, wiv their fevvers and peelies, watching a young couple entering a church, obviously with the intention of committing matrimony.

Feeling inquisitive and wondering who the couple were to command the presence of so many of their clan, the countryman turned to an urchin near by :—

Sonny, said, he, who is it being married?

The small boy solemnly scratched his head for a full minute, as though contemplating his reply.

"Well, guv'nor," he remarked at length, "I ain't puffeely sure, but I fink it's that bloke and the gal wot a dressed up like ambones!"

Then the countryman subsided.

COOKED OR UNCOOKED.

The writer was a new hand and the customer a short, diminutive women. She gave her order and then tried to settle down on her chair so that her feet could reach the floor. In this, however, she was not successful, so she added another order to her first.

And bring me a hassock she said.

The waiter paused for a moment and meditatively brushed first the tablecloth and then his fringe. He rearranged the glasses several times, and went red in the face. Eventually he scanned the menu.

Yes madam, he replied at last. And will you—er—have the hassock broiled or fried?

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

A guest at an hotel took a kindly interest in a bright-faced page boy who had answered his summons very promptly.

What is your name, my boy? he enquired.

They call me Billiard Cue, replied the youth.

Billiard Cue! And why is that?

Because I work so much better with a good tip!

CAN YOU?

Before Miss Mary went away for her summer holiday somebody asked her when she was going and how long she would be away. And this is what she said:—

When it is the day after to-morrow I shall start a week from yesterday, and I'm not coming back until the day before five weeks after a fortnight and three days before the day after a couple of days before I start.

How long will Mary be away? Can you figure it out?

ABSOLUTELY MARVELLIOUS.

On the village green the cricket match was in full swing. The swift bowler—the blacksmith when at home had sent down one of his extra three-star specials.

Not fearing, the batsman stepped out to drive it to the Arctic regions. With a mighty flourish, he swung his bat at it. But, alas! he merely tipped it, and it went high into the slips. The man in the slips, happening to be awake at the moment, put out his hand and the ball found its way therein.

Ow's that, umpire? he yelled triumphantly.

The umpire was an old man, who had'nt seen a cricket match for years. He gazed and gazed and gazed at the man in the slips; finally he spoke.

Absolutely marvellous! was his comment.

Then the sun came out from behind a cloud.

THE FREEZING LIMIT.

An American and a Scotsman were discussing the extent of frost experienced in the north of Scotland.

Why, it's nothing at all compared to the cold we have in the States, said the American. I recollect one winter when a sheep, jumping from a hillock in a field, became suddenly frozen on the way and stuck in the air like a lump of ice.

But, man, explained the Scotsman, the law of gravity wouldn't allow that!

I know that, said the American ; but the law of gravity was frozen, too!

Two Points about the

MICHELIN

"Semelle"

The Original Non-Skid.

I. The non-skid tread is an actual part of the cover—not an attachment.

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A Lecture delivered BY LT.-COL. CULLIE, I.M.S.

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DR. McPHAEL'S

NERVO-VITALO PILLS

For Brain Fag, Nerve Exhaustion, General Debility and Excess of any kind.

The ingredients selected for the composition of those Pills are Domina, Coca, Muirapuama, Saw Palmetto, Gold Chloriela, and Picli, which are calculated to give the best and most lasting results, WITHOUT the reactionary effects followed from the employment of such drugs as Strychnine and Phosphorous.

Full details and instructions with each bottle.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Pharmaceutical and Biological Association Stores, NEW YORK and LONDON.

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TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

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O. C. B. WIMBUSH, *Manager*.

AGENTS WANTED.
Address: Grahams Buidings.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON OCT. 17.] [BOMBAY, OCT. 18

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pkts.	Chnge.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	73 3-16	1-16	
do. Rentes ...	89 3-4	un chgd	
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	90 1-2	un chgd	
3 do. Gov. Securities...	83 1-2	1-16	
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	29 5-8	1-16	
do. 2 months' cence...	29 7-16	1-16	
Bar silver in New York ...	53 1-2	1-8	
Exchanges on London at Paris ...	25·25	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin...	20 48		1-2
do. do. New York ...	4·85 3-8		1-4
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	5	since	
do. Short London Bills	17th Oct		
3 months' sight ...	3 3-4	un chgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	4 5-8	un chgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 1-8	1-8	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 3-8	1-4	
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2	4	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 1-4	3-4	

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 15-16.
Closing Tone of Silver—China buying.
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £ 175,000.

COUNCIL BILLS—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS:—
Bills on Madras .....Rs. 10,0.0 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
Bills on Calcutta.....Rs. 20,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
The Bank of England rate of discount is now 5 per cent.
The French Bank rate of discount is now 5 1-2 per cent.
The Bombay mails of the 5th instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday afternoon.
THE BANK OF ENGLAND returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Total Bullion ...£	7,60,,000	Dec. £ 300,000
Public Deposits ...£	9,4..,0.0	Dec. £1,00,0..0
Other Deposits ...£	4,3.0,000	Inc. £ 5.0,000
Government Securities ...£	3,0 ,0.0	Dec. £ 3,0,,0.0
Other securities ...£	3,5 ,,000	Inc. £ 6 9,000
Notes and Gold ...£	27,400,000	Inc. £ 20,.,00

The Bank's Reserve is 49 per cent. of the Liabilities.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Steady good business done
Futures ... Barely—Steady
Manchester ... Steady with a moderate demand
Total Sales ... 10,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 80 "
Imports ... 25,000 "
Mid-American ... 0·89 + 04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 9-32nd chgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5 84	5 79	5 79	5 80	5 82
+02	+03	+04	+02	+02
Mar.-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May-June	June-July.	
5·88	5·86	5·89	5·86	
+02	+02	+02	+01	

New York 11 a.m., Dec. 10·25 Mar. 10·32
New York official Noon call Dec. 10·34 Mar. 10·20
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 10·69 Mar. 10·86.

NEW YORK— Sales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 77,000
" Receipts at " last year ... 7 ,00
" Exports to Great Britain ... 9,0.0
" Exports to Continent ... 18,.0
" Spot Cotton ... 10 5 unchgd

Futures—Month of Dec. 10 31+04 } Advanced early on favourable cables and declined later owing to receipts running above expectations.
Futures—Month of Mar. 10·30 + 02

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 10 11-16—1-16
Futures month of Dec. ... 10·6 unchg
Futures month of Mar. ... 10·84 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat White Karachi ... ... 40 1-2+1-4
Do. Months ... ... Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi 40
Do Months— ... Nov.-Dec. London—Sellers

SOUTH AMERICAN.
Rosario Santa Fe Cliba, ... } Unchgd
Do. Month— ...
Barletta Russo 62 1-2 lbs ... }

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian ... ... 38 3-4—3-4
Do Months ... Jan.-Feb.—Sellers

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... 47 3-4—2
Do. Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports— Antwerp—Dono

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 57 1-4—1 1-4
Do Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
Do Name of Ports.—Antwerp Done
Linseed Calcutta ... ... Not received.
Do Months ... ... Oct.-Nov.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 51 3-4 4-4
Do. Months— ... Oct.-Nov.
Do Name of Ports—Rotterdam—Value

COTTONSEED.—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-19-0 unchgd
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Sellers

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 15 1-8 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber... ... ... 4 6 —1-2
Oct.-Nov.—Done—Easier

METALS—
Copper Braziers G M C ... £ 83—1-2
Yellow Metal ... d 7 3-8
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 81 7-8—1-2

FREIGHTS—
Coals—Cardiff to Bombay Canals...15s 6d—Nominal

ARRIVALS:—
" Altmark "

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F
India (Double bags) ... 12 6 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec. —Sellers.
Tone—Very slow
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F
India ... ... 12 2 1-4—3-4d
Do Months of Shipments ...Nov Dec.—Sellers
Tone—Moderate business at rather easier rates
German Sugar 88 p.c ... 9 6 1-4 unchgd
Months of Shipments ... Oct—Sellers
9 10 1-4—Unchgd—May—Sellers
Tone—Fair demand at steady rates

SAR & Similar Crystal C & F
India ... ... 13 7 1-2 unchgd
Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.—Sellers
Tone.—Little doing
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 1 1-2 unchgd
Months of Shipments ... Nov.—Value.
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar Tone—Firm. Prices unchgd

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [18TH OCT. 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
12 Boxes Gold Bain	7,14,240	London	National Bank
1 Box Gold Bain	37,500	do	Russo-Asiatic Bank
1 Box Gold Bain	38,400	do	do Bombay Bank
Sovereigns ...	37,500	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 16th Oct. 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	13	15,860
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	21	23,994

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—
Bank of England rate since 17th Oct., 1912 5 p. c.
Bank of France " " 17th " " 3 1-2 "
Bank of Germany " " 14th June " 4 1-2 "
Bank of Bombay " " 3rd Oct. " 4 "
Bank of Bengal " " 3rd " 5 "
Bank of Madras " " 9th July " 4 "

EXCHANGE:—
The market continues firm and rates are unchanged at 1s 4 1.16d. T.T., 1s 4 3-32d. on Demand, and 1s. 4 3-32d. for 4 months' sight Credits for all deliveries up to January. There has been a moderate enquiry for Bank remittance, but 3 months' sight bills are still scarce. Far Eastern rates are steadier.

We quote:—

T.T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Drafts	...1s. 4 1-16d. to 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 11-32d. Feb.
Do. do Francs	...171 3-4
Do. do Marks	...189 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...152
Shanghai "	...212 1-2
Japan "	...160 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—
The market opened quiet at 95 13-16 for Cash and 95 11-16 for the Settlement, and declined 1-8 during the day. A moderate business is reported, and at the close rates are steady as under.

We quote:—

Cash	...	Rs. 95 12 0
Settlement	...	" 95 10 0

BULLION:—
A rise of 1-16 in the rates for ready and forward bar silver is advised in the London market yesterday, the quotations now being 29 5-16 for ready and 29 7-16 for two months' delivery. New York was 1-8 up at 53 1-2. The local market has been quiet but steady with only a small business passing and rates for ready and forward are as under. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs. 28 14 9
Australian " ...	...	" 28 14 9
Sovereigns " ...	...	" 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready ...	...	" 74 1 0
1st Settlement ...	...	" 74 3 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	" 74 7 0
Silver (comm duty)		
Ready ...	...	" 83 7 0
1st Settlement ...	...	" 83 9 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	" 83 13 0

COUNCIL BILLS:—
At the Weekly Biddings on Wednesday last for 60 lakhs, allotments were made of 44·30 lakhs Bills and 15·70 lakhs T.T., tenderers at 1s. 4 1-16d. and 1s 4 3-32d. respectively receiving 12 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening last was 60 lakhs and for next week 60 lakhs is again offered.

The steamer which left London on the 27th Sept. and arrived to-day with the mails of the 4th October brings £ 20,000 silver and £120,000 on gilt for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta ...	...	...Rs. 51,80,000
Bombay ...	...	... " 18, 0,000
Madras ...	...	... " 9,50, 00
Total...		... " 80,00,000

The steamer which left London on the 4th Oct. and comes with the mail of the 11th October brings £280,000 silver, £110,000 bar gold and £10,000 Sovereigns for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills.

Calcutta ...	...	...Rs. 42,90,000
Bombay ...	...	... " 11,60,000
Madras ...	...	... " 1,70,000
Total...		... " 57,00,000

The steamer which left London on the 11th October and comes with the mail of the 18th October brings £ 0,000 silver, £ 50,000 bar gold and £10,000 Sovereigns for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills.

Calcutta ...	...	...Rs. 22,10,000
Bombay ...	...	... " 13,20,000
Madras ...	...	... " 9,80,000
Total...		... " 45,10,000

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay, for the last week, as compared with the previous one:—

LIABILITIES—	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.
Public Deposits	.....	5,59,000
Other Deposits	.....	1,16,000
Sundries	35,000	.....
ASSETS—		
Government Securities ...	.....	2,55,000
Other Authorised Securities	Unchanged.	
Credits on Govt. and other Authorised securities...	.....	2,60,000
Loans on Govt. and other Authorised Securities ...	1,67,000	.....
Bills Discounted and Purchased	7,05,000	.....
Bullion	.....	30,000
Balance with other Banks,	.....	99,000
Sundries	26,000	.....
Cash	.....	1,96,000

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales 1912.	Bales. 1911.	Bales Differences.
Receipts for the week	6,119	8,020	— 1,901
Receipts from 1st to 17th Oct....	9,739	16,632	— 6, 9
Shipments for the week ...			
Europe ...	16,658	4,139	+12,529
China ...			
Japan ...	700	353	+ 347
Coast Ports ...			
Total...	17,358	4,482	+12,876
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 17th Oct.			
Europe ...	17,503	4,456	+13,047
China ...	.....	.....	.....
Japan ...	2,500	330	+ 2,170
Coast Ports ...	61	3·8	+ 1·3
Total...	20,519	5,139	+15,3·0
Afloat in Harbour—			
Europe ...	Nil	175	— 175
China ...			
Japan ...	377	390	— 13
Coast Ports ...			

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st October 1911 to 30th September, 1912 39,991 bales.
Total exports from Bombay, by B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st to 5th Oct. 1912, 63·0 bales.
Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous season:—

.....	Total for the week	Total since 1st Oct. 1912.	Total same time last year.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	.....	.....	3
Oomrawuti India... ...	.....	.....	6
Sarseo and Nagur ...	166	304	338
Berar	.....	.....	237
Central Provinces ...	174	278	215
Total Comras ...	330	582	799
Dholleras	97	135	1,190
Broach	.....	.....	.....
Ompta and Dharwar.	1,14	1,826	5,634
Westerns	1, 96	3,109	
Bengals (N.-W. Provinces)	2,3.1	3,0·2	2,578
Bengals, (Baijputana)	.....	49	1,178
Sind	176	186	1,178
Persian	6	55	79
American	339	a 554	270
Egyptian	.....	94	.....
Other sorts	39	39	4,·55
Total ...	6,119	9,768	16,482

a Or 435 original bales of American Cotton imported since 1st October 1912.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October, 1912.	300,000 a
Receipts from 1st October, 1912, to 17th Oct, 1912	9,738
	309,738
Less Shipments from 1st October, 1911, to 17th Oct ,1912 ...	2 ,51
	289 219
Less Afloat	377
	288 842
Less Estimated mill consumption ...	51,000
	683
Less up-country by rail	
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands on 17th Oct, 1912 ...	237,209
Difference since last week ...	—23,065

a Approximate subject to revision.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—
Political uneasiness has played a conspicuous part in the course of the cotton markets at home during the past week. The unloading of stocks on the continental Bourses and the Stock Exchange following the declaration of war by Montenegro and the confused and perplexing state of affairs in the Balkans, have had a depressing effect on cotton and the market has declined sharply under the influence of long liquidation. Considerable nervousness still exists and it is possible we may see lower prices in the near future. At the same time there is nothing in the position of cotton in itself to warrant a decline. The demand is good and many spinners are taking advantage of the lower prices ruling to effect purchases. A reaction appears inevitable as soon as the political outlook becomes more reassuring, and the conclusion of peace between Turkey and Italy is a step towards the Balkan complications being confined to adjustable limits. The home market is also steady and the decline has been checked, if only temporarily.

The following are comparison of prices in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday morning and to-day:—

New York—	Last week.	This week.	Differences.
Futures Dec. ...	10·79	10·34	—·45
" Mar. ...	10 93	10·60	—·33
Spot ...	11·10	10·75	—·35
New Orleans—			
Futures Dec. ...	10·95	10·67	—·28
" Mar. ...	11· 6	10 84	—·22
Spot ...	10 7-8	10 11-16	—3-16
Liverpool—			
Futures Nov.-Dec..	5·95	5·79	—·16
" Feb.-Mar...	5·98	5·82	—·16
Spot ...	6··6	6·09	—·17

Ready cotton has moved very slowly. Mills are buying quite by, picking up only cheap lots for their actual requirements. Prices are easier and show a tendency to decline owing to the poor demand New Crop Bengals are coming in slowly.

Reports regarding the growing crop are much the same as last week. Light rain has fallen in some parts, but further rain is required in the Berars, Central Provinces and Khandeish. The plants in these districts are showing bolls rapidly ripening. Rain is reported in Kathiawar which has been beneficial to the crop, and the plants are flourishing. Rain is also reported in the Barsi districts, but insufficient. The Bengal and Punjab Crops are progressing satisfactory, but slight damage is reported in places by insects. The Southern crops are doing well.

In the local market we have also witnessed a sharp fall in prices. Last Friday good Broach stood at Rs. 295 and from this point the market declined to Rs 281. The drop was due partly to unfavourable news from home, and partly to up-country dealers having come into the market as sellers. There has been a fair enquiry from Japan and a moderate business has been put through in fine Khamgaon Akola and other Oomra styles for January and in fine M. G. Bengal December and January. There has certainly been more life in the market, though the Continent still holds back and is not likely to buy at present prices. For the last day or two the market has been steadier and good drosch opened to-day at Rs. 285-6.

Later.

A small business has been done during the day. An export house is reported to have bought fine Khamgaon Akola January at Rs. 274. Bengals are rather easier with sellers, but few buyers.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	293-4 March
Good M. G. Broach	Rs.	285 1-2 "
Fine M.G. Wardha-Ringunghat	"	2 6 Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	"	281 "
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	"	276 "
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	"	273-4 "
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	"	264 "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	254 "
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	252 "
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	253 Dec.
" "	"	266 Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	"	238 Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—
Opening Tone ... ... Dull.
Estimated Sales ... ... 10,000 bales
Total Imports ... ... 14,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·84	5·79	5·79
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr
5 80	5 82	5 88
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd
Apr May.	May-June.	June. July.
5· 5	5·86	5 ·6
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd

FREIGHTS.

The market is firm. A moderate business has been done, but the high rates asked are restricting business. The following is reported:—
ANTWERP.—About 700 tons ready at 17s.
HAMBURG.—300 tons October at 22s. 6d. to 23s. seeds cotton.
DUNKIRK.—500 tons November light seeds at 21s. 6d. seeds cotton at 22s. 6d.
HULL.—1,000 tons November-December at 20s. 6d. light seeds and 22s. to 22s. 6d. seeds cotton.
THE HANSA LINE.—Booked 250 tons monthly January to June at 21s. light seeds, 23s. seeds cotton.
About 1,500 ore has been done for November-December at 25s. 6d.
The following are rates:—

	October.	
ANTWERP	... 20s. 6d. lht. sds.	22s. 6d. sds. cotton
DUNKIRK	... 22s. "	25s. "
GENOA	... 22s. "	25s. "
LEGHORN-MARSEILLES	... 20s. 6d. "	22s. 6d. "
TRIESTE-VENICE...	22s. "	24s. cotton
HULL	...21s. light cargo.	

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

There has been little business doing in these markets. The continued dispute between buyers and sellers over the question of arbitration seems to be no nearer settlement.

LINSEED:—
The market has been quiet and with less favourable news from the home markets prices have given way.
We quote:—
Ready ... ...Rs. 9 3 6 B.T.
December ... ... " 10 2 0 B.T.
April-May, ... " 10 2 0 B.T.

RAPESEED:—
There has been little doing and prices for old crop are rather easier. New Crops rates are steady.
We quote:—
Brown Delhi, Ap-May ... Rs. 8 4 6 B.T.
Ready " Cawnpore ... ... Rs. 7 12 0 B.T.
Yellow " " ... Rs. 8 12 0 "

WHEAT:—
The market has been steady with some business passing and prices are a little higher.
We quote:—
Ready White Pissi 85 p. c. Rs. 5 6 6 B.T.
White Delhi, Ap-May, " 5 8 0 "

GINGELLYSEED:—
A small business has been done and rates close rather easier.
We quote:—
Bold White 85 per cent. Rs. 54 0 0
Small White 15 per cent... " 53 0 0
Black Kutni ... ... " 46 0 0
Ready White Khandeish... " 58 0 0

POPPYSEED:—
The market is quiet and prices are easier.
We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 12 7 0 B.T.

GROUNDNUTS:—
The market is quiet but steady.
We quote:—
Bold Jan.-Feb. ... Rs. 45 8 0
Small " ... " 44 8 0

CASTORSEED:—
A steady market. Prices unchanged.
We quote:—
Ready ... ...Rs. 26 0 0
Do Jan ... ... " 24 8 0

MOWRASEED:—
The market is steady.
We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 8 1 0 B.T.

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the week ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	...	6,119 bales.
Wheat	...	71,491 cwts.
Linseed	...	9,543 "
Rapeseed	...	3,779 "
Gingelyseed	...	10,813 "
Poppyseed	...	237 "
Groundnuts... ...	...	1,896 "
Castorseed	...	27,318 "
Rice	...	77,173 "
Myrabolams... ...	...	3,899 "
Cottonseed	...	2,604 "
Mowrahseed	...	2,·08 "
Gram	...	32,405 "
Joowar	...	14,948 "
Maize	...	2,·85 "
Barley	...	38,140 "

LOCAL YARNS.

The decline in Cotton has caused an easier feeling in this market and only a small business is reported during the week. China buyers are doing little and their enquiry has been limited. There is only an occasional slight demand for 10 and 12's at weakening rates.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.

GREY GOODS.—The market is quiet and we have nothing of importance to advise this week.
WHITE GOODS.—The market continues quiet with little enquiry.
PRINTS AND DYED GOODS.—The market continues steady. Forward business can only be done very sparingly owing to the excessively high prices asked by makers notwithstanding the decline in cotton.
TURKEY RED PRINTS.—The market is quiet with little business doing.
TURKEY RED PLAIN GOODS.—The local market is steady and unchanged. The home market is quiet but prices are steady. No business has been done.
DHOOTIES.—Prices in the home markets are steady. The Bombay market is also steady and we have no change to report.

METALS.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.—The home market has again shown a sharp decline and the market here has also been affected adversely.

COAL MARKET.

The only transaction of note during the week has been the placing of 15,000 tons Powell Duffryn with the G. I. P. Railway.
The forward market for Indian coal remains firm.
Approximate quotations are:—

	Rs.	Forward. Rs.
Powell Duffryn	24	23-10
Ferndale		24
Davieaux W Hartley ...		22
Australian	18-8	
Natal	18-3	
Deesherghur	18	
Jherriah	17-8	

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's quotations for the Burmah Oil Company's productions:—
Ex-Godown Price. Delivery charges extra.

	Rs. a. p.
Kerosine Oil "Waterlily" per case of two tins	5 8 0
Kerosine Oil "Firefly" per case of two tins	4 10 0
Kerosine Oil "Gunkra" per two tins ...	4 0 0
Kerosine Oil "Chunkra" per 8 gallons ...	3 6 0
Kerosine Oil "Victoria" per two tins ...	3 11 0
Kerosine Oil "Victoria" per 8 gallons ...	3 1 0
Burmah Wax per pound, 1st quality ...	0 4 0
Burmah Wax per pound 2nd quality ...	0 3 0
Burmah Candles per pound	0 4 0

The following are the rates ruling to-day for the undermentioned brands of the Asiatic Petroleum Coy., (India), Ld:—

	Rs. a. p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per unit...	3 6 0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair....	4 0 0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3 2 0
Bull Brand New Tins per pair	3 12 0
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3 1 0
Swan Brand New Tins per pair	3 11 0
Anchor Tins per pair	4 2 0
Shell 150 cases per case.....	5 4 0
Anchor cases per case	4 8 0

The following are to-day's rates for the Standard Oil Company's brands:—

			per case.
Snowflake Brand ...150°	American	Rs.	6 0 2
White Rose Brand..150°	American	"	5 12 2
Chester Brand ..... 75°	Abel A'can	"	4 12 2
Devoe's Imp Brilliant 76°	Abel A'can	"	4 8 2
Monkey Brand ...125°	American	"	4 6 2
Tiger Brand ...125°	American	"	4 8 2
White Camelia			per 2 tins
Brand in tins ...125			" 4 0 0
Elephant Brand Bulk in tins ...125°			" 4 0 0
Elephant Brand Bulk without tins125°			per 8 1 gals. " 3 8 0
Camel Brand in tins ,125°			per 2 tins " 4 0 0
Flyer,			

SHARES.

The market has continued to be firm during the week though in some cases at the close they have little declined. Bank of Bombay shares have ruled at and about Rs. 1,760; Bank of Indias are steady at Rs. 66 1-2; Indian Specie Bank shares are quiet at Rs. 75; Bombay Merchants Bank shares are unchanged at Rs. 13; Central Bank shares at Rs. 32 1-2; Eastern Bank shares are steady at Rs. 91 to 92. In press companies, Indian Cotton are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 145; New Mofussil are Rs. 887 1-2; New Berars are quoted at Rs. 575. In mill companies, Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company have declined to Rs. 350; Century have improved to Rs 305; Central Indias, after touching Rs. 2,420, have closed at Rs. 2,40·; Colaba Land and Mill Company shares, after touching Rs. 1,585, have declined to Rs. 1,535; Crescents, after touching Rs. 133 3-4; have declined to Rs. 127 1-2; Currimbhoys have ruled at and about Rs. 1,200; Davids have closed at Rs. 550. Edward Sassoon mill shares, during the earlier part of the week, advanced to Rs. 245 and have later on declined to Rs. 225; Fazulbhoys have kept steady at and about Rs. 565; Finlay have declined from Rs. 470 to Rs. 427 1-2; Howard and Bullough mill shares have been put through at Rs. 500; Jamsheds have declined from Rs. 305 to Rs. 300; Kohinoor have closed quiet at Rs. 870; Luxmi Cotton at Rs. 1,475; Madhavjee Dharamsey mill shares at Rs. 1,610. Manockjee Petits have ruled at and about Rs. 2,260; New Great Eastern after touching Rs. 315, have declined to Rs. 307 1-2 New City of Bombay are quiet at Rs. 1,120; Phoenix have improved to Rs. 155; Sassoon mill shares to Rs. 555; Standards have declined to Rs. 1,515; Sun Mill shares are at and about Rs. 155; Swan mill shares have closed at Rs. 310; Swadeshis are at and about Rs. 1,920. In miscellaneous companies, Bombay Burma Trading Corporation have changed hands at Rs. 556 1-4; Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited ordinary shares are unchanged at Rs. 173 and Preference shares have changed hands at Rs. 134; Bombay Steam Navigation Company ordinary shares have declined to Rs. 287 1-2 and Preference shares to Rs. 290; Kemps have changed hands at Rs. 172; Macneills at Rs. 103; Port Canning and Land Improvement Company shares are steady at Rs. 780; Shivrajpurs have improved to Rs. 22 1-2; Tata Iron and Steel Company ordinary shares have declined to Rs. 91; Preference shares are unchanged at Rs. 135, and Deferred shares at Rs. 207; Tuckers have changed hands at Rs. 208 to Rs. 211; Telephones at Rs. 61; Trechers have improved to Rs. 525. In Railway Companies, Ahmedabad Prantej have changed hands at Rs. 647 1-2; Amritsar Patris at Rs. 136; Fazilka Valley are quiet at Rs. 575; Ahmedabad Dholkas are unchanged at Rs. 138; Central Provinces at Rs. 73 1-2, and Gujerat Railways at Rs. 1,260. The rest are unchanged at previous quotations.

MANCHESTER WEEKLY REPORT.

Messrs. James F. Hutson and Co., Ltd., write from Manchester, on 26th September, the following weekly report:—

Cotton Figures from August 31st last to last Friday	Bales this year.	Bales last year.
Liverpool Stock. All kinds of cotton	516,060	273,790
Liverpool Stock. American cotton	361,920	182,480
American Del'd Spinners for the week	138,000	192,000
American into sight for the week	343,000	426,000
American into sight for the season	769,000	962,000
Receipts at American Ports ...	581,000	741,000
Visible Supply. All kinds of cotton	2,377,000	1,910,000
Visible Supply. American cotton	1,609,000	1,254,000
Visible Supply. Egyptian cotton	88,000	82,000
Visible Supply. East Indian cotton	106,000	100,000
Visible Supply. Other kinds of cotton	142,000	102,000

Since last week New York spot cotton has declined from 11.90 cents to 11.75, and Liverpool spot from 6.82d. to 6.65, there having been only one change in the former, viz. a decline of 10 cents yesterday, while Liverpool made four; the rather more favourable general accounts of the weather have assisted a small decline, together with the large quantities of new cotton coming into sight, although considerably less than last year.

The reports continue good from Egypt and India concerning the new cotton crops; fine weather had come in most districts in India after copious rains, which was helping the crops splendidly, except in the districts of Khandeish and the Berars. The cotton districts generally were well satisfied with the progress of the new crop.

From China too there is every prospect of a good cotton crop, and all kinds of crops are doing well in that country. When these are marketed, a large amount of money will be forthcoming, which should cause a better business in imports, including piece goods. Meanwhile it is satisfactory to see that exports from this side in cottons are reduced to very small quantities, which fact will assist importers out there to get clear of the large stocks held in Shanghai. Further the reports from that port to the 6th inst. are somewhat assuring, political agitation disappearing gradually, and later on promising a renewal of trade generally.

On the demand side our market for yarns and manufactures continues very steady. There is a very substantial enquiry going on all the time in nearly all classes of goods. Satteens and makes of similar kinds are somewhat depressed owing to the small business doing with China, but nearly all other kinds are doing well. India, which takes about one-third of our turn-out, continues to offer on a substantial scale, but buyers there are suspicious of the present prices of cotton, as well as merchants here. The depression of our market last year (through the heavy arrivals of raw cotton into sight) is remembered, when December saw Liverpool spot at 5.01 and current month at about 4·85d. and a similar experience is also remembered in 1908, the next largest crop year, and although India would buy largely from now to the "Puja" begining October 17th to November 9th, for Calcutta and to the "Divali" on the latter date for Bombay and Karachi, the present rates for cotton goods hold the merchants in check. It would be fortunate for merchants if a reduction even to the prices of the first days of this month should come about, then we should no doubt see a big business for India, safely founded on the results of beneficient and plentiful rains, and consequent bountiful crops. Other eastern markets give yearly increasing support to our market, such as the straits, Java, and we may mention Rangoon, while nearer home Egypt does not appear to recover, and Turkey is not doing her average trade. Of course should any serious misfortune happen to the American cotton crop from storms, floods, etc., it would mean an immediate advance, and under the circumstances the present policy seems to be to buy cautiously for known requirements, but not speculatively, as, on the other hand, if the American crop condition improves, we may decline towards the end of the year.

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings for the week ending 28th Sept. 1912, were Rs. ,,200, making the total earning for the period 1st January 1912 to 28th Sept. 19.2 Rs. 1,42,340.

HOME REMITTANCES

The Treasury, Calcutta, Oct 14.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1912-13	£ 15,500,000
Remitted from 1st April, 1912 to 12th Oct., 1912, by Council Bills a ...	£ 10,880,014
Balance to be remitted from 18th Oct. 1912, to 31st March, 1913 ...	£ 4,619,986

a Of this sum £3,197,100 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

The balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 30th Sept. 1912, in India and in England amounted to £20,138,247, and was held in the following form:—

Rupees in India equivalent to (at £1=Rs. 15)	£ 2,100,000
Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	£ 3,234,107
British and Colonial Government Securities and Corporation of London Bonds (cost price).....	£ 14,849,210
Total	£0,183,317

"Stop taking Drugs and Stimulants! It's

SANATOGEN

You want for your Nerves."

Such is the modern physician's advice to victims of nervous disorders.

In his book on "N

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK

It is definitely settled that Lord Esher will be invited to undertake the preparation of the authorised biography of King Edward. The original choice would have been Lord Knollys, but it is understood that his lordship has asked to be excused, owing to his advanced age and his lack of experience of literary work. Queen Alexandra has entrusted the whole of the private papers of the late King to Lord Esher. It is expected that the book will make its appearance towards the end of next year.

It is understood that steps will shortly be taken to fill the vacancy in the Order of Merit caused by the death of the late Sir Lawrence Alma Tadema, and the choice is expected to lie between Sir Edward Poynter and Sir Luke Fildes. Both have undeniable claims, but the fact that Sir Luke Fildes was selected by the King to paint his State portrait for inclusion in the Royal collection at Windsor may indicate a preference.

To-night their Majesties give their second ball to the gillies and tenants on the Royal estates, and, as usual, a few of the neighbouring shooting tenants or owners of country houses round about have received invitations. The only semblance of State about these functions is the presence of the Balmoral Highlanders, in full dress, with arms and accoutrements, who line the corridors leading from their Majesties' apartments to the ball-room.

The deer-stalking season, which has now come to a close, improved so greatly towards the end that sportsmen got in their last and best week over 1,000 stags out of the 3,000 which have fallen in the forests during the autumn. The King has had fairly good sport on the whole in the forests of Mar and Ballochbuie, but very few royals were secured. Out of a total of ninety shot altogether this season, the Duke of Portland at Langwell holds the record with seven royals. Captain Seymour Combe at Strathconan still heads the list for numbers, eighty stags having been secured by him since stalking began.

Tsar Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who has been chosen to be chief of the allied Balkan States, is supposed to be the best-dressed Sovereign in Europe, and to possess a larger wardrobe than any of his brother monarchs. The 'Little Tsar," as he is called by comparison with his neighbour, the "Big Tsar" (over whom, by the way, he has the advantage of many inches in height), was a personal friend of King Edward, for whom he had the greatest admiration.

It is expected that when the King of Norway arrives in this country next month in order to stay with Queen Maud and Prince Olaf at Appleton Hall, the King will advance him to the rank of Field Marshal in the British Army. At the present time the only rank that his Majesty holds in the British Army is that of Honorary Colonel of the Norfolk Yeomanry.

No Englishman will grudge the memory of Captain Cook the statue which Lord Charles Beresford has just unveiled on the height above Whitby Harbour, but few will be willing to accept him as "the first circumnavigator" and "the father of circumnavigation." Yet these and other things in much the same sense the great eighteenth century sailor has been called by over-zealous speakers and writers within the last few days. It was heroic Ferdinand Magellan who sailed out of Seville in 1519 and first made the circuit of the globe. He never saw his home port again, for he was killed in a brush with some islanders at Mactan in the Philipines; but he had already achieved that which no man had done before. "He would push on, if they had to eat the leather of the rigging." The Straits of Magellan perpetuate his name, and he stood godfather to the Pacific Ocean, Tierra del Fuego, the Ladrones, and much else.

It is an interesting coincidence that Lord Charles Beresford has been to every place which Captain Cook visited, except to the Antarctic. Cook's farthest Southern latitude was 71.10 deg. long, 106.54 deg. W., and it was on the strength of this that contemporary opinion considered disproved the existence of the vast Southern continent of which fables tell. That is the land which another Englishman, Captain Robert Scott, R.N., is now exploring.

The cold snap of early October is ominous for the coming winter, and seems to justify those who are busy prognosticating Arctic conditions between now and next spring. One such bases his forecast on the "exceptionally weak and late flow" this year of the Gulf Stream, that famous current which has for so long been credited with keeping the British Isles comfortably warm when they ought to be as ice-bound as frozen Labrador in the same latitude. This forecast would carry more weight, however, had not another expert, also as a result of his examination of the Gulf Stream, promised us just an average summer for 1912.

Another circular is shortly to be sent out from the War Office laying down how much an officer is to spend each month. In the past these efforts have only led to wholesale resignations, and it is still believed in the Service that the real reason for a certain peer resigning his commission was because of an official complaint respecting the money that he chose to spend upon his stud of polo ponies.

The stealing of the Regent's Park squirrels reminds a Press correspondent that these little beasts are not the only wild things in London that offer a temptation to the professional poacher. All over the town the pigeons disappear whenever the policeman's back is turned. In Gray's Inn Square, quite recently, he saw a rough-looking man feeding the pigeons with bread crumbs. When a large number was busily pecking around his feet he literally fell on his face in their midst, and rising triumphantly, with a struggling bird in his hands, bolted through the passage into Verulam Buildings and disappeared.

When Major Clive Wigram, assistant private secretary to the King, marries towards the end of the year, it is probable that his Majesty will reward his services by the grant of a residence upon one of the Royal estates, and a suitable house for this purpose is now being sought for. Major Wigram was originally selected for his present position by reason of his deep knowledge of India and its affairs. He acted as Aide-de-Camp to two Viceroys—the Earl of Elgin and Lord Curzon—and served for some time in the Indian Army.

The new Wesleyan Church House at Westminster owes a great deal to Sir Robert Perks, who presides at the inaugural meeting there. The idea was his in the first place; he inaugurated and completed the famous Twentieth Century Fund, from which its cost has been defrayed; and he carried through the negotiations for the purchase of the site and the erection of the building. Sir Robert is a lifelong Methodist as his father was before him, and, though one thinks of him nowadays as a great contractor and financier, he began his career as a solicitor, maintaining himself whilst reading law by contributing to newspapers and reviews. Probably the only big scheme to come to nothing in his hands was the building of the Channel Tunnel.

The news that King's College Hospital in Carey-street is to be sold by tender in December consequent on the hospital having been transferred to a south-eastern suburb, does not come as a surprise, but it will be regretted for purely sentimental reasons by thousands of medical men who qualified there. It has no architectural pretensions, and no historic interest, for it was built no longer ago than 1853, on the site of the old Grange Inn, much patronised in its day by the actors of the Duke's Theatre near by. There was a previous King's College Hospital in Carey-street in 1839. If no adequate tender be made in December, a lease for ninty-nine years will be offered, conditionally on £100,000 being spent on new buildings. There are surely possibilities in the site which should make it fully worth the expenditure.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you wise trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76 New Oxford-street London. Established over 35 years.

PRACTICAL ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mothers who are anxious about the artificial feeding of their infants need worry no more.

There is no longer any doubt as to what is the best thing for babies, next to human milk.

A new food element has been discovered which is actually the vital part of mother's milk.

Babies thrive on it as perfectly as if they were breast-fed.

The scientific name of this substance is *soluble milk-albumin*.

When mixed with diluted animal milk—such as cow's milk, buffalo's milk, or goat's milk—it is the same as healthy mother's milk, both in nourishing power and digestibility.

It is being produced on a large scale, and is now obtainable under the name of Albulactin.

AS NOURISHING AS MOTHER'S MILK.

Enthusiastic letters are pouring in every day from doctors and parents who have used it.

The British Medical Journal, the official organ of the British Medical Association, says: "Albulactin has been used extensively for many months past at the large children's hospitals in London, and an English physician of high repute speaks very definitely of the value of Albulactin as a result of practical tests . . .

"Reports indicate that by the use of Albulactin the milk-albumin contents of diluted milk could be made identical with mother's milk."

It is this identity with human milk which makes Albulactin so much better for babies than any other food.

They get from Albulactin-treated animal milk about six times more of that vital body-building nourishment which Nature herself has provided for their growth, health and strength.

AS DIGESTIBLE AS MOTHER'S MILK.

Infants fed on Albulactin-treated milk never have wind, vomiting, diarrhœa or other digestive troubles produced by other methods of feeding.

Mrs. Hart, 10, Cantonments, Amritsar, Punjab, writes: "Your Albulactin is truly wonderful. My little son constantly suffered from digestive troubles and diarrhœa, causing me no little anxiety. On reading your pamphlet I was so interested that I decided to give Albulactin a trial. You will hardly believe me when I say that his weight perceptibly increased from the outset at the rate of 1 lb. per week while Albulactin was given. At seven months he turned the scale at 17 lbs., thus exceeding your chart weight by ½-lb. My little son is now happy and contented. He is neither fat nor flabby, but, on the other hand, finely developed. I am exceedingly grateful for all Albulactin has done, and am recommending it to my friends."

SEND FOR A FREE BOOK.

Every mother who cannot feed her baby should at once buy a bottle of Albulactin, which is sold at all Chemists and Bazaars. She should also write, mentioning this paper, for a Free Guide to infant feeding and management, to Messrs. A. Wulfing & Co. (of London), P.O. Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay.

GRAHAM'S

FIVE CROWN PORT

An Old Tawny Dry Wine.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.

BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK,

REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. KEMP & Co., Limited, &c.

THE GREATEST PROVED MODERN MUSICIANS RECOMMEND THE GREATEST PROVED MODERN

"SCHIEDMAYER" PIANOS.

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THE CELEBRATED COMPOSER, WHOSE PHOTO APPEARS ABOVE, WROTE:—

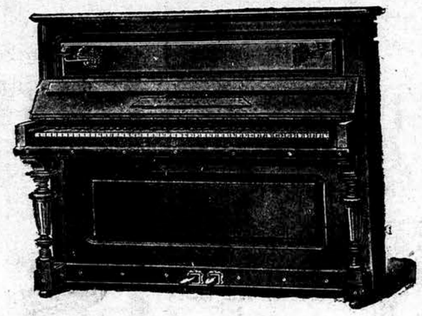
"The Schiedmayer instruments have been a great pleasure to me; the tone is round, fine and powerful; the touch easy and agreeable and the exterior most elegant. I shall not fail to recommend them to my friends and colleagues."

Please carefully note the name

"Schiedmayer Pianofortefabrik."

These Pianos can only be obtained from MARCKS & CO., LD., Bombay and Poona, who are the SOLE AGENTS.

In this space we intend to publish weekly a series of photographs of the Greatest and Most Critically Proved Musicians who have only words of praise for the Greatest and Most Critically Proved "SCHIEDMAYER" PIANOS.



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IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

from any such disease as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OF ANY KIND, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc., don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have to be permanently cured is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER

is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

Here is good proof of its efficacy:—

POISONED FOOT CURED

"Some time ago I had an accident to my left foot (ran a nail into it), it festered, and got so bad that the doctor was called in and said I had poisoned it. For 3 years I was under different doctors and for one year of the three I only went out in a bath chair. Not only during that time did I entirely lose the little toe of my left foot, but a gaping wound came in the inside of the same foot. It was so bad that when I bathed it I fancied I could see the bones. At last I decided to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and with the end of the second small bottle the discharge had stopped, and within a month I could get my foot to the ground. It is as well now as it ever was, of course, very scarred and a toe short, but I am sure I should have been a foot short had it gone on."

"WORTH £5 A DOSE"

"I also recommended it to a Sergeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but at last he did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 187, Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

By reason of its wonderful Blood purifying properties CURES ALL SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Venders throughout the World.

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DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.
(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHORISED ... ... Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED ... ... Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ... ... Rs. 8,62,618
RESERVE FUND (In Govt. Papers)... Rs. 8,50,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt., Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ % p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to
SRI RAM B. A.,
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... ,, 17,350,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
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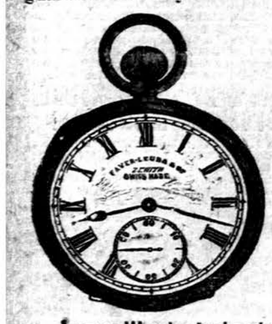

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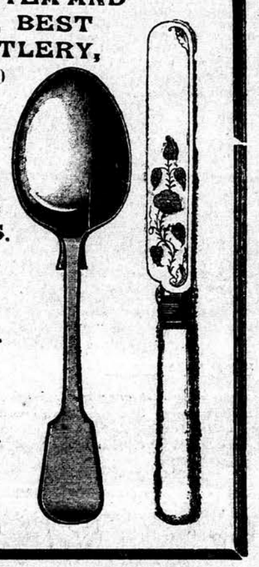

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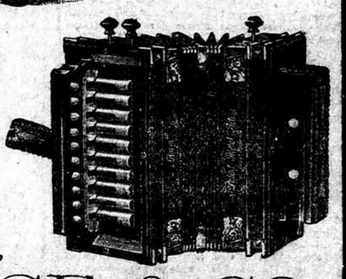

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